## **Overview of BlueJ's Features**



A program written with BlueJ is referred to as a Project. As you might guess from the following screen, the first two options (New Project and Open Project) will be used frequently.

| 🗇 Blue J   |                        |          |
|--|------------------------|----------|
| Project Edit Took  | s View Help            |          |
| New Project<br>Open Project<br>Open Recent<br>Open Non BlueJ.<br>Close<br>Save | •                      |          |
| Save As<br>Import<br>Create Jar File   | 5                      |          |
| Page Setup…<br>Print…  | Ctrl+Shift+P<br>Ctrl+P |          |
| Quit   | C#I+Q                  | <u>^</u> |
|  |                        |          |

You will use the Save and Save As menu options to store your assignments in the Java Files subfolders, as previously discussed in Lesson 3. Very few of the options on the remaining menus will be used, but familiarize yourself with each menu when you explore on your own.

When you create a new project, use the specific lesson number followed by a meaningful project name, as shown in this example. This project is obviously associated with Lesson 5 and is named Practice.

When a new project is created a document icon will appear, in which you can write program notes about the program.

| 🛃 Blue J: 1.0      | 04 Practice     |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| Project Edit       | Tools View Help |
| New Class> Compile |                 |

| 🛃 Blue J: 1. | 04 Practice                        |
|--------------|------------------------------------|
| Project Edit | Tools View Help                    |
| New Class    |                                    |
| >            | Create a new class in this package |
|              |                                    |
| Compile      |                                    |

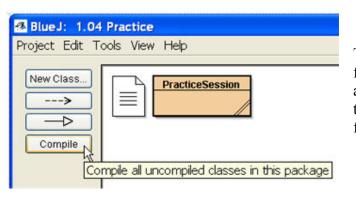
A BlueJ project always consists of one or more classes.

The New Class button is used to create each new class.

Once a new class is named, its icon appears in the projects window.

The diagonal lines indicate that the class needs to be compiled before it can be run.





The Compile button is used to check for syntax errors. If no syntax errors are detected by the compiler, all except two of the diagonal lines will disappear from the class icon.

However, if the compiler detects an error, you will hear an annoying sound and the class icon will appear as follows.

You should get used to this because your programs will contain many errors that need to be fixed.

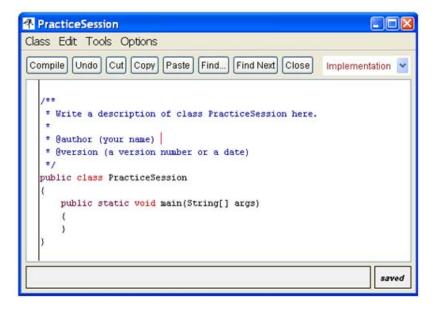


| oject Edit Tools | View Help                        |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| New Class        | Open Editor                      |
| Compile          | Compile <sup>15</sup><br>Inspect |

When a program does not compile, right click once on the class icon and choose the Open Editor option from the pop up menu. The source code will appear in the project window so that you can find the error, fix it, and recompile. As an alternative, you can simply double right click on the class icon to display the source code.

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And, last but not least, once the program compiles correctly, right click on the class icon and choose the highlighted option shown in the popup menu below (void main(String[] args), then click on OK.

If there are no additional runtime errors, the program should execute and produce the desired output.

These are the highpoints of the BlueJ IDE. The Tutorial and Reference Manual go into much greater detail, so consult them if you have questions.