

# Sistemas de Control Distribuido (DCS)



Por:  
Jose Carlos Villajulca



# Agenda

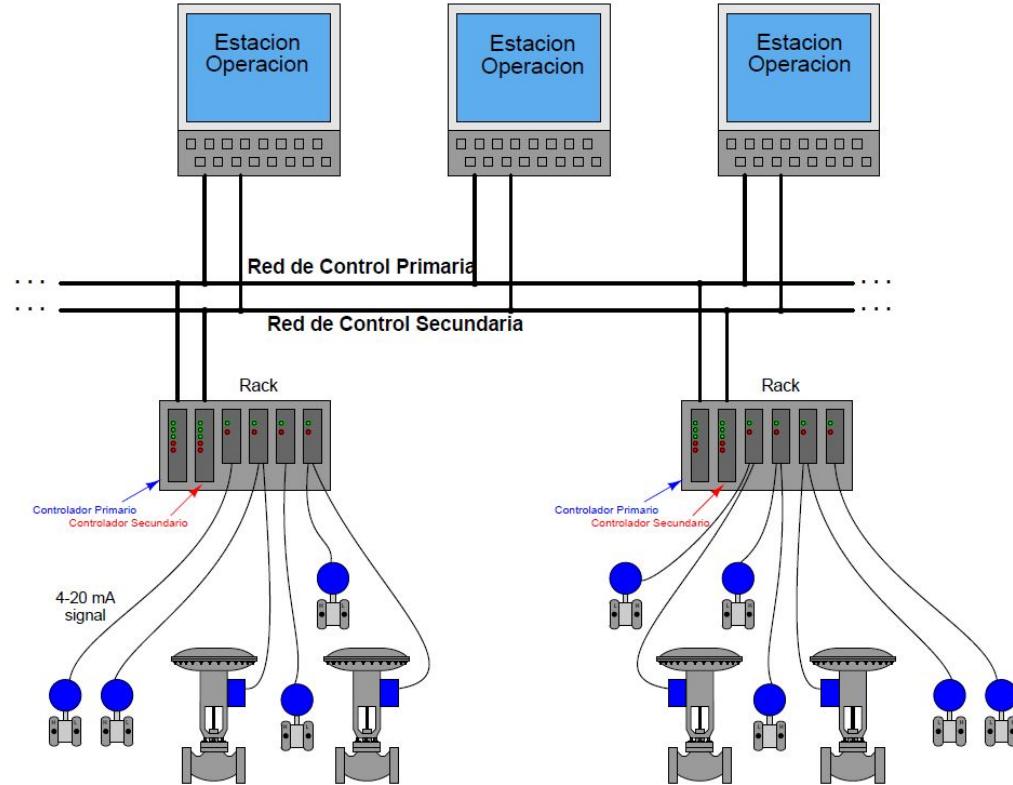
1. Conceptos Generales
2. Revisión de Hardware, Red de Control y Arquitecturas
3. Componentes de Software
4. Conceptos de Control Continuo en un DCS
5. Interfaz HMI en un DCS (faceplates)
6. Programacion de Bloques (Lazos de control)
7. Configuracion de HMI en un DCS
8. Históricos y Tendencias
9. Sistema y Procesamiento de Alarmas
10. Herramientas de Diagnóstico Integrado en un DCS

# Modulo 1: Conceptos Generales

# Que es un DCS?

1. Las aplicaciones de control se distribuyen a los controladores del sistema que se dedican a procesos específicos de la planta utilizando dispositivos de campo.
2. Este tipo de sistema de control industrial está conectado por una red de comunicación de alta velocidad. Mientras que cada controlador funciona de forma autónoma, existe un control de supervisión central a cargo de un operario.
3. Un DCS lo constituyen tanto elementos de software como de hardware. Los costes de instalación se reducen al mínimo gracias a la simplicidad de la instalación local con la mayoría de los controladores
4. Los procesos individuales tienen sus propios controladores con CPUs separadas, por lo que otros procesos pueden continuar en una situación de avería individual, a diferencia de un sistema de controlador central

