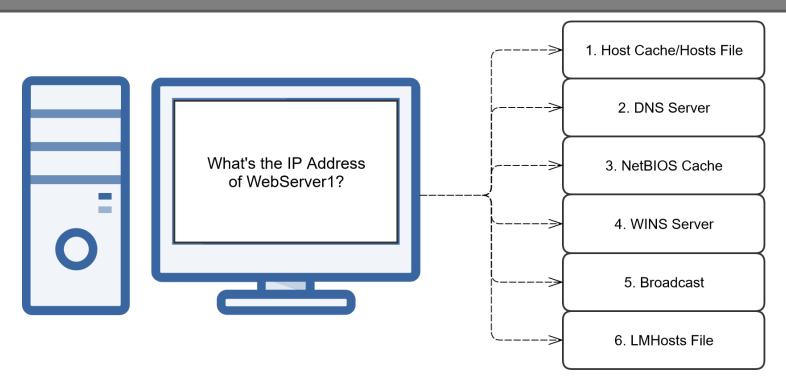
Domain Name System (DNS)



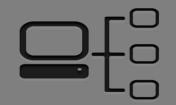
- DNS resolves host names to IP addresses (and vice versa).
 - DC1.alnet.com \rightarrow 192.168.10.5
 - https://www.udemy.com → 104.16.66.85
- Clients send name resolution requests to a DNS server and it responds with the IP address.
- The client can then use the IP address as the destination address in a data packet.

The Name Resolution Process





Common DNS Records



Record Type	Description
A (host)	Resolves a domain name to an IPv4 address.
AAAA (host)	Resolves a domain name to an IPv6 address.
PTR (pointer)	Resolves an IP address to a domain name.
CNAME (alias)	Resolves one domain name to another domain name, which allows multiple domain names to be resolved to the same IP address.
MX	Used for mail exchange servers (email servers).
SRV	Required by Active Directory (AD) to locate servers running specific services.
NS	Identifies DNS name servers.