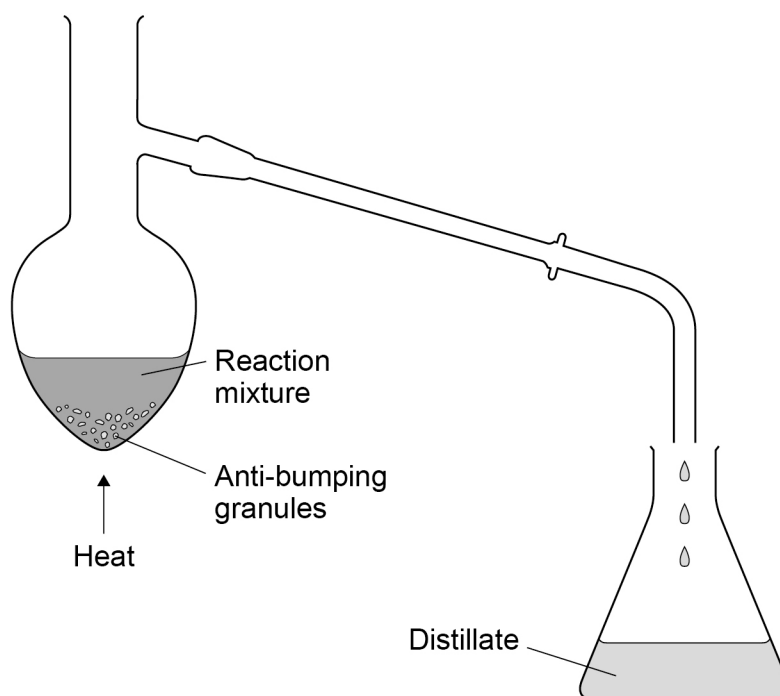


0 2

A student prepared cyclohexene by heating cyclohexanol with concentrated phosphoric acid. The cyclohexene produced was distilled off from the reaction mixture.

0 2 . 1

Complete the diagram of the apparatus used to distil the cyclohexene from the reaction mixture at 83 °C.

**[2 marks]**

0 2 . 2

The distillate was shaken with saturated sodium chloride solution. The cyclohexene was separated from the aqueous solution using a separating funnel.

State why cyclohexene can be separated from the aqueous solution using the separating funnel.

**[1 mark]**

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0 2 . 3

The cyclohexene separated in Question 02.2 was obtained as a cloudy liquid. The student dried this cyclohexene by adding a few lumps of anhydrous calcium chloride and allowing the mixture to stand.

Give **one** observation that the student made to confirm that the cyclohexene was dry.

[1 mark]

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0 2 . 4

In this preparation, the student added an excess of concentrated phosphoric acid to 14.4 g of cyclohexanol ( $M_r = 100.0$ ). The student obtained 4.15 cm<sup>3</sup> of cyclohexene ( $M_r = 82.0$ ). Density of cyclohexene = 0.810 g cm<sup>-3</sup>

Calculate the percentage yield of cyclohexene obtained.

Give your answer to the appropriate number of significant figures.

[5 marks]

% yield \_\_\_\_\_

Question 2 continues on the next page

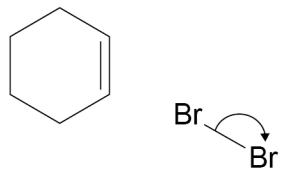
Turn over ►



0 2 . 5 Cyclohexene reacts with bromine.

Complete the mechanism for this reaction.

[3 marks]



12