# Que es un DCS?



# Fabricantes de DCS

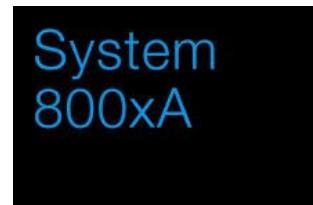
ABB : 800xA

Emerson: DeltaV y Ovation

Invensys Foxboro: I/A Series e Evo

Honeywell: Experion PKS

Yokogawa: CENTUM VP y CENTUM CS



by Schneider Electric



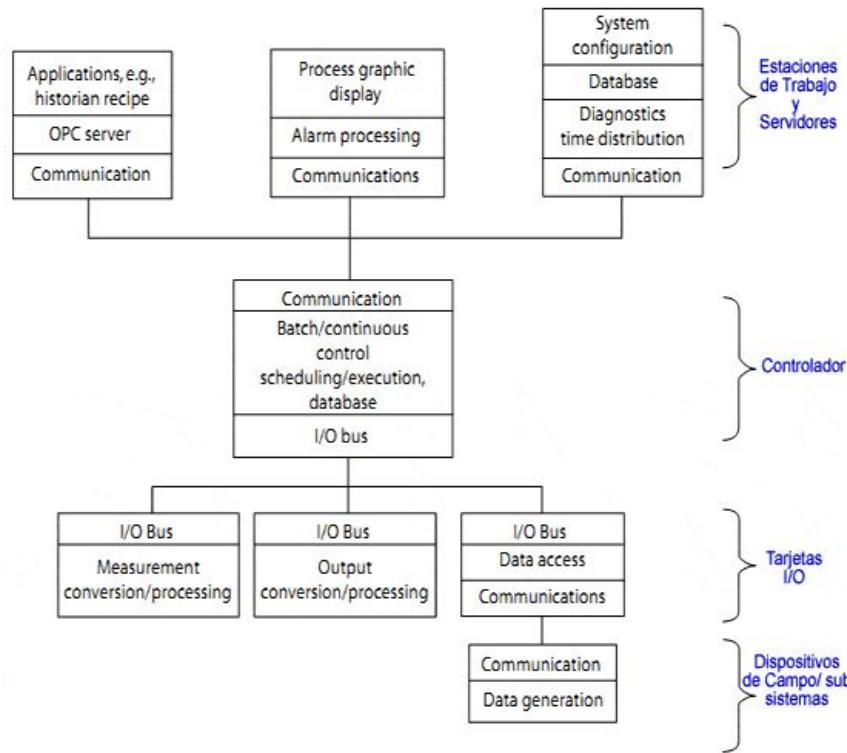
EXPERION PKS



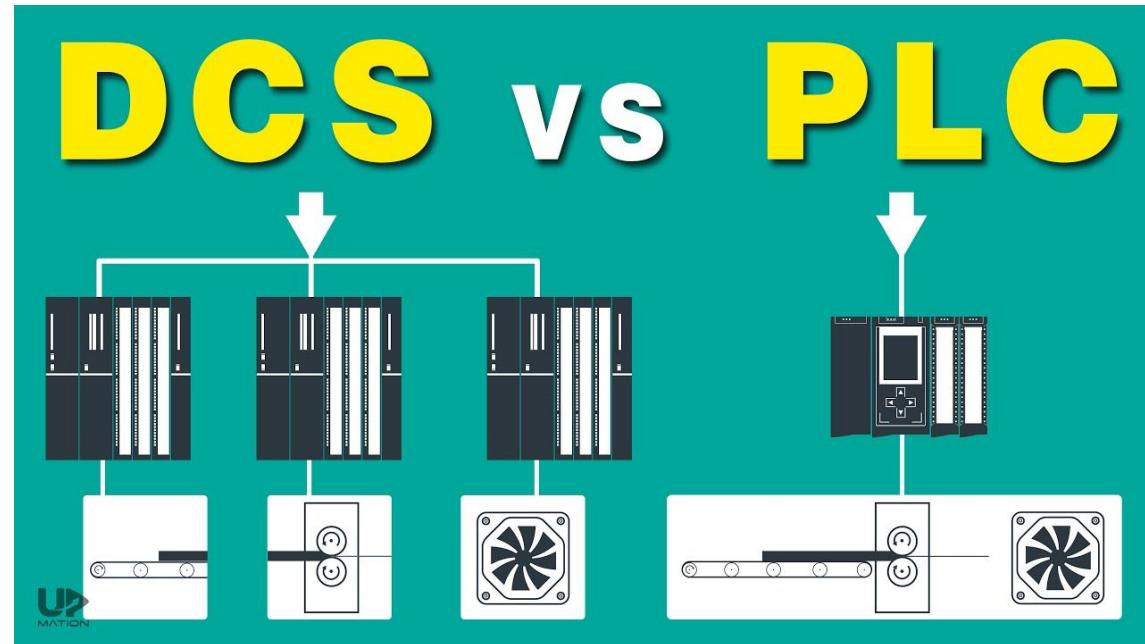
# Fabricantes de DCS



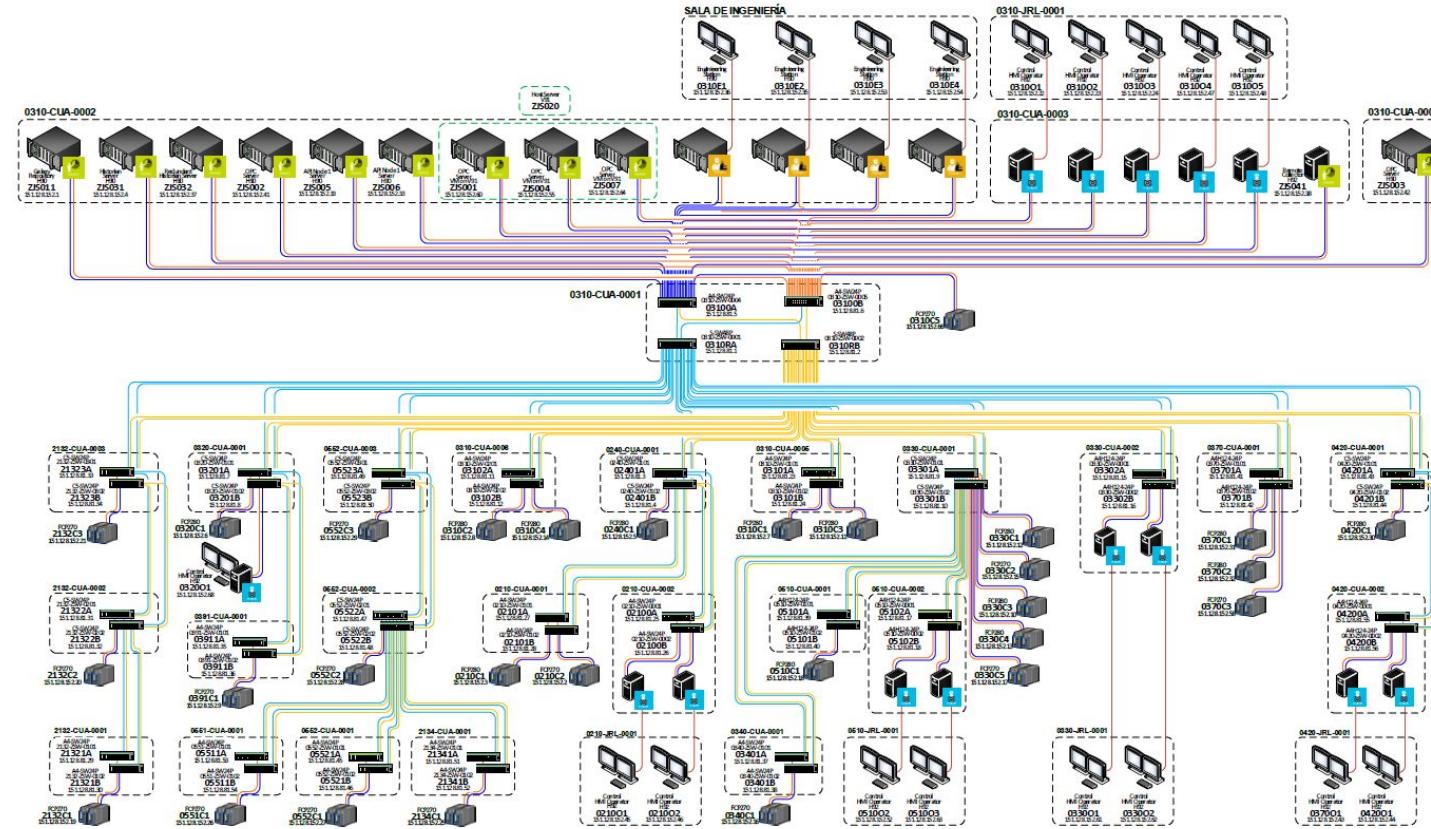
# Esqueleto de un DCS



# DCS vs PLC



# Como es realmente la red en DCS?



# Caracteristicas

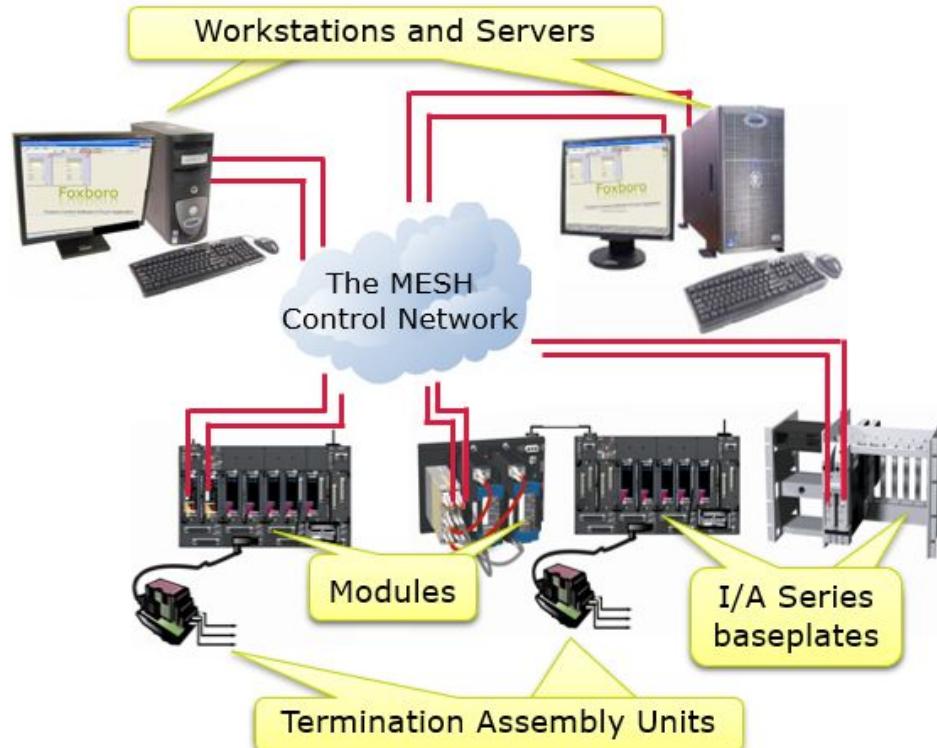
- Alta disponibilidad 99.9%
- Redundancia de Controladores
- Redundancia de modulos de comunicacion y campo IO
- Redundancia de Red de comunicaciones
- Redundancia de Fuentes de alimentación
- Salas de control centralizadas
- Muchas estaciones de control u Operacion
- Gestion de alarmas
- Conectividad con ERP, CMMS, Sistemas Documentacion.
- Historicos
- Sistemas Instrumentados de Seguridad
- Autodiagnóstico y centralizados
- Time stamp en todos los equipos (servidores, estaciones, controladores, etc)
- Base de datos de configuración centralizada
- Altamente escalable.

## **Modulo 2: Hardware en un DCS**

# Hardware

- Procesadores
- Estaciones de Operación
- Servidores
- Baseplates o racks
- Termination Assembly (TA)
- MESH Control Network

En otras marcas de DCS,  
prácticamente cambia el nombre de  
los equipos



# Estaciones y Servidores

- Estacion de Operación y Workstations
  - Terminal grafico para uso Operacional.
    - Monitorea y controla las variables de la Planta
    - Recibe notificacion de alarmas del sistema y proceso
  - Es la interfaza hombre maquina (HMI) entre el Operador y el Proceso.
  - Usa otros equipos como
    - Monitores
    - Teclados y Anunciadores
    - Mouse o trackball
    - Touchscreens, etc

# Servidores V90

- Intel Xeon-Silver 4110 (2.1GZ/8Core)
- 02 Procesadores, hasta 8 cores.
- Hasta 384 GB RAM
- Hasta 8 discos internos RAID 5.
- Fuentes de alimentacion redundante
- Hasta 14 maquinas virtuales. Windows Server 2016
- Hasta 30 clientes Remote desktop.



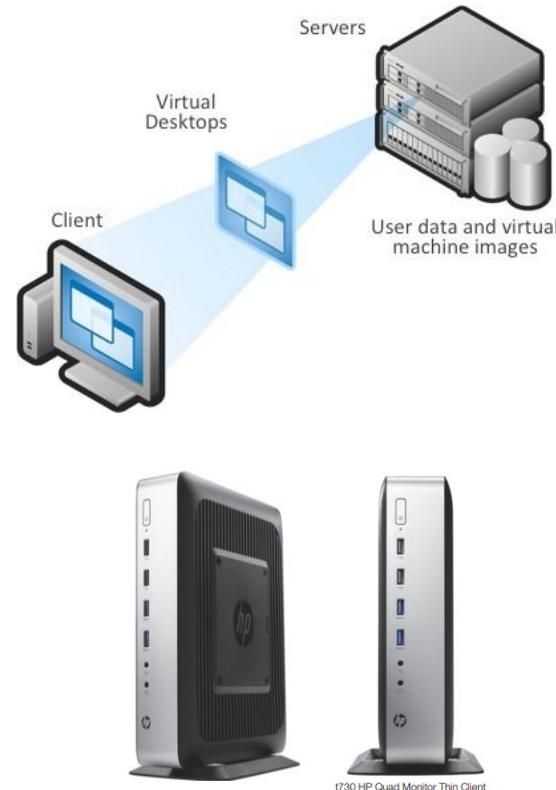
# Estacion H92

- Intel Xeon
- 4 GB Ram DDR4.
- 4 Pantalla de video DVI / DisplayPort.
- 750GB SATA
- GCIO e Impresora
- Ethernet 10/100/1000BaseT

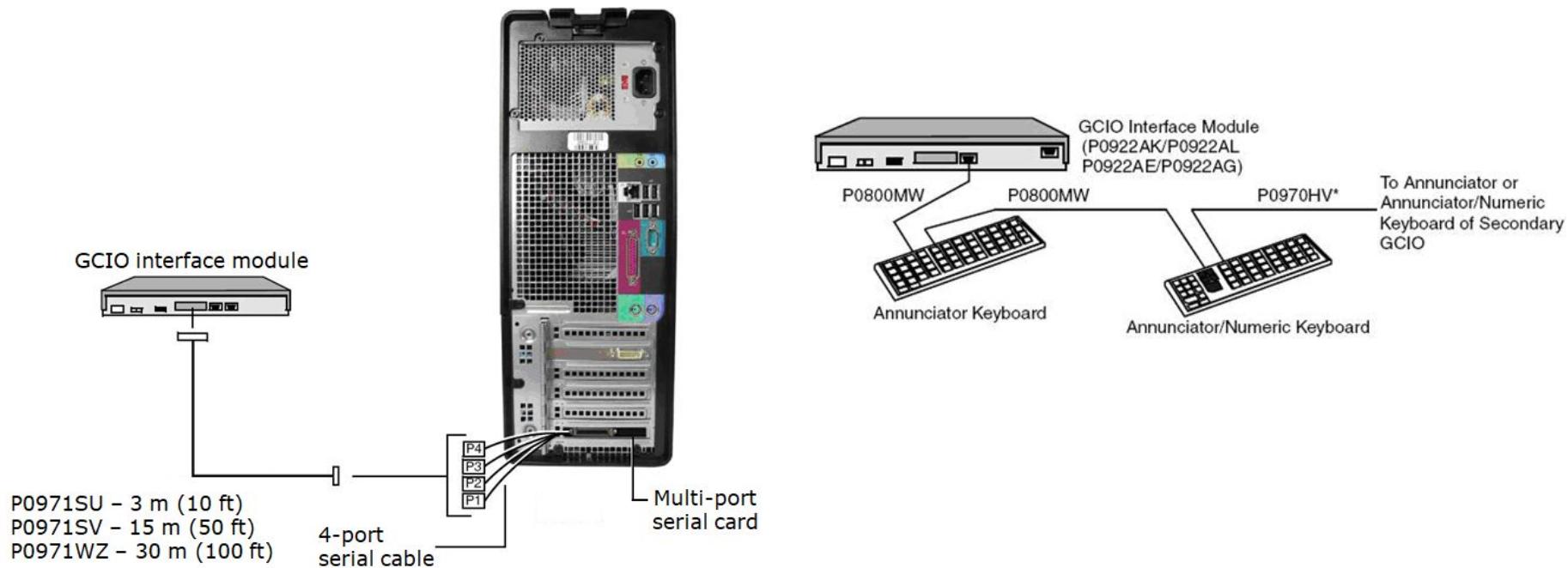


# Thin Client

- Conexion de maquina virtual (en servidor)
- Provee entorno de Operacion o Ingeneria.



