22 Fig. 22 shows a triglyceride molecule found in sunflower oil.

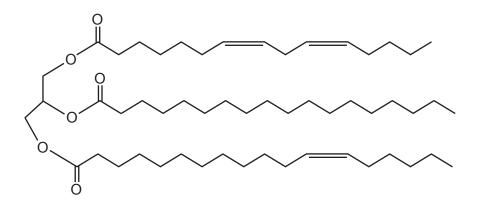


Fig. 22

(a)	On Fig. 22 circle an ester bond.	
	[Answer on Fig. 22]	[1]

(b) Sunflower oil is used to make biodiesel, which contains methyl esters. The fatty acids in the triglyceride molecule are reacted with methanol in a process called transesterification.

After the reaction, two liquid products form which naturally separate from each other. The methyl esters float on top of a more dense liquid.

Name the part of the molecule seen in Fig. 22 that forms this more dense liquid.

[1]

- (c) Living organisms have many uses for triglycerides, one of which is the production of phospholipids.
 - (i) Name three **other** functions of triglycerides in living organisms.

1	
2	
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[3]

(ii) Table 22 shows the melting points of some of the methyl esters made from the transesterification of sunflower oil fatty acids.

Methyl ester	Formula	Melting point (°C)
Methyl sterate	C ₁₉ H ₃₈ O ₂	39.1
Methyl oleate	C ₁₉ H ₃₆ O ₂	-19.9
Methyl linoleate	C ₁₉ H ₃₄ O ₂	-35.0

Table 22

	Describe and explain the pattern of the melting points of these three methyl esters.
	[2]
(d)	Phospholipid molecules also contain fatty acids.
	Explain how the fatty acids in phospholipids allow the formation of membranes.
	[2]

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