Question	Scheme	Marks	AOs
1	Attempts either $\sin 3\theta \approx 3\theta$ or $\cos 4\theta \approx 1-\frac{(4\theta)^2}{2}$ in $\frac{1-\cos 4\theta}{2\theta \sin 3\theta}$	M1	1.1b
	Attempts both $\sin 3\theta \approx 3\theta$ and $\cos 4\theta \approx 1-\frac{(4\theta)^2}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1-\left(1-\frac{(4\theta)^2}{2}\right)}{2\theta \times 3\theta}$ and attempts to simplify	M1	2.1
	$=\frac{4}{3}$ oe	A1	1.1b
		(3)	
			(3 marks)

M1: Attempts either $\sin 3\theta \approx 3\theta$ or $\cos 4\theta \approx 1-\frac{(4\theta)^2}{2}$ in the given expression.

See below for description of marking of $\cos 4\theta$

M1: Attempts to substitute both $\sin 3\theta \approx 3\theta$ and $\cos 4\theta \approx 1-\frac{(4\theta)^2}{2}$

$\rightarrow \frac{1-\left(1-\frac{(4\theta)^2}{2}\right)}{2\theta \times 3\theta}$ and attempts to simplify.

Condone missing bracket on the 4θ so $\cos 4\theta \approx 1-\frac{4\theta^2}{2}$ would score the method

Expect to see it simplified to a single term which could be in terms of θ

Look for an answer of k but condone $k\theta$ following a slip

A1: Uses both identities and simplifies to $\frac{4}{3}$ or exact equivalent with no incorrect lines BUT allow recovery on missing bracket for $\cos 4\theta \approx 1-\frac{4\theta^2}{2}$.

Eg. $\frac{1-\left(1-\frac{(4\theta)^2}{2}\right)}{2\theta \times 3\theta}=\frac{8\theta^2}{6\theta}=\frac{4}{3}$ is M1 M1 A0

Condone awrt 1.33.

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Alt: $\frac{1-\cos 4\theta}{2\theta \sin 3\theta}=\frac{1-\left(1-2\sin^2 2\theta\right)}{2\theta \sin 3\theta}=\frac{2\sin^2 2\theta}{2\theta \sin 3\theta}=\frac{2\times(2\theta)^2}{2\theta \times 3\theta}=\frac{4}{3}$

M1 For an attempt at $\sin 3\theta \approx 3\theta$ or the identity $\cos 4\theta = 1-2\sin^2 2\theta$ with $\sin 2\theta \approx 2\theta$

M1 For both of the above and attempts to simplify to a single term.

A1 $\frac{4}{3}$ oe