# GCIO Conexión



# Modulos de Procesamiento



FCP280



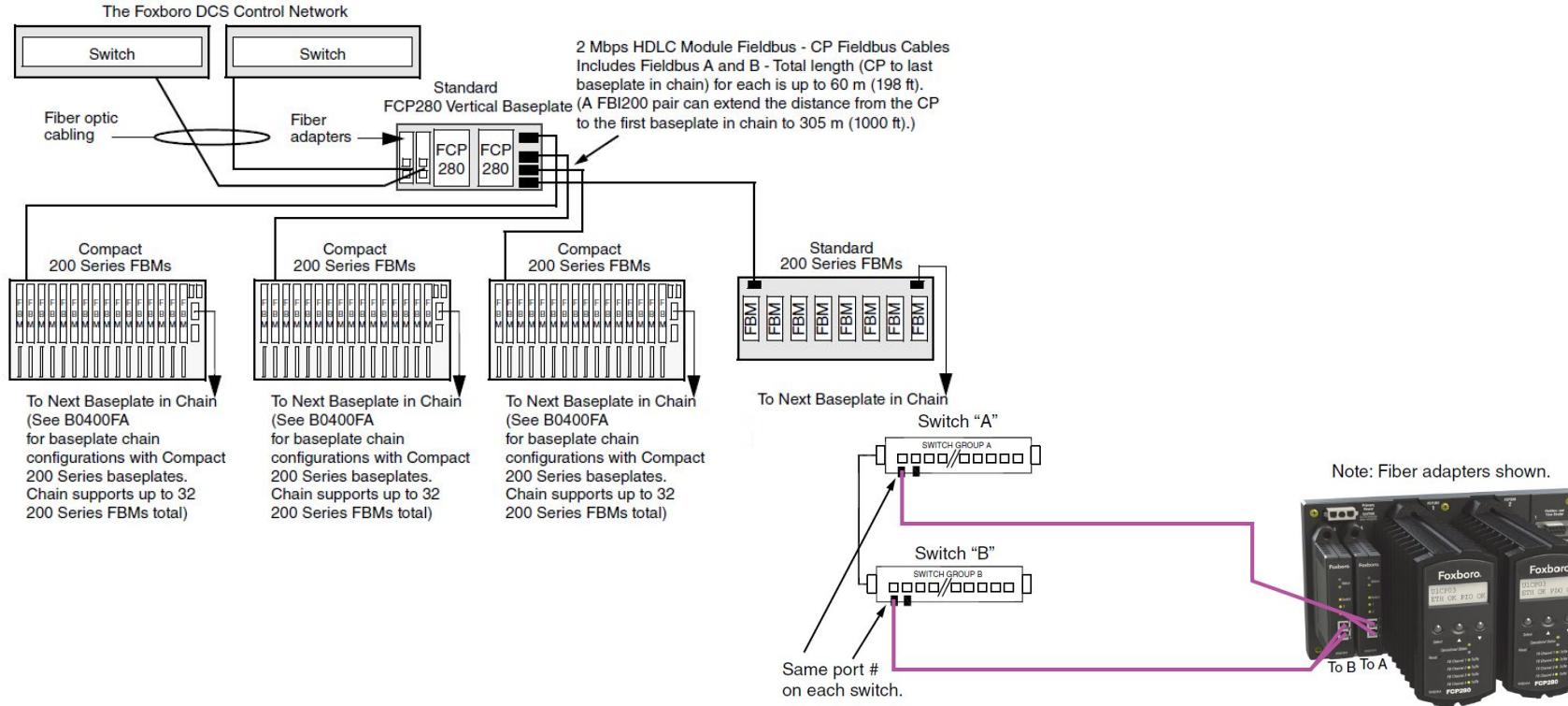
ZCP270

# Módulos de Procesamiento - Características

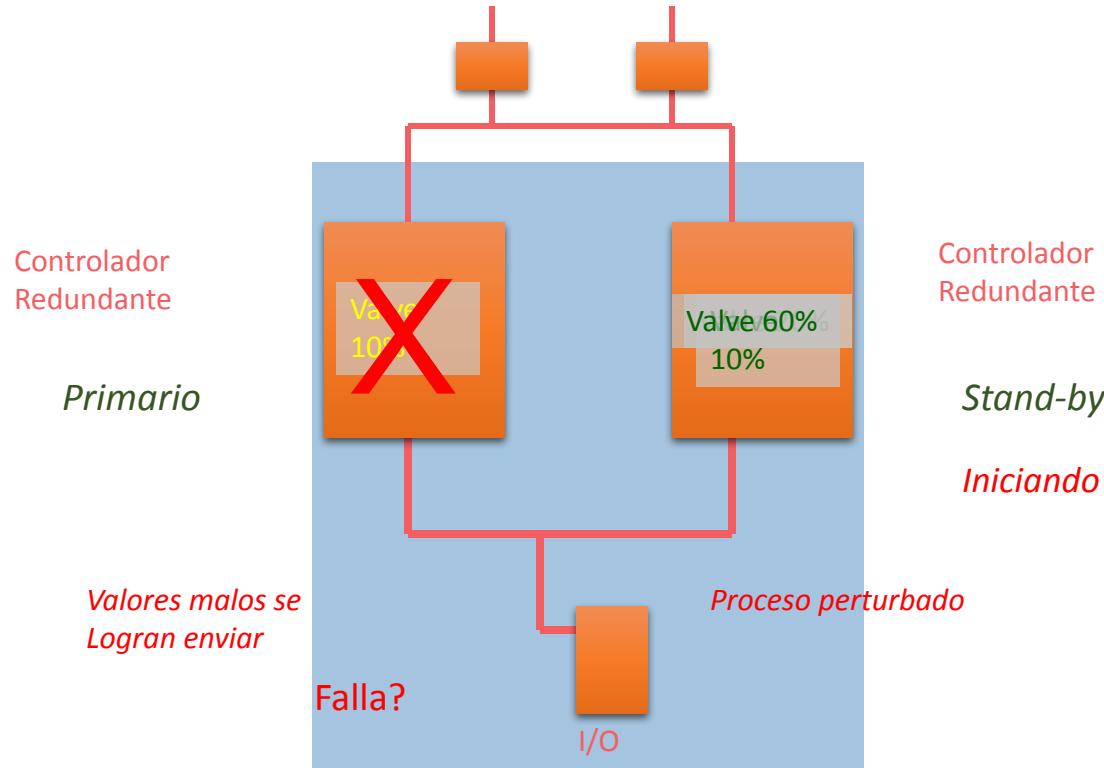
- Ejecuta lógica de control regulatoria, discreta, temporización y secuencias.
- Realizar la adquisición de datos, detección de alarmas y notificación
- Soporta hasta 128 modulos FBM.
- Fault Tolerant (02 modulos)
- Online-upgrade de software. Con proceso trabajando
- 2 Mbps para comunicación fieldbus.
- Sintonización con GPS
- Ethernet via cobre o fibra optica.
- Hasta 8000 bloques.
- 16 000 bloques x segundo.



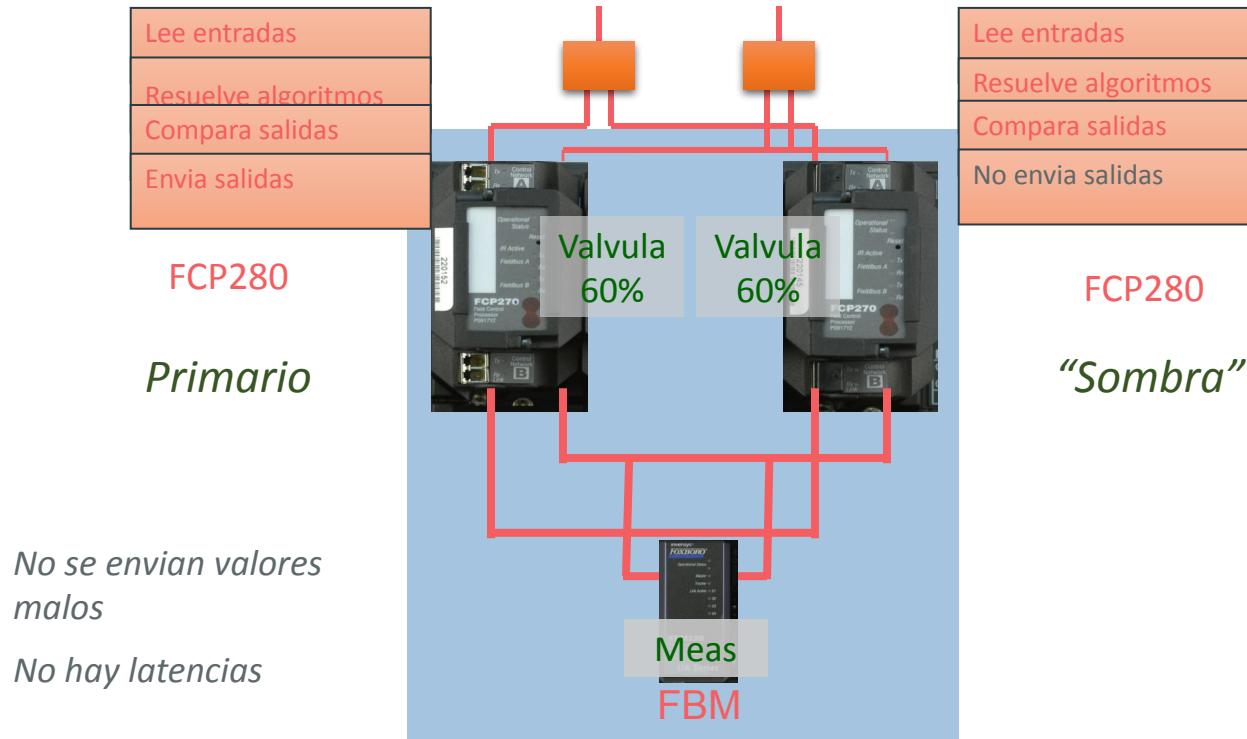
# Módulos de Procesamiento - Características



