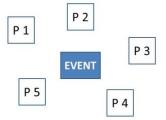
## PROTOCOL 5 PERCEPTUAL ANGLES (active attitudes)

<u>Objective</u>: To look at the event differently

To access different positions => to decrease the load of the shock

To get out of an active limiting attitude



**P1 – Journalist**: 5 senses through the events

**P2 – Athlete:** muscles, movements, through actions

**P3 – Philosopher:** brain, through the thoughts

P4 – Artist: body, through felt feelings

**P5** – **Creator:** delusional, through behaviors

## Patient (P) – Therapist (T)

- 1. P chooses a positive experience. He speaks about it spontaneously. He can describe it.
- 2. T listens to the spontaneous predicates
- 3. T makes a hypothesis on the angle of observation from the 5 possibilities described above.
- 4. Anchor on the floor the 5 attitudes through 5 different experiences (positive or neutral).
- 5. P live again the initial experience of the beginning (step 1) through each anchorage, each attitude.
- 6. P determines which anchorage is the most pleasant and which is the least pleasant.
- 7. P chooses a new experience, this time a negative one and speaks about it with spontaneity
- 8. T pays attention to the predicates
- 9. T makes a hypothesis on the active attitude
- 10. P live again this negative experience through each anchorage, each attitude (P1, P2, P3, P4, P5).
- 11. P determines which anchorage is the most pleasant and which is the least pleasant
- 12. T verifies these hypotheses

## **Options**

- T can draw some conclusions, search for the bio-shock at the origin of the unpleasant sensation at Step 6 and 11
- Go in the most pleasant attitude in Step 6 and define the opposite of this. We can discover the shock at the origin of this possible compensation
- Go in the most unpleasant attitude in Step 11 and imagine this problem in excess. Let emerging the information that might lead you to the bio-shock.
- Observe the negative experience from the inside of the least pleasant anchorage (step 11)