3. Vowels, Diphthongs, Syllables, Punctuation

2. What is a diphthong?

Two vowels that make a single sound.

6. Underline the vowels or diphthongs in the following words. Next, divide the words into syllables by placing slash marks between them.

Remember: One syllable per vowel or diphthong.

$\kappa \underline{\upsilon} - \rho \underline{\iota} - \underline{o} \varsigma$ (Lord)	$\pi \nu \underline{\epsilon \hat{\upsilon}} - \mu \underline{\alpha}$ (Spirit)
$\mu\underline{\alpha} - \theta\underline{\eta} - \tau\underline{\mathring{\eta}}\varsigma \text{(disciple)}$	$\underline{\alpha'}\gamma - \gamma\underline{\epsilon} - \lambda\underline{o}\zeta$ (angel)
$\underline{\dot{\eta}} - \mu \underline{\acute{\epsilon}} - \rho \underline{\alpha}$ (day)	$\underline{\dot{\alpha}} - \mu\underline{\alpha}\rho - \tau\underline{\dot{1}} - \underline{\alpha} \text{(sin)}$
$\underline{\underline{\mathfrak{el}}}$ (if)	$\beta\underline{\alpha} - \sigma\underline{\iota} - \lambda\underline{\epsilon} \overset{'}{\underline{\iota}} - \underline{\alpha}$ (kingdom)
$\mu\underline{\epsilon} - \tau\underline{\alpha'} \text{(with)}$	$\delta \overset{'}{\underline{o}} - \xi \underline{\alpha}$ (glory)
0 $\hat{\underline{v}}$ V (therefore)	$\frac{\tilde{\epsilon}}{\theta} - v_{\underline{O}} \zeta$ (nation)
$\pi \underline{\alpha} - \tau \overset{'}{\underline{\eta}} ho$ (father)	$\overset{,'}{\underline{\epsilon}} \rho - \gamma \underline{o} \nu \text{(deed)}$
$\pi \dot{\underline{\iota}} \sigma^- \tau \underline{\iota} \varsigma$ (faith)	$\kappa\underline{\alpha}\rho\!-\!\delta\dot{\underline{1}}\!-\!\underline{\alpha}$ (heart)
$\pi \underline{\iota} \sigma - \tau \underline{\varepsilon \dot{\upsilon}} - \underline{\omega}$ (I believe)	$\kappa \underline{\overset{'}{o}} \sigma^- \mu \underline{o} \varsigma$ (universe)