## Instrument Transformer – Part 2 Burden



Burden is defined as the impedance connected to instrument transformer's secondary.

It includes transformer's own secondary impedance and that of devices and connecting leads.

□ IEEE expresses Burden in Ohms. IEC expressed Burden in VA.

□ IEEE C57.13 establishes standard burdens for CTs as shown below (applicable @ 5A, 60 Hz only).

Standard Burdens for Current Transformers with 5 A Secondaries *								
Burden Designation +	Resistance ( $\Omega$ )	Inductance (mH)	Impedance ( $\Omega$ )	Volt Amperes (at 5 A)	Power Factor			
Metering Burdens								
B-0.1	0.09	0.116	0.1	2.5	0.9			
B-0.2	0.18	0.232	0.2	5.0	0.9			
B-0.5	0.45	0.58	0.5	12.5	0.9			
B-0.9	0.81	1.04	0.9	22.5	0.9			
B-1.8	1.62	2.08	1.8	45.0	0.9			
Relaying Burdens								
B-1	0.50	2.3	1.0	25.0	0.5			
B-2	1.00	4.6	2.0	50.0	0.5			
B-4	2.00	9.2	4.0	100.0	0.5			
B-8	4.00	18.4	8.0	200.0	0.5			

IEEE C57.13 establishes standard burdens for VTs as shown below.

□ These burden ratings are expressed at 120V and 69.3V.

Standard Burdens for Voltage Transformers							
	Burden Designation	Volt Amperes	Power Factor	Burden lı 120 V Burden	npedance 69.3 V Burden		
Metering Burdens	W	12.5	0.10	1152	384		
	Х	25	0.70	576	192		
	М	35	0.20	411	137		
	Y	75	0.85	192	64		
	Z	200	0.85	72	24		
	ZZ	400	0.85	36	12		

Burden ( $\Omega$ ) = CT secondary resistance ( $\Omega$ ) + Wire resistance ( $\Omega$ ) + Device impedance ( $\Omega$ )

## Copyrighted Material © www.studyforfe.com