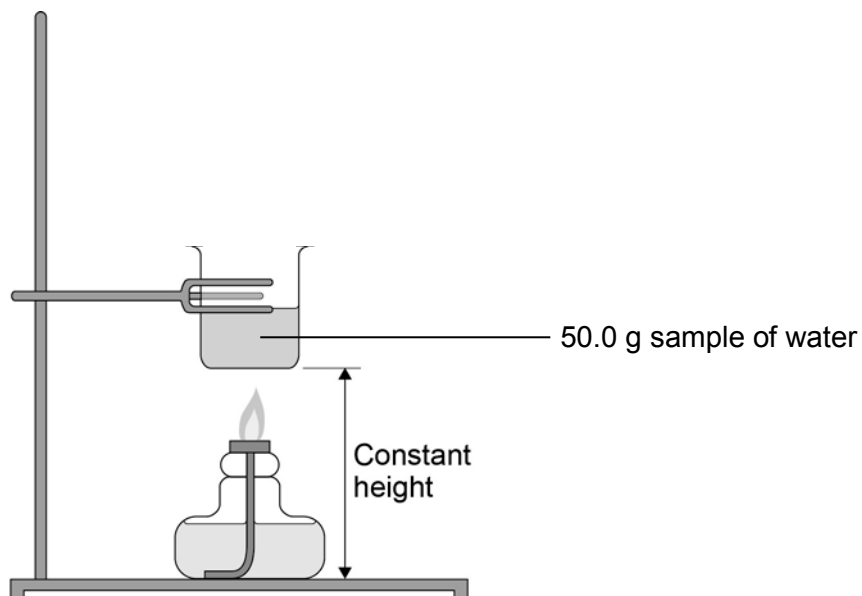


2

Figure 1 shows apparatus used in an experiment to determine the enthalpy of combustion of leaf alcohol.

Figure 1



The alcohol is placed in a spirit burner and weighed. The burner is lit and the alcohol allowed to burn for a few minutes. The flame is extinguished and the burner is re-weighed. The temperature of the water is recorded before and after heating.

Table 1 shows the results obtained.

Table 1

Initial mass of spirit burner and alcohol / g	56.38
Final mass of spirit burner and alcohol / g	55.84
Initial temperature of water / °C	20.7
Final temperature of water / °C	40.8

0 2 . 1

Write an equation for the complete combustion of leaf alcohol ($\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$).

[1 mark]

0 2 . 2

Use the results from **Table 1** to calculate a value for the enthalpy of combustion of leaf alcohol. Give units in your answer.

(The specific heat capacity of water is $4.18 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ g}^{-1}$)

[4 marks]

Enthalpy of combustion = _____ Units = _____

0 2 . 3

State how your answer to Question 2.2 is likely to differ from the value quoted in reference sources.

Give **one** reason for your answer.

[2 marks]

Question 2 continues on the next page

0 2 . 4 A 50.0 g sample of water was used in this experiment.

Explain how you could measure out this mass of water without using a balance.

[2 marks]
