This chapter has 60 questions. Scroll down to see and select individual questions or narrow the list using the checkboxes below.	questions at random and keep in order V
Multiple Choice Questions - (51)	Topic: Collisions at an Angle - (2)
Fill In The Blank Questions - (9)	Topic: Conservation of Momentum - (15)
Odd Numbered - (30)	Topic: Elastic and Inelastic Collisions - (16)
Even Numbered - (30)	Topic: Momentum and Impulse - (23)
Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation - (49)	Topic: Recoil - (4)
Difficulty: Easy - (36)	U Type: Conceptual - (46)
Difficulty: Hard - (4)	$\Box \text{ Type: Definition - (9)}$
$\Box \text{ Difficulty: Medium - (20)}$	$\Box \text{ Type: Graphical - (1)}$
\Box Gradable: automatic - (60)	\square Type: Numerical - (14)
\rightarrow "follow through" on the swing, which in	acreases contact time.
\bigcirc rapidly stopping the bat after impact.	
\bigcirc letting the bat recoil upon impact.	
Select Select The impulse cannot be changed.	
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy
Multiple Choice Question	Gradable: automatic
MC When a baseball bat hits the ball the impul	Topic: Momentum and Impulse
2 One form of the proper metric unit for momentum i	s
\bigcirc Joule.	
○ Kg·m.	
\bigcirc Kg·m/s ²	
\rightarrow N·sec	
Select	
Multiple Choice Question MC One form of the proper metric unit for momen	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Momentum and Impulse Type: Conceptual Type: Definition
3. Suppose you are out on a frozen lake, where there is the shore?	s no friction. Which of the following would start you moving towards
\bigcirc Shouting at someone on the shore.	
\rightarrow \bigcirc Removing a shoe and throwing it away	from the shore.
\bigcirc Removing a shoe and throwing it towar	ds the shore.
Select Select O None of these would work.	
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Gradable: automatic
Multiple Choice Question MC Suppose you are out on a frozen lake, where	Topic: Conservation of Momentum Type: Conceptual
4. A gun is made of a super-low-weight but strong ma such a gun	terial. The bullet for the gun is more massive than the gun itself. For
\bigcirc recoil problems would be lessened.	
\rightarrow \bigcirc the gun, if unsupported, would have a re	ecoil velocity higher than the bullet velocity.
\bigcirc conservation of momentum is not satisf	ied.
Select C the bullet would go faster with less pow	der.

Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Recoil Type: Conceptual

Multiple Choice Question MC A gun is made of a super-low-weight ...

- 5. The purpose of an air bag in an auto is to
 - $\rightarrow \bigcirc$ decrease the force applied to you during a collision.
 - $\bigcirc\,$ reduce the impulse on you during a collision.
 - \bigcirc make your momentum change occur over a shorter time during a collision.
 - \bigcirc reduce your speed just before a collision.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Medium Gradable: automatic Topic: Momentum and Impulse Type: Conceptual

Multiple Choice Question MC The purpose of an air bag in an auto is to

Select 5. A bowling ball, moving to the east at a speed of 1.4 m/s, collides head-on with a stationary beach ball of the same diameter but less than one twentieth the mass. After the collision, the beach ball moves with a speed of 1.6 m/s. Which of the following is then true?

Select

 \rightarrow \bigcirc The bowling ball has a velocity of slightly under 1.4 m/s, to the east.

 \bigcirc The beach ball has more momentum than the bowling ball.

 \bigcirc The bowling ball recoils to the west with nearly the same speed as before the collision.

 \bigcirc The bowling ball and the beach ball have the same momentum after the collision.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Medium Gradable: automatic Topic: Elastic and Inelastic Collisions Type: Conceptual

MC A bowling ball, moving to the east at a spee...

- 7. Which of the following mathematical expressions should be used to calculate the momentum of an auto?
 - \bigcirc weight \times speed

Multiple Choice Question

- \bigcirc mass \times acceleration
- \bigcirc weight \times force
- $\rightarrow \bigcirc$ mass × velocity



Select

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Momentum and Impulse Multiple Choice Question Type: Conceptual MC Which of the following mathematical express... Type: Definition 8. The momentum of a truck is increased by a factor of 2; its weight does not change. Thus, \bigcirc its acceleration is doubled. \rightarrow \bigcirc its speed doubled. \bigcirc its speed increased by a factor of 4. \bigcirc its kinetic energy doubled. Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Momentum and Impulse

Multiple Choice Question

MC The momentum of a truck is increased by a fa...

