FIRE FIGHTING SYSTEM DESIGNING BASICS





EXHIBIT 6.5 Sprinklers with K-factors of 2.8, 5.6, and 25.2. (Courtesy of Tyco Fire Products LP)



STANDARDS

- NFPA National Fire Protection Association.
- IFC International Fire Code.
- IBC- International Building Code.
- FSAI- Fire & Security Association of India

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Listing & Approval

"UL" is short for **Underwriters Laboratories**, an organization which has been testing and approving products for consumer safety since 1894. Originally known as the Underwriters Electrical Bureau, UL was founded in Chicago by William Merrill, and has since expanded to include 182 service centers in more than 70 countries. Underwriters Laboratories performs safety testing on 18,750 categories of electrical, mechanical and chemical products!



• FM – FM Global.

"FM Global" is the communicative name of the company, whereas the legal name is "Factory Mutual Insurance Company". FM Global has been named the "Best Property Insurer in the World" by Euromoney Magazine.



The International Building Code (IBC) is the foundation of the complete Family of International Codes. It is an essential tool to preserve public health and safety that provides safeguards from hazards associated with the built environment. It addresses design and installation of innovative materials that meet or exceed public health and safety goals.



CODES & STANDARDS



 Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) means the organization, office, or individual responsible for approving layout drawings, equipment, an installation or a procedure. Usually the AHJ is the building and/or fire official of the city or county in which the job site is located.



NFPA MODULES

SYLLABUS

1. NFPA 10 2. NFPA 12 3. NFPA 13 4. NFPA 14 5. NFPA 20 6. NFPA 22 7. NFPA 24 8. NFPA 72 9. NFPA 92A 10. NFPA 2001

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TYPES OF FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEM

1. FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEM

2. FIRE DETECTION SYSTEM

3. FIRE INDICATION SYSTEM



TOPICS

- Introduction
- Types of Fires
- Types of Fire Protection Systems
- Types of Fire Protection Equipments



Fire Prevention Goals

- Life Safety
 - The primary goal of fire safety efforts is to protect building occupants from loss of life.
- Property Protection
 - The secondary goal of fire safety is to prevent property damage.
- Protection of Operations
 - By preventing fires and limiting damage we can assure that work operations will continue.



FIRE PROTECTION CLASSIFICATION BASED ON TYPES OF SYSTEMS.

- "Fixed protection system" means a permanently installed system that either extinguishes or controls a fire at the location of the system.
- "Potable protection system" means a system in which fire extinguishing / controlling media is carried to the location of fire



FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEM BASED ON OPERATION.

- Manual System Type of a system where fire is attended personally. For Example use of fire extinguishers, hose reels, etc.
- Automatic System Type of a system where fire is attended by permanently installed fire protection system. For Example sprinkler, CO₂, clean agent systems.

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TYPES OF FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEMS

- Fire Extinguishers
- Automatic Sprinkler system
 - Wet Pipe System
 - Dry Pipe System
 - Deluge Valve System
 - Pre Action System
- CO₂ System
- Clean Agent System (FM200)
- Wet Riser System
- Dry Riser System
- Hydrant System

