



# IT'S TIME TO LEVEL UP!



Featuring teacher Doireean





# **EXPRESSING FUTURE** PLANS AND ARRANGEMENTS

In English we have many ways to express future plans and arrangements:

### 1. Present simple

The present simple is used to talk about future timetables and schedules:

e.g. The train leaves at 11.00 pm. The meeting starts at 10.00 am tomorrow morning.

#### 2. Present continuous

The present continuous is used to talk about future arrangements (plans organised/prepared with other people; we know the exact time and place):

e.g. We are playing tennis on Sunday at 4.00 pm. They are travelling to Paris next weekend.

### **3. Be going to + infinitive**

Be going to + infinitive is used to talk about future plans/intentions:

e.g. I'm going to learn English.

We are going to travel around Europe next summer.





#### 4. Future simple (will + infinitive)

The future simple is used to talk about instant:

a)decisions,

- b)promises,
- c)offers and

d)suggestions:

- a) In a restaurant: I'll have the fish.
- b) I won't tell anyone your secret.
- c) I'll help you move tomorrow.
- d) Shall/will we go to the cinema tonight.

#### **5. Future perfect (will have + past participle)**

The future perfect is used to say something will be finished before a certain time in the future:

e.g. They will have finished the project by next year.

#### 6. Future continuous (will be + verb + ing)

The future continuous is used to say that an action will be in progress at a certain time in the future.

e.g. This time tomorrow I'll be studying English.



Complete the sentences with the correct future tense/tenses and the verb given.

1. The train	at 10.00 am tomorrow morning.
(leave)	
2. We	away next weekend, we've booked
two nights in a hotel. (go)	
3. When I finish this course, I	around Europe.
(travel)	
4. By the end of this month, they	into their new
apartment in London. (moved)	
5. My computer is broken! Don't wo	orry I you. (help)
6. If the movie starts at 8.00 pm, we	e it until 10.00
pm at least. (watch)	
7. Saraha m	neeting with her boss tomorrow
morning. (have)	
8. The meeting	at 2.00 pm this afternoon. (start)
9. It's been snowing all morning, bu	It hopefully it by
this afternoon. (stop)	
10. He	_ a new job next year. (look for)
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