9. A quantity which is conserved in the collision of a car and a truck is

- \bigcirc kinetic energy.
- \bigcirc nervous energy.
- \bigcirc momentum of the car.
- \bigcirc momentum of the truck.
- Select \rightarrow \bigcirc total momentum.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Conservation of Momentum Type: Conceptual

Type: Conceptual

Type: Definition

- Multiple Choice Question
- MC A quantity which is conserved in the collisi...
- 10. A ping-pong ball is dropped vertically onto a stationary bowling ball resting on the floor. Which of the balls experiences the greater force as a result of the collision?
 - \bigcirc The bowling ball.
 - \bigcirc The ping-pong ball.
 - \rightarrow \bigcirc Neither, both experience forces of the same size.
 - \bigcirc It's impossible to tell from this data.

Gradable: automatic

Type: Conceptual

Multiple Choice Question

MC A ping-pong ball is dropped vertically, onto...

11. A tennis ball bounces off a brick wall. Which of the following is true?

- \rightarrow \bigcirc The total momentum of the ball, wall, and Earth is conserved in this process.
 - \bigcirc The momentum of the ball is conserved in this process.
 - \bigcirc If the collision is elastic, then the ball's velocity does not change in this process.
 - \bigcirc None of these is true.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Conservation of Momentum Type: Conceptual

Multiple Choice Question MC A tennis ball bounces off a brick wall. Whic...

Select] 🔁 12. Object A moving due east collides with object B moving due west. After the collision, A is moving 20° north of due east. What must be true of B after the collision?

 \bigcirc B must be moving 20° south of due east.

Topic: Elastic and Inelastic Collisions



Select

 \bigcirc B must be moving 20° south of due west.

 \rightarrow \bigcirc At least part of B's velocity must be toward the south.

 \bigcirc At least part of B's velocity must be toward the west.

 \bigcirc None of these is true.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Medium Gradable: automatic Topic: Collisions at an Angle Type: Conceptual

MC Object A moving due east collides with objec...

- 13. Force F, acting for time T and over a distance D, gives impulse I. To get the same impulse using half the force, it would be necessary for the force to act
 - \bigcirc over a distance 2D.

 \rightarrow \bigcirc for a time 2T.

Multiple Choice Question

 \bigcirc over a distance 4D.

 \bigcirc for half the time T.

 \bigcirc over half the distance D.

Select

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Medium Gradable: automatic Multiple Choice Question Topic: Momentum and Impulse MC Force F, acting for time T and over a distan... Type: Conceptual 14. An 80-kg football player travels to the right at 8 m/s and a 120-kg player on the opposite team travels to the left at 4.0 m/s. The total momentum is \bigcirc 240 kg m/s to the left. \rightarrow \bigcirc 160 kg m/s to the right. \bigcirc zero. \bigcirc 160 kg m/s to the left. Select o \bigcirc 1120 kg m/s to the right. Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Medium Gradable: automatic Multiple Choice Question **Topic:** Conservation of Momentum MC An 80-kg football player travels to the left... Type: Numerical 15. Two people sit face to face on nice skateboards that are free to roll without friction. They push each other with a force of 40 N and move apart. Person X, whose mass (including the skateboard) is 50 kg, moves to the left at 3 m/s. Person Z, whose mass (including the skateboard) is 60 kg, \rightarrow \bigcirc moves to the right at 2.5 m/s. \bigcirc moves to the right at 1 m/s.

Select o

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Medium Gradable: automatic Topic: Conservation of Momentum Type: Numerical

Multiple Choice Question

MC Two people sit face to face on nice skateboa...

MC In attempting to pull a 1500-kg car out of a...

 \bigcirc moves to the right at 4 m/s.

 \bigcirc moves to the right at 10 m/s.

- 16. In attempting to pull a 1500-kg car out of a ditch, Arnold exerts a force of 300 N for three seconds, Bob exerts a force of 500 N for two seconds, and Cecil exerts a force of 200 N for four seconds. Who provided the greatest impulse?
 - $\bigcirc \text{ Arnold} \\ \rightarrow \bigcirc \text{ Bob}$
 - Cecil

Multiple Choice Question

Select

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Momentum and Impulse Type: Numerical

17. A 30-kg child runs at 3.0 m/s and jumps onto a shopping cart and holds on for dear life. The cart has a mass of 20 kg. Assuming the child rides on the cart after the collision, the speed of the child and shopping cart just after the child jumps on is

 $\bigcirc \text{ zero.}$ $\rightarrow \bigcirc 2.0 \text{ m/s.}$ $\bigcirc 2.5 \text{ m/s.}$ $\bigcirc 3.0 \text{ m/s.}$

> Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Conservation of Momentum Type: Numerical

Multiple Choice Question MC A 25-kg child runs at 4.0 m/s and jumps onto... Select 🗟 18. In a head-on automobile collision, a person's momentum could be reduced from 2000 kg m/s to zero in just 0.1 s. If this occurs, the average force exerted to stop the person is

 \rightarrow \bigcirc 20,000 N.