# Fault-Tolerance vs Redundancia



# Fault-Tolerance vs Redundancia



# Modulos de Entradas / Salidas

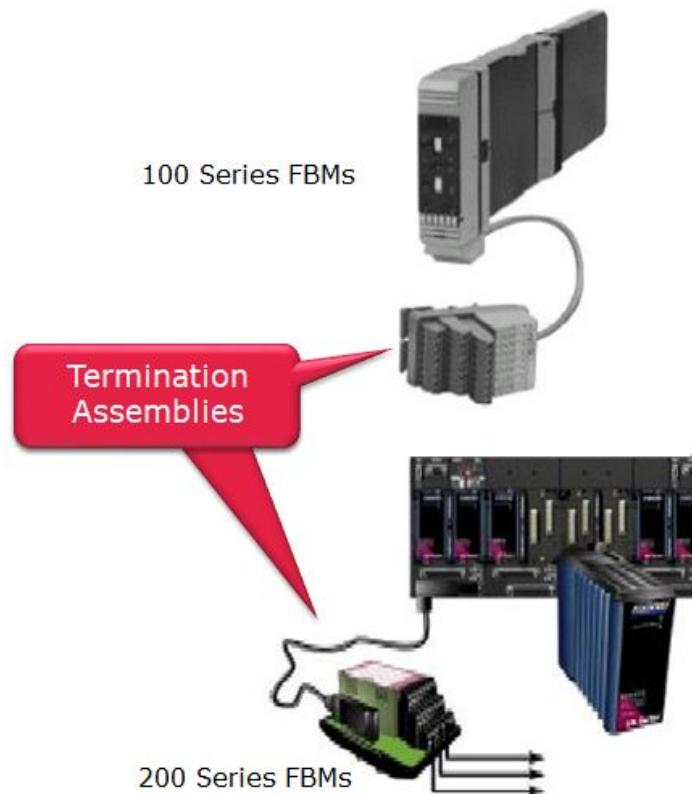
Tipos:

- Analogicas
- Discretas
- Comunicacion bus de campo

Instalacion via rail DIN

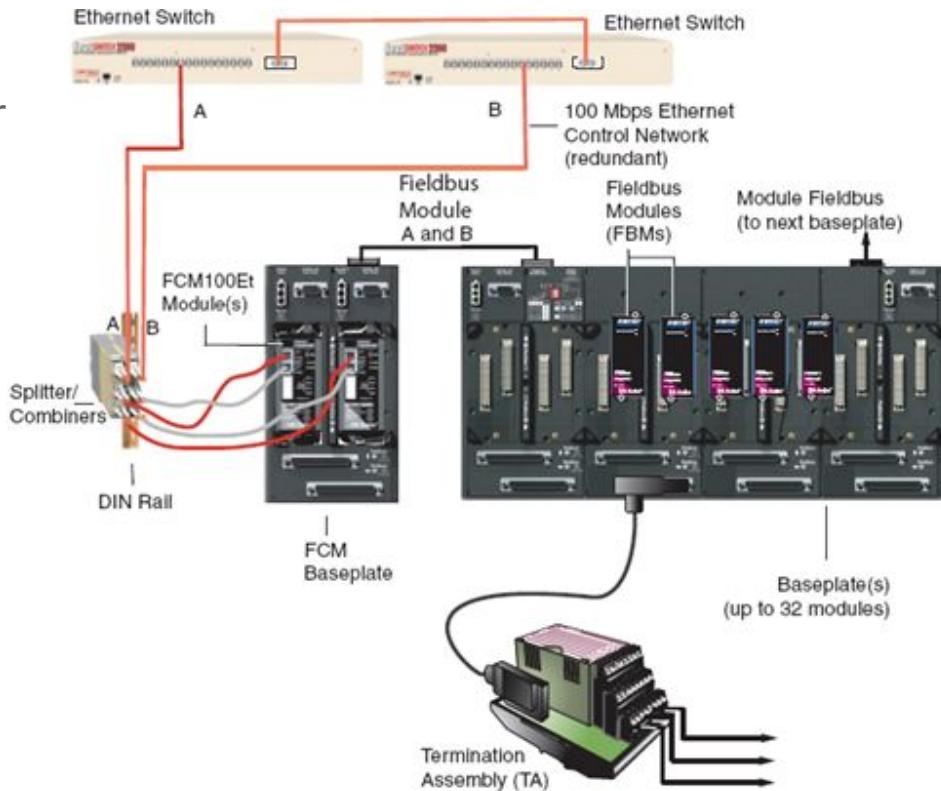
100 Series FBMs

200 Series FBMs



# Modulos de Entradas / Salidas

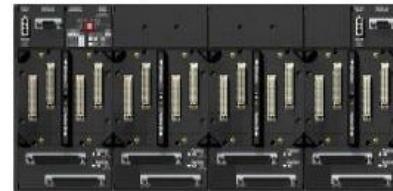
1. Convierte señales digitales de entrada o salida para integrarlas al DCS (Procesador)
2. Pueden ejecutar logica ladder y SoE (Sequence of Events)
3. Usa a las TA (Terminal Assembly) para integrar físicamente a la señal.



# Modulos de Entradas / Salidas - Instalacion



Horizontal configuration



Vertical configuration



# FBM Analogicas

<b>FBM Type</b>	<b>Description</b>
FBM201	Eight Analog In (0-20 mA dc)
FBM201b	Eight Analog In (0-100 mV dc)
FBM201c	Eight Analog In (0-5 V dc)
FBM201d	Eight Analog In (0-10 V dc)
FBM202	Eight Thermocouple/mV In (-10.5 to 69.5 mV dc)
FBM203	Eight RTD In (0-320 ohms)
FBM203b	Eight RTD In (0-640 ohms)
FBM203c	Eight RTD In (0-30 ohms)
FBM204	Four In (0-20 mA dc) and four Out (0-20 mA dc)
FBM205	Four In (0-20 mA dc) and four Out (0-20 mA dc), redundant ready
FBM206	Eight Pulse In (10 Hz to 25 kHz)
FBM208	Redundant with readback; four In and four Out (0-20 mA dc)
FBM211	16 Analog In (0-20 mA dc)
FBM212	14 Thermocouple/mV In and -10.5 to 69.5 mV dc
FBM237	Eight Analog Out (0-20 mA dc), redundant ready

# FBM Discretas

<b>FBM Type</b>	<b>Description</b>
FBM207	16 In and 0-80 V dc
FBM207b	16 In and 24 V dc contact sense
FBM207c	16 In and 48 V dc contact sense
FBM217	32 Discrete Input
FBM219	24 Inputs and 8 outputs voltage monitor/contact sense
FBM240	Eight discrete inputs and eight discrete outputs (redundant)
FBM241	Eight discrete inputs and eight discrete outputs
FBM242	16 discrete outputs

# FBM Comunicacion

<b>FBM Type</b>	<b>Description</b>
FBM214/215	HART
FBM216	HART redundant ready
FBM220/221	FOUNDATION Fieldbus H1
FBM223	Profibus
FBM224	Modbus interface
FBM228	FOUNDATION Fieldbus H1
FBM243/246	FoxCom (246 is redundant)

# FBM FDSI (Field Device System Integrator)

<b>FBM Type</b>	<b>Description</b>
FBM230/231	RS232/422/485: Modbus, AB, and so on (231 is redundant)
FBM232/233	Ethernet: Modbus, OPC, and so on (233 is redundant)

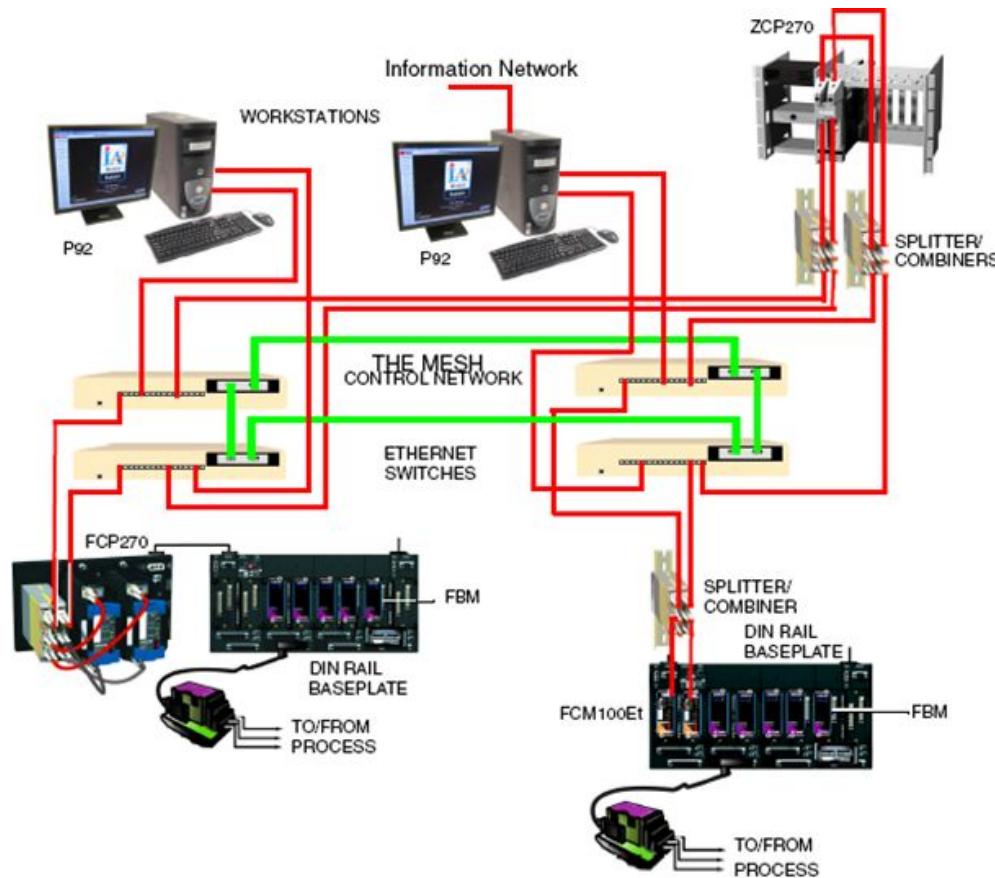
# FBM Universal



- HART Entrada Analogica
- HART Salida Analogica
- 4-20mA Entrada y Salida
- 0-20mA Entrada y Salida
- 0-10V y 0-5V Entradas
- Contacto Seco entrada 24 VDC
- NAMUR entrada discreta
- Contador de pulsos, frecuencia-
- Salida Discreta 24 V,

