Q1: Calculate the nominal rate of interest, compounded quarterly, that's equivalent to 2% per quarterly compounding period.

SOLUTION

We know that the quarterly periodic rate $i_4 = 2\%$.

Therefore, $j_4 = i_4 \times 4 = 8\%$.



Q2: Calculate the monthly periodic rate of interest that's equivalent to the nominal rate of 12% with monthly compounding.

SOLUTION

We know that the nominal rate $j_{12} = 12\%$. Therefore, periodic mothly rate $i_{12} = \frac{j_{12}}{12} = \frac{12\%}{12} = 1\%$. Answer: 1%

Q3: Adam Levine, a mortgage investor, would prefer to earn which of these yields?

4) Adam would be indifferent among these yields 2) j1 = 8.25% 3) j365 = 7.9% 1) j2 = 8%

SOLUTION

Let's convert all these rates to effective to see which one is the highest (we want the highest one because Adam is an investor). We are converting to j1 so we don't need the full NPEPN. We can stop at the NPE.

Ε

Ν 8 7.9 Ν No conversion needed – 2 Ρ 365 Ρ already j1.

Ε

j1 = 8.219507% j1 = 8.16% j1 = 8.25%

Answer: j1 = 8.25%

Q4: The effective annual rate for 7% per annum, compounded semi-annually, is:

- greater than the effective annual rate for 6% per annum, compounded semi-annually
 Yes, because 7% is more than 6% and we can compare these rates directly because they both have the same semi-annual compounding
- 2) more than the effective annual rate for 7% per annum, compounded annually
 Yes, because j2 = 7% is more than j1 = 7% (same %, more frequent compounding).
- 3) less than the effective annual rate for 7% per annum, compounded monthly
 Yes, because j2 = 7% is less than j12 = 7% (same %, less frequent compounding).
- 4) all of the above

Answer: 4) all of the above

Q5: Calculate the semi-annual periodic interest rate that's equivalent to 16% per annum, compounded semi-annually.

SOLUTION

We know that the nominal rate $j_2 = 16\%$.

Therefore, semi - annual periodic rate i_2

$$J_2 = \frac{J_2}{2} = 8\%.$$



Q6: Bernie, a first-time home buyer, would prefer which of these rates for his mortgage?

1) j2 = 13.75% 2) j1 = 13.75% 3) j4 = 13% 4) Bernie would be indifferent among these rates

SOLUTION

Let's convert all these rates to effective to see which one is the lowest (we want the lowest one because Bernie is a borrower). We are converting to j1 so we don't need the full NPEPN. We can stop at the NPE.

Answer:

3) j4 = 13%

N	13.75	No conversion	N	13	
Р	2	needed –	Р	4	
E		already j1.	Е		

j1 = 14.222656% j1 = 13.75% j1 = 13.647593%