- 2,000 N.
- 200 N.

 \bigcirc This can't be answered without knowing the person's mass.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Elastic and Inelastic Collisions Multiple Choice Question MC In a head-on automobile collision, a person'... Type: Numerical 19. A child runs at 3.0 m/s and jumps onto a sled, initially at rest. If the child's mass is 36 kg, and if the child and sled slide off together at 2.0 m/s after the collision, the sled's mass is ○ 12 kg. \rightarrow \bigcirc 18 kg. ○ 36 kg. Select ○ 48 kg. Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Medium Gradable: automatic Multiple Choice Question **Topic: Elastic and Inelastic Collisions** Type: Numerical MC A child runs at 4.0 m/s and jumps onto a sle... 20. A fire fighting vehicle of mass 12,000 kg is at rest but free to roll with no resistance. If you push it forward with a force of 500 N, the momentum at the end of 10 s of pushing will be \rightarrow \bigcirc 5000 kg m/s. ○ 20,000 kg N/s. ○ 0.416 m/s. Select Q \bigcirc zero. Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Medium Gradable: automatic Multiple Choice Question Topic: Conservation of Momentum MC A fire fighting vehicle of mass 12,000 kg is... Type: Numerical 21. The average force required to accelerate a 0.20-kg ball from rest to 30 m/s in 0.002 s is ○ 75,000 N. ○ 15,000 N. \rightarrow \bigcirc 3,000 N. ○ 0.003 N. Select Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Multiple Choice Question Topic: Momentum and Impulse MC The average force required to accelerate a 0... Type: Numerical 22. A friend drops a package to you from a window 16 feet above where you first catch it. It drops an additional 3 feet as you bring it to a stop with a constant force. In order to calculate the force required, you need \bigcirc the time it takes for you to stop the package. \rightarrow \bigcirc the mass of the package. \bigcirc no additional information. Select Q

Multiple Choice Question MC A friend drops a package to you from a windo...

23. The principle that total momentum does not change during a brief collision is a result of

 \bigcirc the definition of the kilogram.

 \bigcirc the definition of the newton.

 \bigcirc Newton's first law and Newton's second law.

 \bigcirc Newton's first law and Newton's third law.

 \rightarrow \bigcirc Newton's second law and Newton's third law.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Medium Gradable: automatic Topic: Conservation of Momentum Type: Conceptual Type: Definition

Multiple Choice Question MC The principle that total momentum does not c...

Select 24.

Select Q

Topic: Conservation of Momentum Type: Conceptual

Page 5 of 11

A box is moved 10 m across a smooth floor by a force F making a downward angle with the floor, so that there is effectively a 4 N force acting parallel to the floor in the direction of motion and a 3 N force acting perpendicular to the floor. The force F acts for 20 seconds. The impulse delivered to the box by the floor during this process has magnitude

- 100 Ns.
- 80 Ns.
- 60 Ns.
- \bigcirc zero.
- \rightarrow \bigcirc Can't tell without knowing the weight of the box.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Hard Gradable: automatic Topic: Momentum and Impulse Type: Conceptual

Multiple Choice Question

MC A box is moved 10 m across a smooth floor by...

- 25. A box is pushed eastward across a rough horizontal floor by a force acting parallel to the floor. A force providing an impulse directed westward on the body is
 - \bigcirc gravity.
 - \bigcirc the applied force.
 - \rightarrow \bigcirc friction.

Select Q

Select

Select Q

- \bigcirc normal reaction force of floor upward on body.
- \bigcirc a fictitious force.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Momentum and Impulse

Type: Conceptual

Multiple Choice Question

MC A box is pushed eastward across a rough hori...

- 26. A box is pushed across a rough horizontal floor by a force acting parallel to the floor in the direction of motion. A force providing no impulse during the motion is
 - \bigcirc gravity.
 - \bigcirc friction.
 - \bigcirc the applied force.
 - \rightarrow \bigcirc none of these.