# **Red de Control y Arquitecturas**

# Red de Control

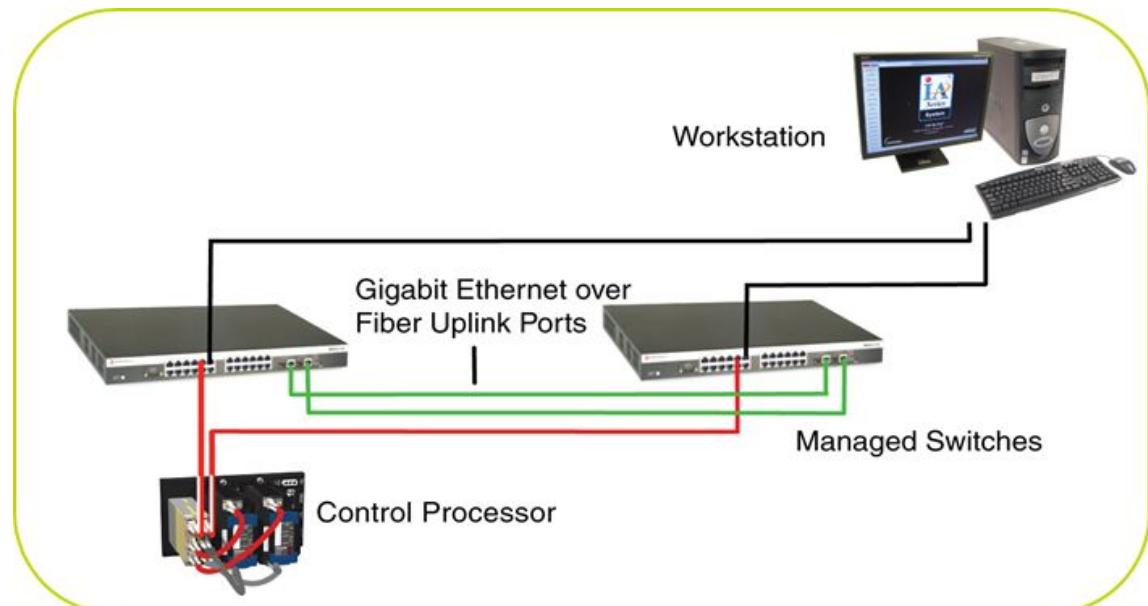


# Red de Control

- Provee alta disponibilidad, proveyendo multiples caminos de datos, eliminando puntos de falla
- Integracion a 100 mb / 1 GB.
- Uso de protocolos como Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)
- Soporte de topologías: Lineal, Anillo, Estrella, Arbol Invertido
- Hasta 1920 estaciones.
- Hasta 250 switches
- Hasta 10000 direcciones IP
- Uso de cableado de cobre y fibra optica (monomodo y multimodo)
- Distancias de hasta 70 KM
- Delay en la red menor a 100 ms.

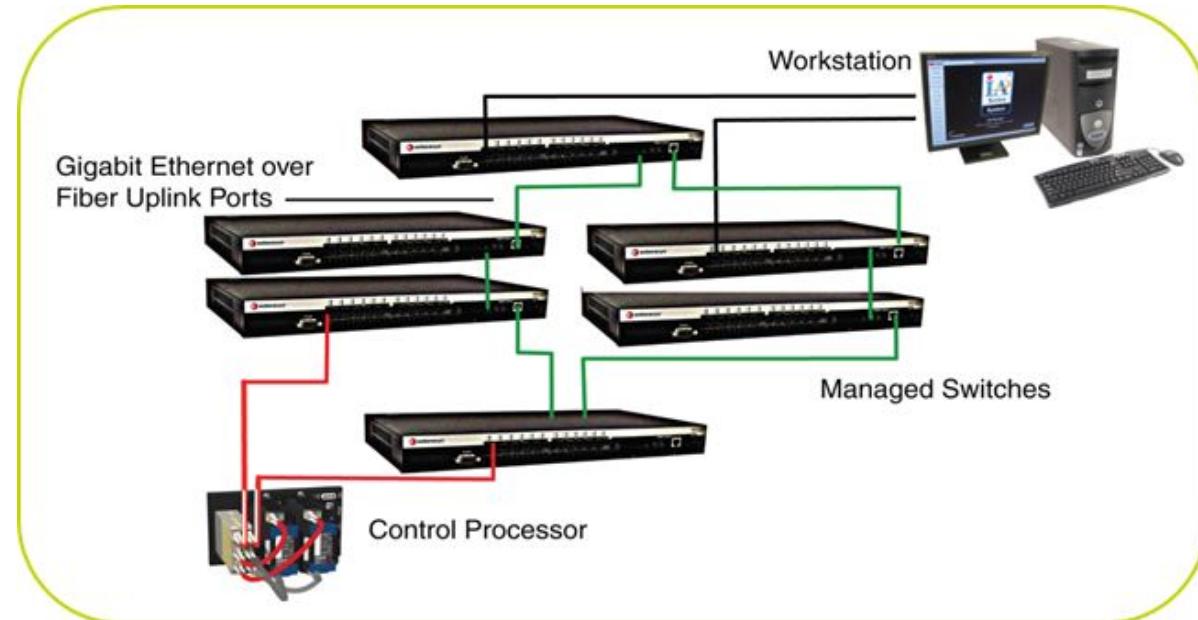
# Red de Control - Topología Lineal

- Red de 2 switches
- Falla en un componente no afecta al resto.



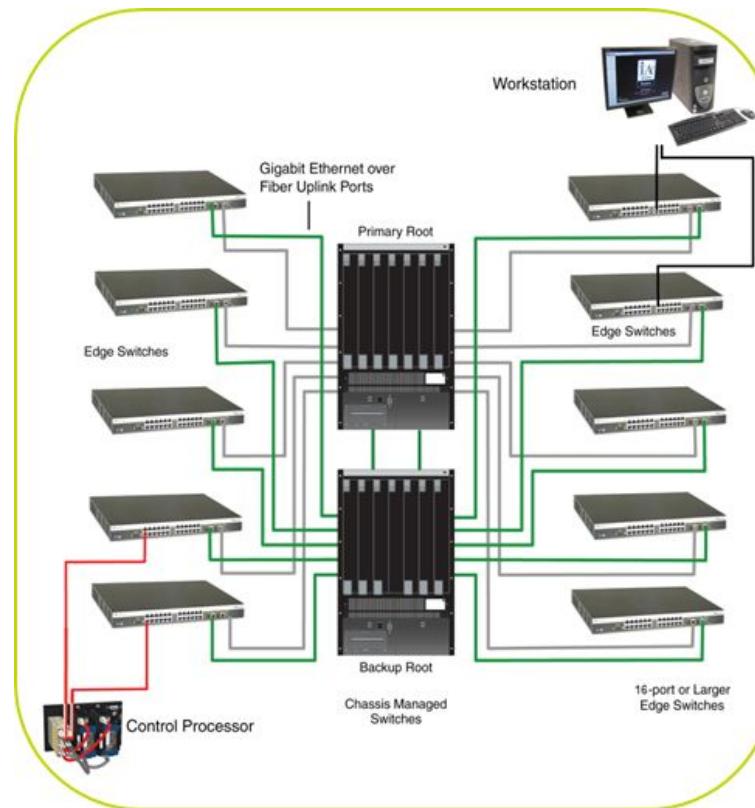
# Red de Control - Topología Anillo

- De 3 a 7 switches
- Falla en algun switch da lugar a una topologia lineal.
- Falla en algun componente no afecta al resto



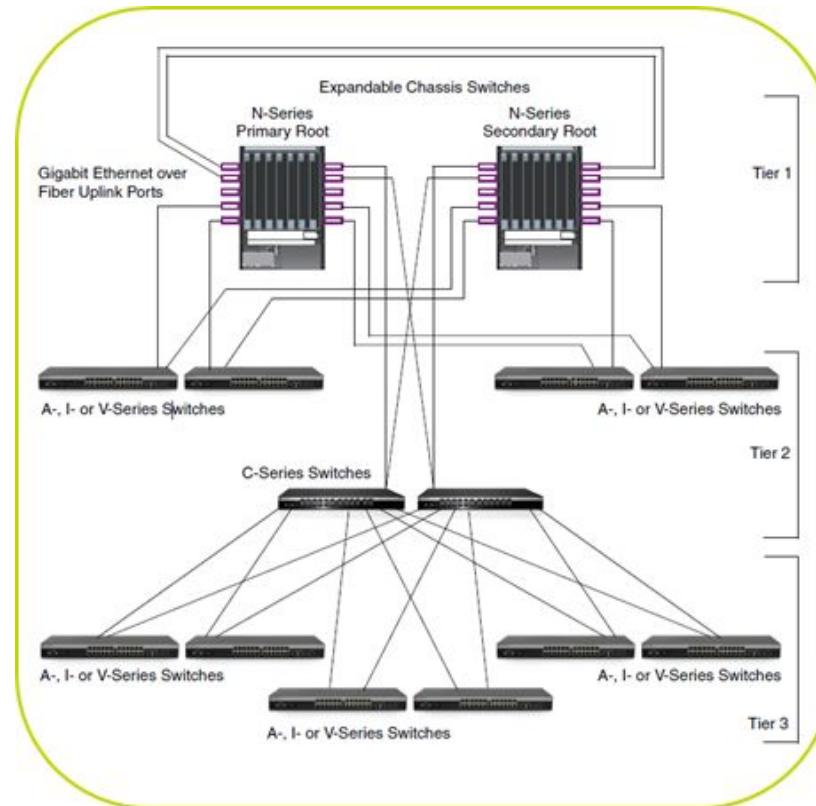
# Red de Control - Topología Anillo

- Para redes medias y grandes
- Switches “edge” se conectan a “root”
- Multiples caminos para redundancia



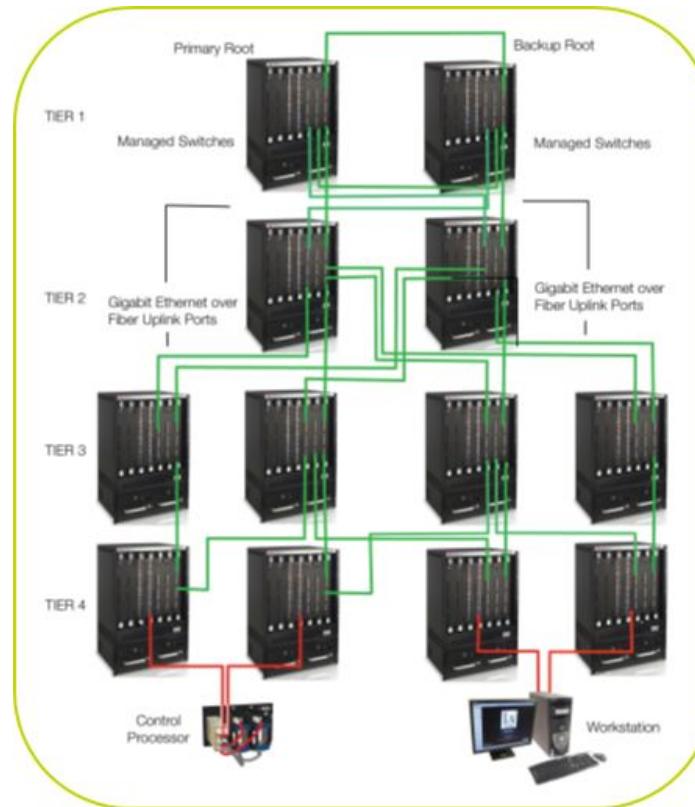
# Red de Control - Topología Doble Estrella