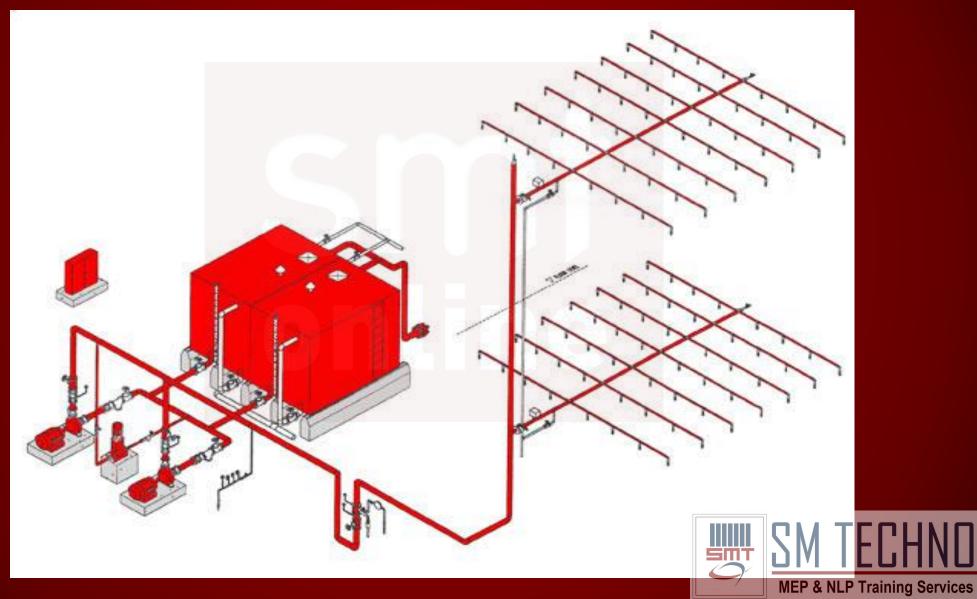


FIRE EXTINGUISHER





AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER SYSTEM



CARBON DIOXIDE SYSTEM

- Carbon Dioxide gas is used.
- Purpose is to reduce Oxygen level from 21% to 14% by increasing CO_2 level to 34%
- Is stored in arrangement of cylinders called cylinder bank.
- Is cheap compared to other non water fire protection system but leaves residue.
- Used in less or no occupancy areas like electrical panel / control rooms, generator rooms, etc



CYLINDER BANK



GUALITY ISO 20011:2008

TIFICA

CLEAN AGENT SYSTEM (FM200)

- Combination of Inert gases mixed with dry nitrogen.
- Extinguishes the fire by quickly discharging the gas by that removes the heat.
- System is developed to discharge gas to reach 7% concentration in 10 sec.
- Preferred over CO₂ system as does not leave any residue.
- Mainly used to protect critical high value electronic equipments as in server rooms.



CLEAN AGENT SYSTEM – IN ACTION



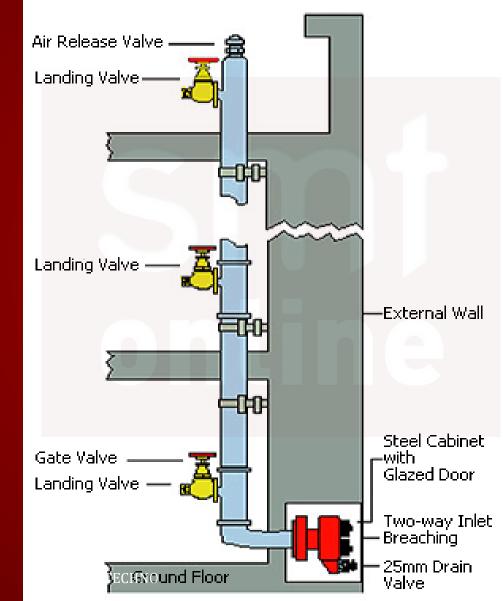
DRY RISER SYSTEM

- A **dry riser** is a main vertical pipe intended to distribute water to multiple levels of a building or structure.
- Contains air at atmospheric pressure.
- Has fire engine access to pump in water called as breeching inlet.
- Outlets are in form of landing valves.



DRY RISER SYSTEM

Typical dry riser installation



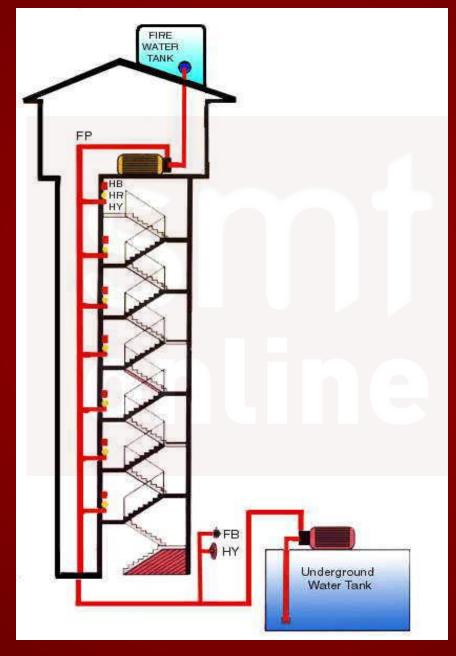


WET RISER SYSTEM

- A **wet riser** is a main vertical pipe intended to distribute water to multiple levels of a building or structure.
- Contains water under pressure.
- Is connected to fire fighting pumps.
- Outlets are in form of sprinklers / hoses.