Difficulty: Medium Gradable: automatic Topic: Momentum and Impulse Type: Conceptual

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- Multiple Choice Question
- MC A box is pushed across a rough horizontal fl...
- 27. A 3 kg block, initially moving due east at 6 m/s, is acted upon by an impulse having magnitude 6 Ns and direction due west. The final velocity of the block is
 - \bigcirc 8 m/s east.
 - \rightarrow \bigcirc 4 m/s east.
 - \bigcirc 4 m/s west.
 - \bigcirc 8 m/s west.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Momentum and Impulse Type: Numerical

Multiple Choice Question

MC A 2 kg block, initially moving due east at 6...

- 28. Moving at a constant speed, an elevator lifts a 1000 N package 10 meters in 3 seconds. During this time, the impulse delivered to the package by the elevator floor is
 - 10,000 Ns up.
 - \rightarrow \bigcirc 3,000 Ns up.

○ 10,000 Nm up.

Select

 \bigcirc zero.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Medium Gradable: automatic Topic: Momentum and Impulse Type: Numerical

Multiple Choice Question MC Moving at a constant speed, an elevator lift...

Select 29. Collisions between which pairs of objects is likely to be most nearly elastic?

○ A steel ball and a cotton ball
→ ○ Two steel balls
○ A steel ball and a baseball
○ Two baseballs

Multiple Choice Question MC Which of these collisions is likely to be mo... Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic

30. If the speed of a car is tripled, the impulse required to stop the car changes by a factor of 0 9. \rightarrow \bigcirc 3. ○ 1. ○ 1/3. Select ○ 1/9. Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Multiple Choice Question Topic: Momentum and Impulse MC If the speed of a car is tripled, the impuls... Type: Conceptual 31. A painter of mass 80 kg climbs 3.0 m up a ladder. The painter has gained momentum in the amount of ○ 240 J. ○ 784 J. ○ 2352 J. \rightarrow \bigcirc Can't say without knowing his velocity change (if any) Select Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Multiple Choice Question Topic: Momentum and Impulse MC A painter of mass 80 kg climbs 3.0 m up a la... Type: Conceptual 32. During a collision, which of these is an indication that the total kinetic energy has changed? \bigcirc Heat is generated. \bigcirc Deformation occurs. \bigcirc Sound is produced. \rightarrow \bigcirc Heat is generated, deformation occurs, and sound is produced. Select Q \bigcirc None of these is correct. Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Elastic and Inelastic Collisions Multiple Choice Question MC During a collision, which of these is an ind... Type: Conceptual 33. During a collision, which of these is an indication that the total momentum has changed? ○ Heat is generated. ○ Deformation occurs. \bigcirc Sound is produced. ○ Heat is generated, deformation occurs, and sound is produced. Select \rightarrow \bigcirc None of these is correct. a Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Medium Gradable: automatic Multiple Choice Question **Topic:** Conservation of Momentum MC During a collision, which of these is an ind... Type: Conceptual 34. Suppose a ball is dropped from shoulder height, falls, makes a perfectly elastic collision with the floor, and rebounds to shoulder height. Compare the magnitudes of the impulses delivered to the ball by gravity and by the floor during this

○ The impulse delivered by the floor is half as large as the impulse delivered by gravity.

 \bigcirc The impulse delivered by the floor is twice as large as the impulse delivered by gravity.

- \rightarrow \bigcirc The two impulses have the same magnitude.
 - The floor delivers an upward impulse, but gravity does not deliver a total impulse.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Hard Gradable: automatic Topic: Momentum and Impulse Type: Conceptual

Multiple Choice Question

entire motion.

Select

MC Suppose a ball is dropped from shoulder heig...

Select 35. Although Newton's second law, F = ma, is valid for collisions, it is difficult to use it generally in this form for collisions because

- \bigcirc the acceleration is too small.
- \bigcirc the force F is not constant.

 \bigcirc the acceleration occurs during a time interval too short to measure easily.

 \bigcirc the acceleration is too small and the force F is not constant.

 \rightarrow \bigcirc the force F is not constant and the acceleration occurs during a time interval too short to measure easily.

Page 7 of 11



of the car. If the vehicles stick together after the collision, what is the path followed by the vehicles after the collision?



Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Collisions at an Angle Multiple Choice Question Type: Conceptual MC A car moving east collides with a truck movi... Type: Graphical 41. A racquetball is dropped from a height of one meter. It bounces off the floor and rises to a height of 0.8 m. The collision with the floor was \bigcirc an elastic collision. \rightarrow \bigcirc a partially inelastic collision. \bigcirc a perfectly inelastic collision. Select \bigcirc impossible to tell without knowing the mass of the ball. Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Medium Gradable: automatic Topic: Elastic and Inelastic Collisions Multiple Choice Question MC A racquetball is dropped from a height of on... Type: Conceptual 42. A toy car and a toy truck at rest have a compressed spring in between them. The truck has more mass than the car. The spring is released and the two cars move in opposite directions. Which of the following is true? \rightarrow \bigcirc The magnitude of the truck's momentum is the same as the car's. \bigcirc The magnitude of the truck's momentum is larger than the car's. \bigcirc The magnitude of the truck's momentum is smaller than the car's. Select \bigcirc It is not possible to tell which has more momentum without knowing the speeds. Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Conservation of Momentum Multiple Choice Question MC A toy car and a toy truck at rest have a com... Type: Conceptual 43. Consider a system containing three objects that move with different velocities. The objects can interact with each other through forces. In this system ○ the total kinetic energy of the objects will not change unless an outside force is applied. \bigcirc the objects can only collide if an outside force is applied. \bigcirc any collisions between the objects must be elastic. Select \rightarrow \bigcirc the total momentum of the objects cannot change unless an outside force acts on the system. Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Medium Gradable: automatic Multiple Choice Question Topic: Conservation of Momentum MC Consider a system containing three objects t. Type: Conceptual 44. If a single force acts on a moving object ○ the momentum of the object will change only if the force is in the same direction as the velocity of the object. \rightarrow \bigcirc the momentum of the object must change. \bigcirc the momentum of the object can only change magnitude, not direction. \bigcirc the momentum of the object can only change direction, not magnitude. Select Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Multiple Choice Question Topic: Conservation of Momentum Type: Conceptual

MC If a single force acts on a moving object

- 45. Two astronauts of equal mass are holding on to each other and moving at a speed of 30 m/s. They push off of each other and one of the astronauts moves in the same direction as the two were initially moving but at 60 m/s. The velocity of the second astronaut is
 - \bigcirc 60 m/s backward. \bigcirc 30 m/s backward. $\rightarrow \bigcirc$ zero.

 \bigcirc 30 m/s forward.

 \bigcirc 60 m/s forward.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic **Topic:** Conservation of Momentum Type: Numerical

Multiple Choice Question MC Two astronauts of equal mass are holding on ...

Select] 🔁 46. If you were standing on a cart that was at rest and free to roll (ignore friction) and someone threw a 10 kg ball at you, you would

 \bigcirc not move if you caught the ball because you are more massive than the ball.

 \bigcirc roll backward faster if you caught the ball.

 \rightarrow \bigcirc roll backward faster if the ball bounced off of you elastically.

 \bigcirc roll backward faster if you caught the ball higher above the ground.

Select

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Elastic and Inelastic Collisions Type: Conceptual

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Topic: Momentum and Impulse

Difficulty: Hard Gradable: automatic

Type: Numerical

47. An oil tanker heading due west, straight into a strong wind, reaches a speed of 5 m/s and then shuts down its engines to drift. The forward-facing flat surfaces of the tanker catch a total of 60,000 N of force from the wind. This wind force is pointing backwards, to the east. The tanker's mass is 100,000 metric tons, which is 100 million kg. If the wind blows at the same strength for 5 minutes, then how much has the wind changed the tanker's speed?

-	·
\bigcirc	1.2 m/s
\bigcirc	1.08 m/s
\bigcirc	0.018 m/s
\rightarrow	0 18 m/s

Multiple Choice Question

Multiple Choice Question

MC An oil tanker heading due west, straight int...

MC If you were standing on a cart that was at r...

m/s

48. A robot spacecraft is sent to Mars to explore the Martian polar ice cap. Designers can surround it with a set of inflatable balloons that pop out like automobile air bags as soon as the spacecraft's re-entry parachute opens up.



Select

When the spacecraft lands, it will be able to roll for a few meters across the surface of Mars. The pop out balloons have an advantage to the spacecraft, because

- \bigcirc they cancel out the normal force of the surface of Mars.
- \bigcirc they decrease the kinetic energy.
- \rightarrow \bigcirc they increase the time of impact and lessen the stopping force.
 - \bigcirc the impulse that stops the spacecraft for landing is less with these balloons.

Difficulty: Medium Gradable: automatic Topic: Momentum and Impulse Type: Conceptual

Multiple Choice Question

MC A robot spacecraft is sent to Mars to explor...