- Para redes medias y grandes
- Switches “edge” se conectan a “root”
- Multiples caminos para redundancia

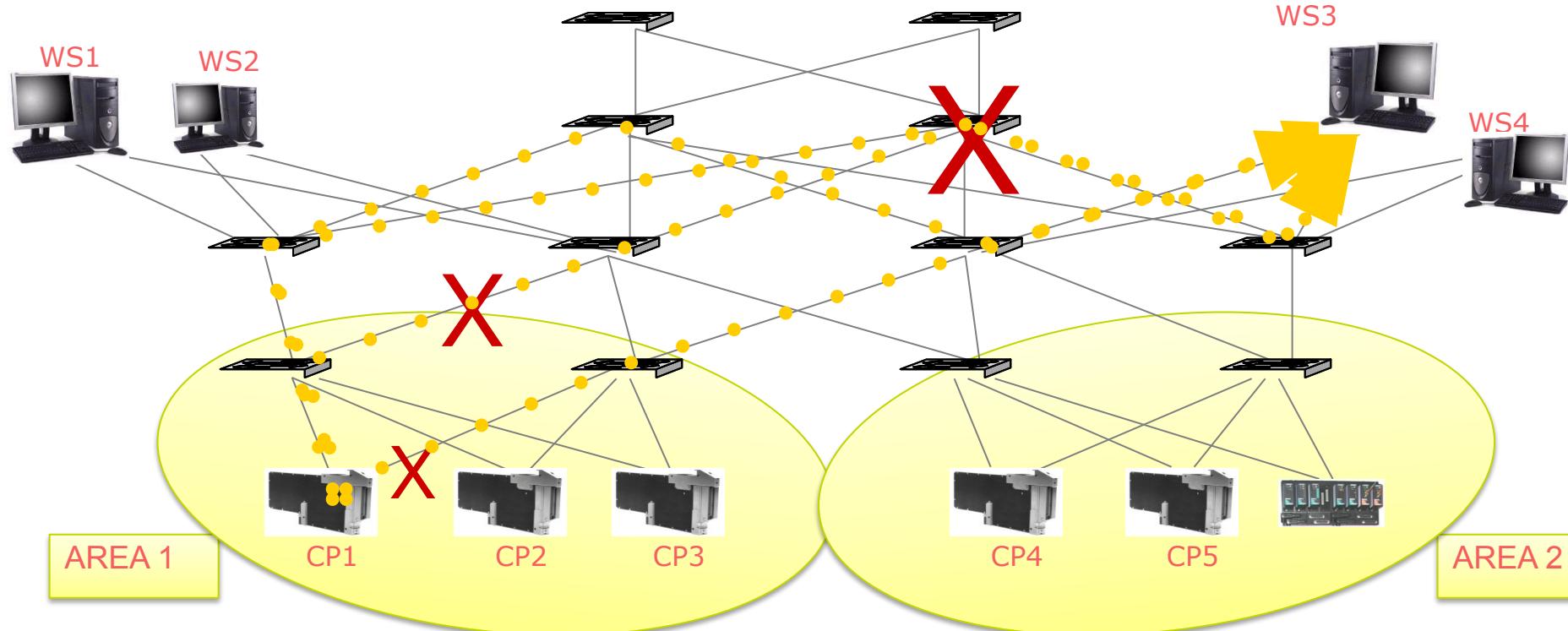


# Red de Control - Topología Árbol Invertido

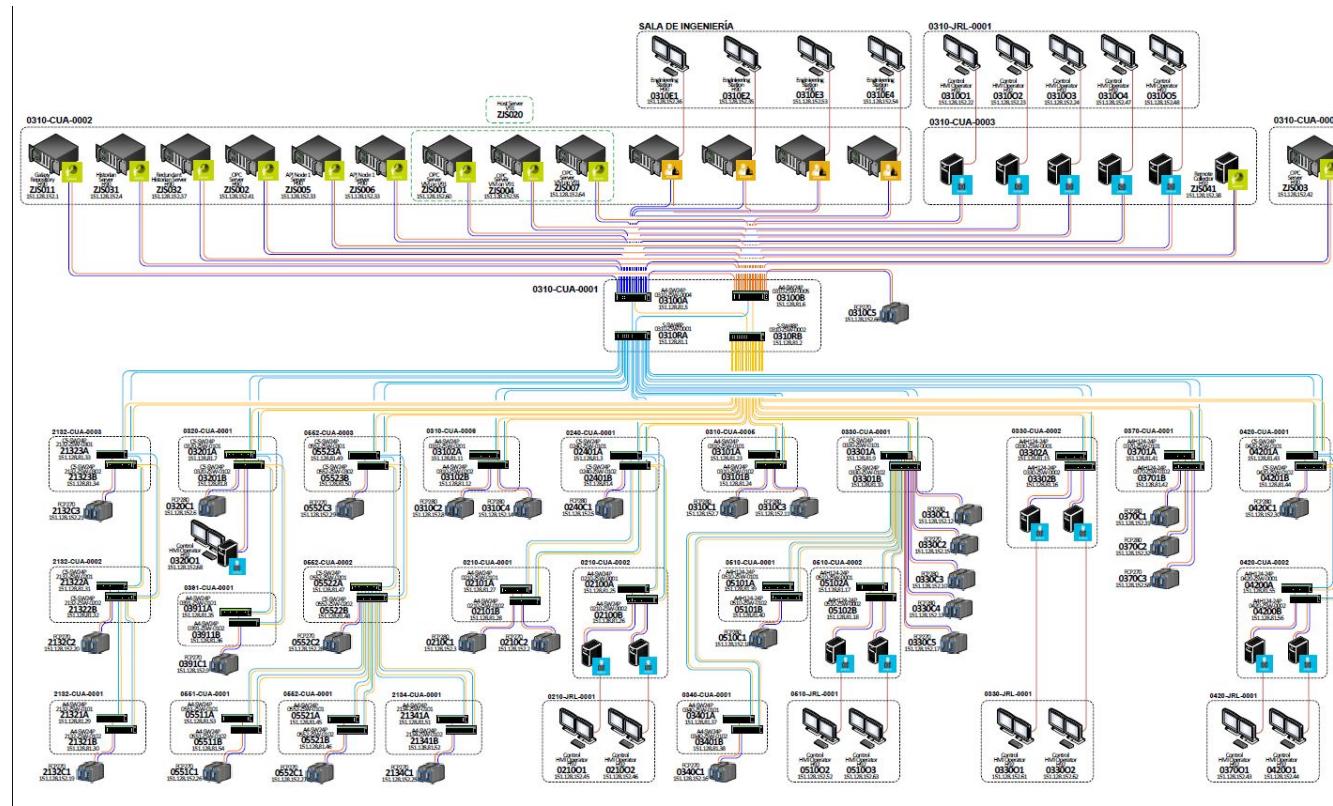
- Para redes grandes
- Switches “edge” se conectan a “root”
- Multiples caminos para redundancia