WET RISER SYSTEM





HYDRANT SYSTEM

- External network of pipes connected to main water supply source such municipal water supply lines.
- Used as a water source when building fire protection system runs out of water or in case of fire where both needs to be used.
- Types of Hydrants Upright or concealed.



FIRE HYDRANT AND HOSE HOUSE



150

FIRE PROTECTION EQUIPMENTS

- Sprinklers Pumps. • Fire Hoses **Fire Blankets** Fire Hose Reels Extinguishers • Fire Hose Reel Cabinets Water Storage Tanks Alarm check valve **Fire Detection** Equipments Pressure Switch
- Fire Hydrants
- Breeching Inlets
- Hydrant / Landing Valves



SPRINKLER HEADS





SPRINKLER HEADS



MEP & NLP Training Services

FIRE HOSE WITH NOZZLE.

- Percolating type Water Bleeds through holes which keeps it wet. Used were the hoses are to carried in hot ground such as in case of wildfires.
- Non Percolating type Does not bleed water. Most commonly used.
- Reinforced Rubber hoses Used in Fire Hose Reels.
- Standard lengths of 15m , 25m and 30m.
- Nozzles usually made of brass







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FIRE HOSE REELS

- Reinforced Rubber hose of 25m length.
- Further Classified into
- Manual Type Hose reel should opened manually.
- Automatic Type Hose reel valves opens automatically with 3 revolutions of hose reel disc.
- Both manual and automatic type hose reels are available in two variants : -

Fixed and Swinging Type.



FIRE HOSE REEL





FIRE HOSE REEL CABINETS

- To house fire hose reels, fire hose and hydrants.
- Different types of cabinets are
- Only hose reel cabinets
- Hose reel with fire extinguisher
- Hose reel and fire hose cabinet
- Self standing hose reel cabinet
- Fire hose cabinets
- Fire hose rack cabinet
- Fire hydrant cabinet (With space for hose and Axe)
- Fire Extinguisher cabinet.



SWING TYPE FIRE HOSE REEL WITH SELF STANDING CABINET





FIRE HOSE RACK





ALARM CHECK VALVE

- Installed in main header.
- It actuates electric and/or hydraulic alarms when there is steady flow of water into the system due to activation of sprinklers.
- Entire assembly contains Check valve, main drain valve, bypass check valve, alarm test valve, retard chamber, pressure switch, pressure gauges and gong.

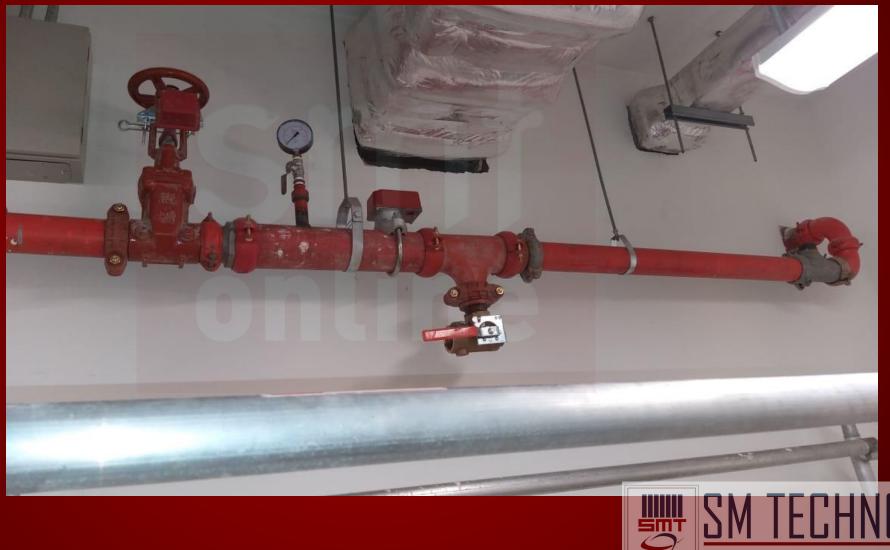


ALARM CHECK VALVE





ZONE CONTROL VALVE ASSEMBLY





PRESSURE SWITCH





OS & Y VALVE





FIRE HYDRANTS / LANDING VALVES

- Fire Hydrants
- Classified as : -
- Wet Type Always filled with water under pressure Urban Areas
- Dry Type Connected to water tank or pool and water is pumped when required Rural Areas.
- Landing Valves Used to connect fire hoses inside the building. Installed at every floor.



