Zero to Docker

Introduction

In this demo, we are going to see how fast it is to get started with containers. Let's get started.

Sites

- Our Docker Environment Play with Docker
- Docker Image Repository Docker Hub

Instructions

Step 1

• Click on the Our Docker Environment link given above

Step 2

• Now, you will be presented with a welcome page. You have to click on **create session**



• After that, you will be provided with a workspace. This is where we create our docker environment



Step 3

• Now, we will add our instance.

03:57	/:33		
CLOSE SESSION			
Instances	\$		
+ ADD NEW INSTANCE	Click here		

Launching instance will take a couple minutes to get ready.
 Meanwhile, we can get our image from **Docker Hub**

Step 4

• Click on the *Docker Image Repository* link given above.

Step 5

• In the search bar, search for **tomcat** and hit *enter*.



• The search results will show many repositories. But we need the first one which is the official tomcat image. Click on the first result

Ocker Playground x Search - Docker Hub x				Vijayboopathy
← → C			\$	🔓 💩 🗄
Docker Store is the new place to discover public Docker content. Check it out \rightarrow				
C tomcat	Explore	Help Sign	up Sign in	i ĉ
Repositories (5545)				
We want this!!			•	
tomcat official	1.4K STARS	10M+ PULLS	> DETAILS	
cloudesire/tomcat public automated build	15 STARS	10K+ PULLS	DETAILS	
fbrx/tomcat public automated build	4 STARS	2.1K PULLS	DETAILS	
bitnami/tomcat public automated build	3 STARS	10K+ PULLS	> DETAILS	

Read through the page and get to know about the image. Especially
 How to use this image section.



Step 8

- However we are going to use a modified version of this command.
 Go to the **play with docker** page.
- Now our environment will be ready.



docker run -itd --name tomcat -p 8080:8080 tomcat:latest

• Now we shall examine the above mentioned command.

docker

• This is how we initialize every command in docker.

run

• We tell docker to *run* the container. It will **pull** the image from Dockerhub and **Start** a container using that image.

-itd

• This option enables us to run a container in **detached** mode.

--name tomcat

- In this part, we are naming our container. Name of our container is tomcat. This is not mandatory. If you do not provide this option, docker will automatically use a random name for the container.
- -p 8080:8080
 - In this step, we are mounting 8080 port from the host to 8080 port inside the container. The tomcat process inside the container is using this port.

tomcat:latest

This last part of the command is the image that we going to use.
 This has two parts. The first - *tomcat* - is the **image name** and the second **latest** is a tag of the image. This tag often be the version of the image that we are using. In our case, it is *latest*.

Step 10

• Copy the command and paste it in the console and press enter.

docker run -itd --name tomcat -p 8080:8080 tomcat:latest

[nodel] (local) root@10.0.58.3 ~
\$ docker run -itdname tomcat -p 8080:8080 tomcat:latest 🔶 Our Command
Unable to find image 'tomcat:latest' locally
latest: Pulling from library/tomcat
10a267c67f42: Pull complete
fb5937da9414: Pull complete
f131c9b3ecc4: Pull complete
f59cc3b26f35: Pull complete
63df868a0518: Pull complete
83282147e192: Pull complete
b9595cab9382: Pull complete 🔽 Pocker pulling the initige from Pocker hup
df2d57cc0364: Pull complete
8a47266b20c0: Pull complete
3ceed6847899: Pull complete
df2f38f223b6: Pull complete
bbd58b601cc8: Pull complete
08a39c8509ab: Pull complete
2560d2bf18a1: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:835b6501c150de39d2b12569fd8124eaebc53a899e2540549b6b6f8676538484
Status: Downloaded newer image for tomcat:latest
[6932cabf781197650143789d587972b8fafede5b8c3b073f1999c808890343a) 🖛 🗳 🛄 Checi Our Container
[nodel] (local) root@10.0.58.3 ~
Ş

• There will be a **link** in the name of port 8080. Click on that link.

03:11:12	7ff6a93f_node1	
CLOSE SESSION	10.0.58.3	
Instances 🏩	Memory 19.09% (781.1MiB / 3.996GiB)	CPU 0.13%
+ ADD NEW INSTANCE	DELETE	

• Tada! There you go... Now you have running Tomcat webserver.



Step 12

• Now go back to the console and run the following command.

```
docker exec -it tomcat bash
```



• This command connects us to the running container. After execting this command we will actually be inside a container.



Step 13

• Now run the following command inside the container.



As you can see our tomcat application is running inside the container.



To exit out of the container, you can press **ctrl+p** then **ctrl+q**. This will bring you back to instance's terminal.