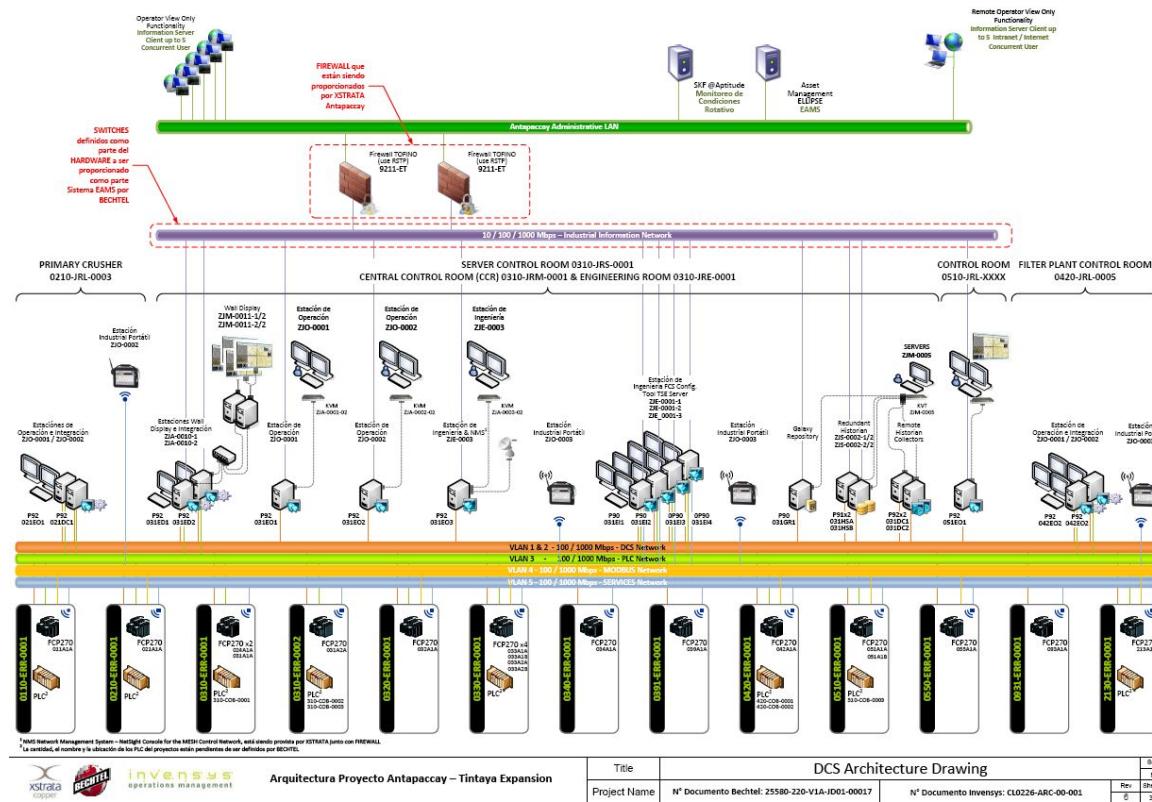
# MESH Control Network – Ejemplo



# Red de Control - Ejemplos Reales

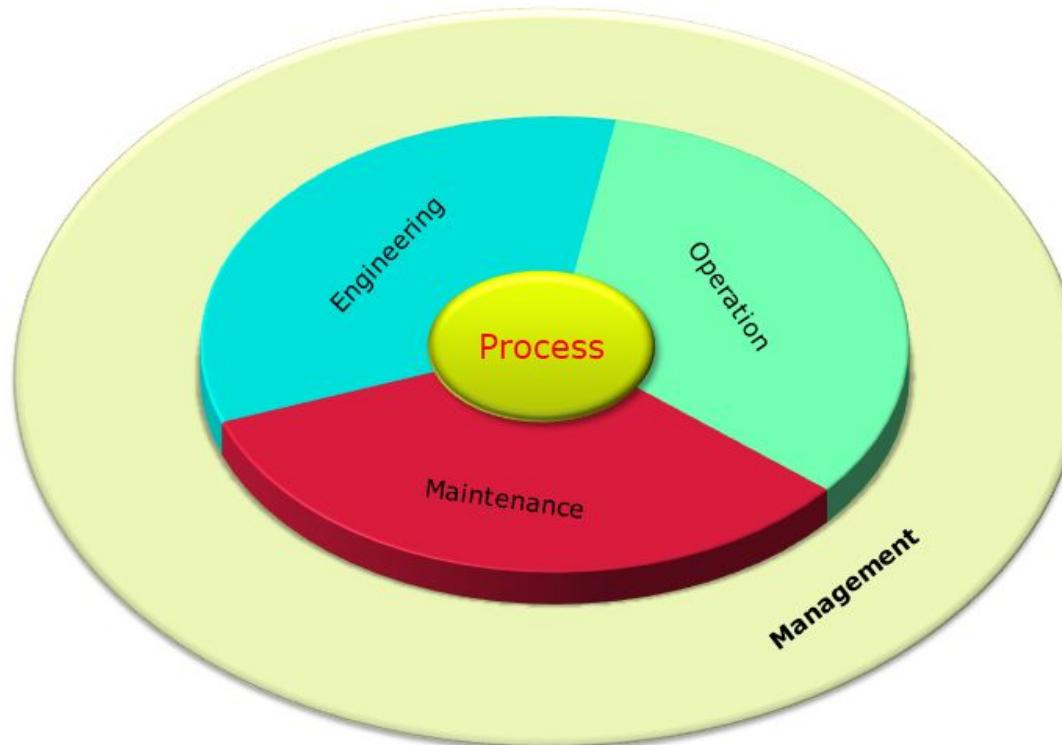


# Red de Control - Ejemplos Reales

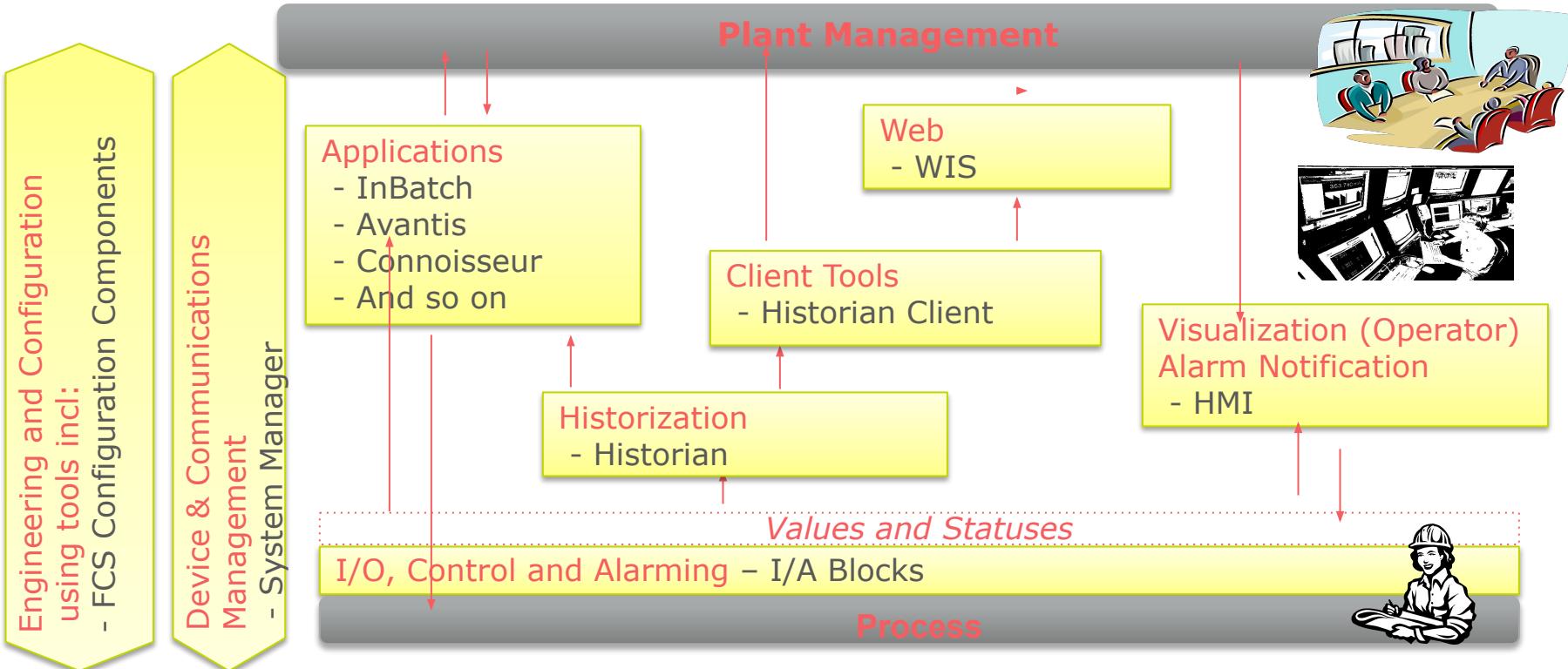


# Modulo 3: Componentes de Software

# Componentes de Software



# Paquetes de software



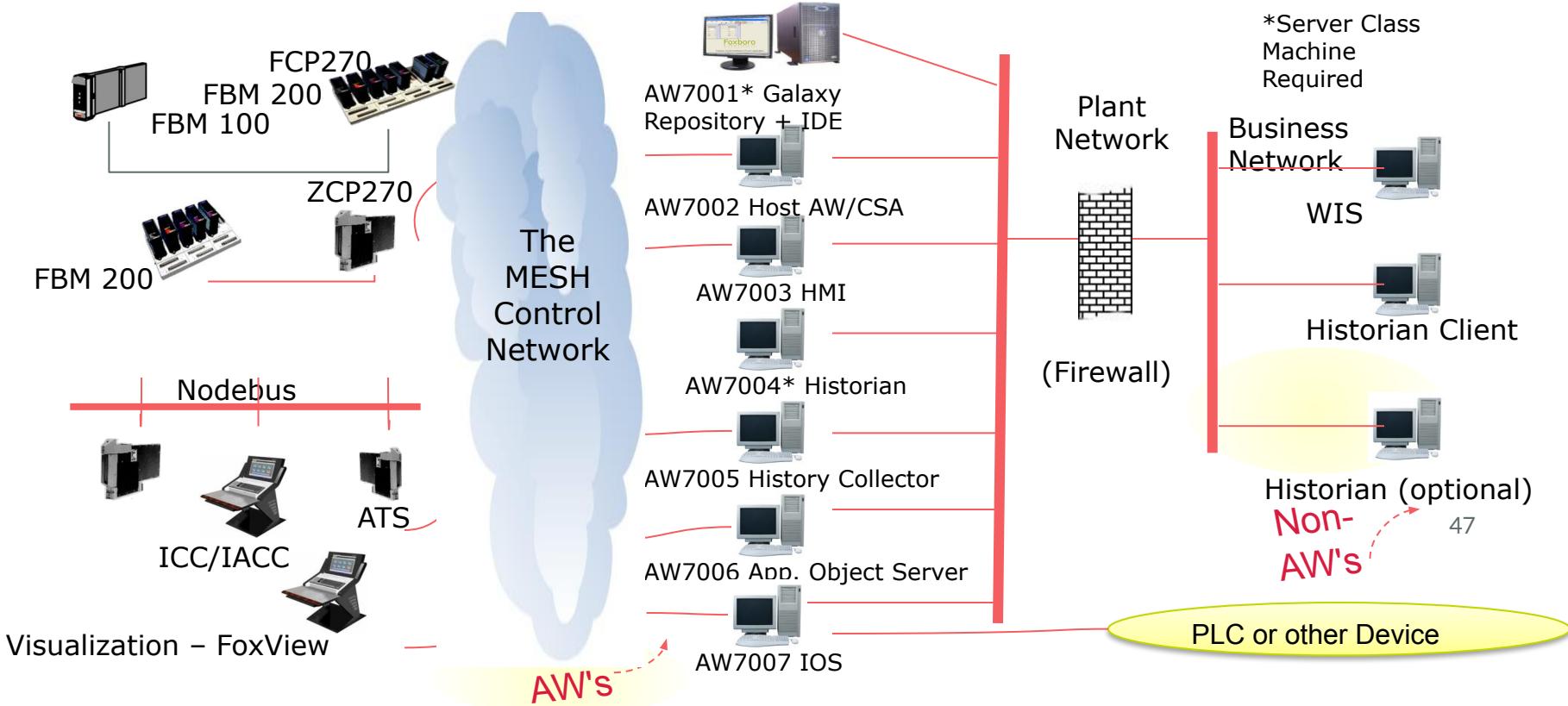
# Hardware vs Areas Funcionales

- Funciones de software
- Servidores en la red (nodos):
  - Galaxy Repository
  - FCS Configuration (IDE)
  - Visualization (InTouch/FoxView)
  - Historian (Wonderware/AM\*)
  - History Collector
  - I/O Server
  - Application Object Server
  - Web Server

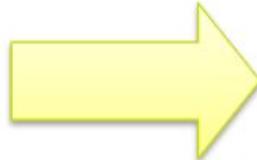
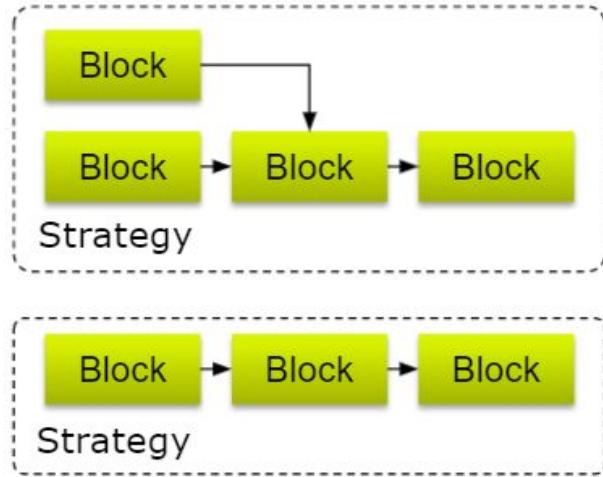