UPRIGHT FIRE HYDRANTS



SM TECHNO



CONCEALED TYPE FIRE HYDRANT





LANDING VALVE





TWO WAY LANDING VALVE





FIRE BRIGADE CONNECTION- 2 WAY





FIRE BRIGADE CONNECTION- 4 WAY





FOUR WAY BREECHING INLET





FIRE FIGHTING PUMPS

- Discharges with same pressure at any given head.
- System always has two fire fighting pump 1 Duty + 1 Standby.
- Should be always monitored.
- System may or may not have a jockey pump Jockey helps to maintain pressure.
- Generally electrically driven pumps are used as duty and diesel driven pumps as standby.



FIRE FIGHTING PUMP



FIRE BLANKETS

- A fire blanket is a safety device designed to extinguish small incipient fires. It consists of a sheet of fire retardant material which is placed over a fire in order to smother it
- Small Blankets Used in kitchen usually made of fiberglass.
- Large Blankets Used in laboratories or industries are made of wool.



FIRE BLANKET - DEMO



FIRE BLANKET



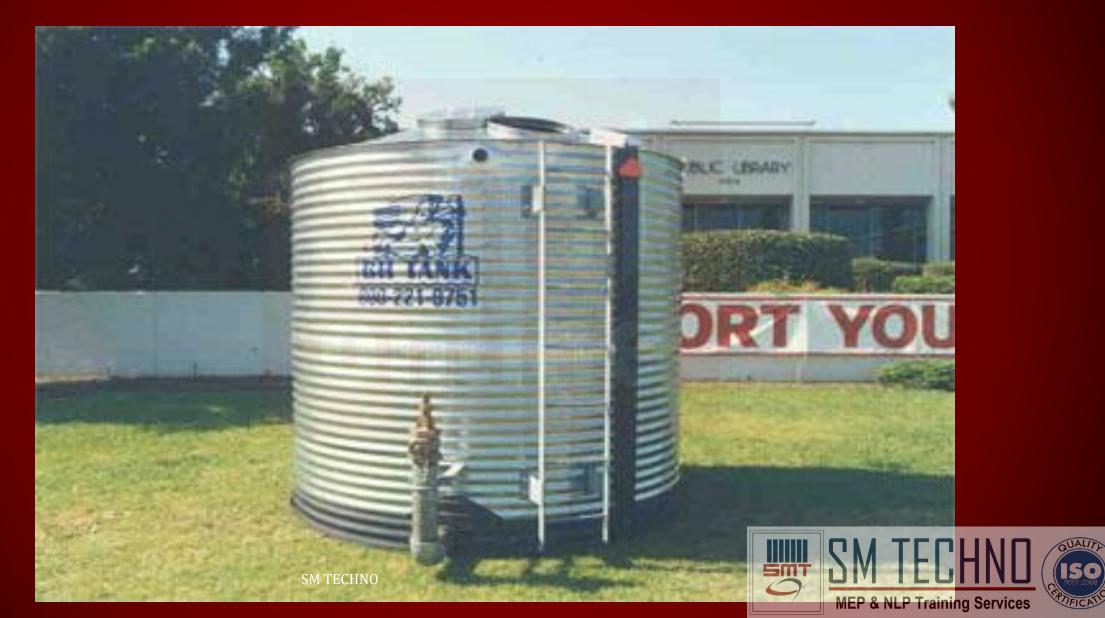


WATER STORAGE TANKS

- Classified into two types Above ground and Under ground.
- Constructed in various materials such as metals, concrete or reinforced fiberglass.
- Can be combined with water supply system but minimum required capacity of water for fire is protection should be always maintained.



WATER STORAGE TANK – ABOVE GROUND



FIRE DETECTION EQUIPMENTS

- Mainly two types Heat and Smoke Detectors.
- Heat Detectors are further classified into
- Rate of Rise Sudden change or rise in ambient temperature from normal temp. Activates on sudden rise in temperature or at set temperature, whichever is earlier.
- Fixed Temperature Activates at a fixed temperature.
- Smoke Detectors are further classified into
- Optical Photoelectric process
- Physical Ionization process.
- Detection is also done by Air Sampling Suction of air through network of pipes and the passing it through detectors. Helps in early warning.



HEAT DETECTOR





SMOKE DETECTOR



THANK YOU



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