- 49. A rocket obeys the principles of recoil. However, it is much more difficult to apply Newton's second law to a rocket because
 - Newton's three laws do not apply in outer space.
 - there is actually sideways momentum, because a rocket motor is just a well-controlled explosion.
 - \bigcirc the rocket pushes against air but the air is a fluid.
 - \rightarrow \bigcirc as the rocket motor fires the total mass of the rocket changes.

Select



Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Medium Gradable: automatic Topic: Recoil Type: Conceptual

Multiple Choice Question

MC A rocket obeys the principles of recoil. How...

- 50. When a single boxcar in the freight yard hooks onto a stationary string of four boxcars, as in example 7.4, there is some kinetic energy lost. Which of the following could account for the missing energy?
 - Sound energy in the loud CLANG when they hook together.
 - Heat energy in the clamping mechanism between cars as it opens and then captures the fifth boxcar.
 - \rightarrow \bigcirc Both A and B

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Elastic and Inelastic Collisions Type: Conceptual

Multiple Choice Question MC When a single boxcar in the freight yard hoo...

Select 🔂 51. A big defensive lineman picks up a fumbled football and begins rumbling toward the end zone. His mass is 150 kg, and his velocity is 6.0 m/s, west. A brave wide receiver, whose mass is 90 kg, must stop that lineman and he is right in the

Select Q

Select o

lineman's path, so it has to be a head-on collision. How fast must the wide receiver be running if he wants to drop the lineman in his tracks and save the day?

 $\bigcirc 88 \text{ mph}$ $\bigcirc 0.60 \text{ m/s}$ $\bigcirc 8.3 \text{ m/s}$ $\rightarrow \bigcirc 10 \text{ m/s}$

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Multiple Choice Question Topic: Elastic and Inelastic Collisions MC A big defensive lineman picks up a fumbled f... Type: Numerical 52. The total momentum of a system will change during a collision unless the force is zero. external Difficulty: Easy Select o Gradable: automatic Topic: Conservation of Momentum Fill-in-the-Blank Question Type: Conceptual FB The total momentum of a system will change d... Type: Definition 53. If heat, sound, or deformation of solid bodies results from a collision, there will be a change in the total kinetic energy Select o Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Elastic and Inelastic Collisions Fill-in-the-Blank Ouestion FB If heat, sound, or deformation of solid bodi... Type: Conceptual 54. A moving cue ball strikes another ball of equal mass that is initially at rest on the flat planar surface of the pool table. If the collision is elastic, the direction of the velocity of the cue ball after the collision will be to the direction of the velocity of the other ball. perpendicular Select Q Difficulty: Medium Gradable: automatic Topic: Elastic and Inelastic Collisions Fill-in-the-Blank Question Type: Conceptual FB A moving cue ball strikes another ball of eq... Type: Definition 55. The impulse required to bring an auto to a stop is ordinarily provided by forces. frictional Select Q Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Fill-in-the-Blank Question Topic: Momentum and Impulse FB The impulse required to bring an auto to a s. Type: Conceptual 56. If a bullet is fired into a wooden block and remains lodged in the block, the collision was inelastic Difficulty: Easy Select Gradable: automatic Topic: Elastic and Inelastic Collisions Fill-in-the-Blank Question Type: Conceptual FB If a bullet is fired into a wooden block and... Type: Definition 57. If a bullet is fired into a solid wooden block and comes out the other side, the collision was inelastic. partially

Select

Fill-in-the-Blank Question FB If a bullet is fired into a solid wooden blo... Topic: Elastic and Inelastic Collisions Type: Conceptual Type: Definition

58. If the same impulse is applied to a ping-pong ball and a baseball, the change in the ping-pong ball's momentum will be ______ the baseball's.

the same as

Select

Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Momentum and Impulse Type: Conceptual

Fill-in-the-Blank Question FB If the same impulse is applied to a ping-pon...

Select 59. A force acts on an object for a time. If one eighth the force had acted for twice as long, the impulse would have been ______as much as before.

one quarter

Fill-in-the-Blank Question FB If one eighth the force acts for twice as lo... Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Momentum and Impulse Type: Conceptual 60. A 60 kg boy standing on a skateboard with frictionless wheels and negligible mass throws a 3 kg ball straight up with a speed of 4 m/s. If the boy was at rest before the throw, his speed after the throw will be _____. zero



Fill-in-the-Blank Question FB A 60 kg boy standing on a skateboard with fr... Difficulty: Easy Gradable: automatic Topic: Recoil Type: Conceptual

WWW.