Pueden ser combinadas en  
un solo servidor

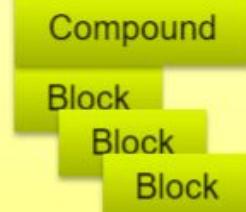
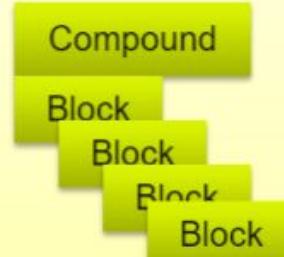
# Hardware vs Areas Funcionales



# Configurando con Bloques

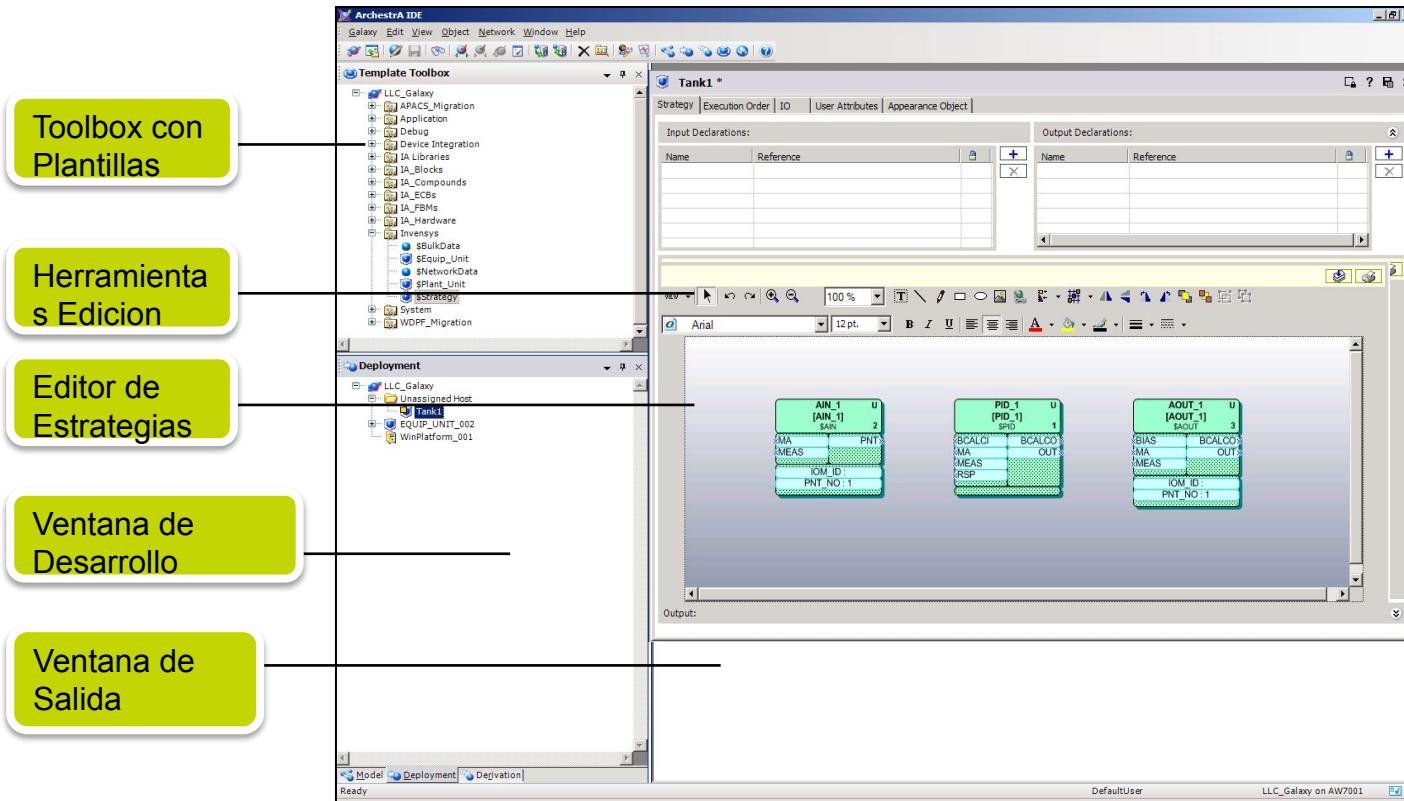


Control Processor

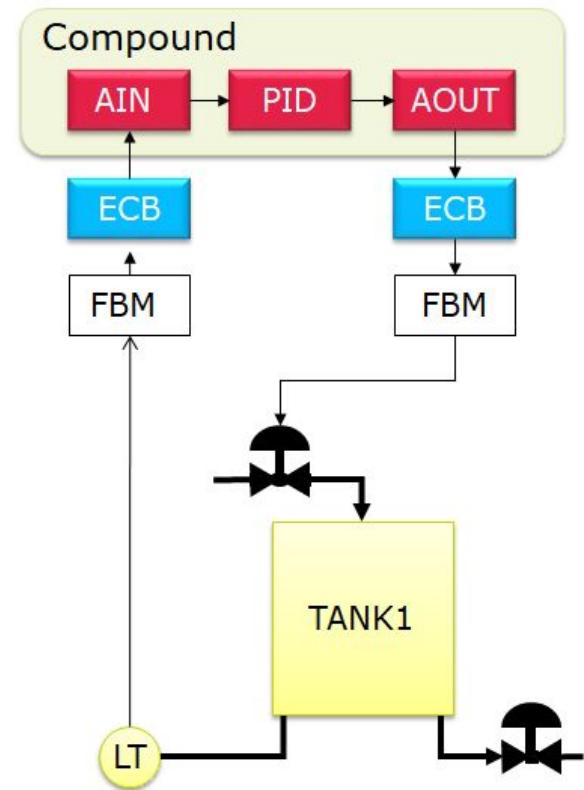
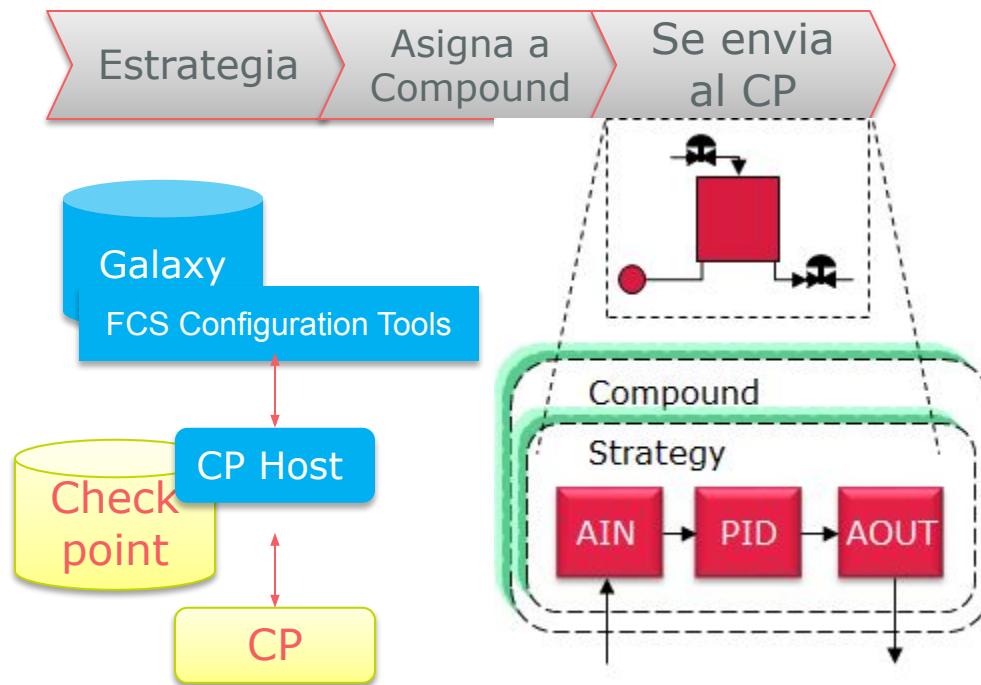


En Archestra IDE  
(Software de  
Configuracion Integrado=

# Editor de Estrategias



# FCS Configuration Tools Process Strategy



# Visualizacion

## Human-Machine Interface

- Interface tools:
  - Workstation
  - Mouse
  - Keyboards
- Visualization:
  - FCS InTouch Application Viewer
  - FoxView
- Graphic development:
  - WindowMaker
  - FoxDraw



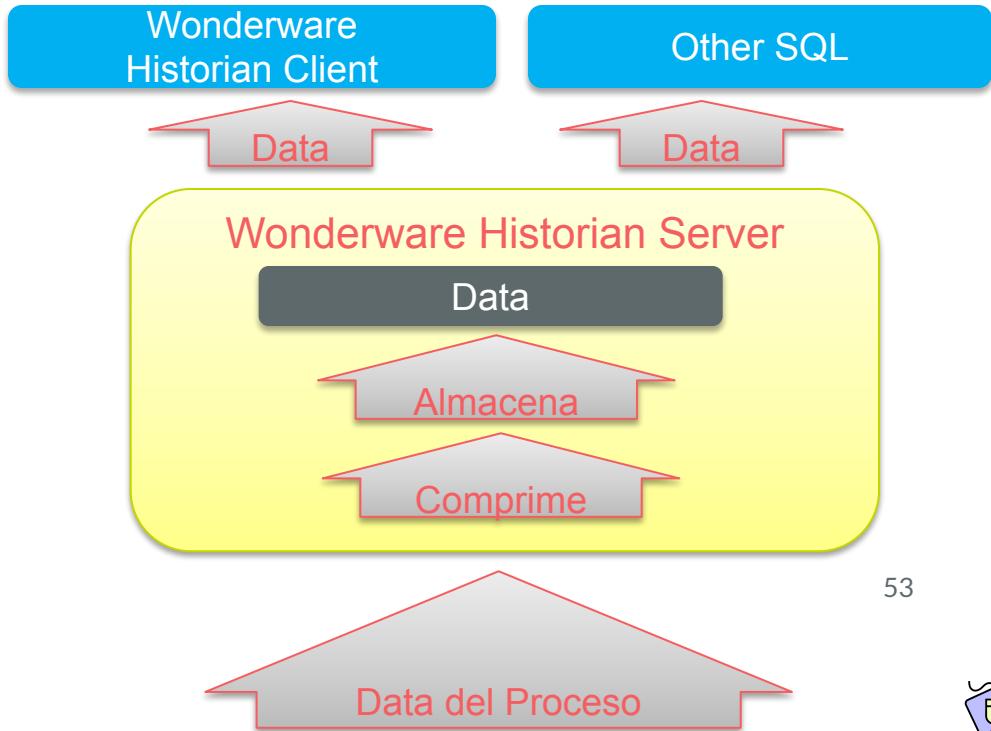
# Visualizacion

## FCS InTouch Application

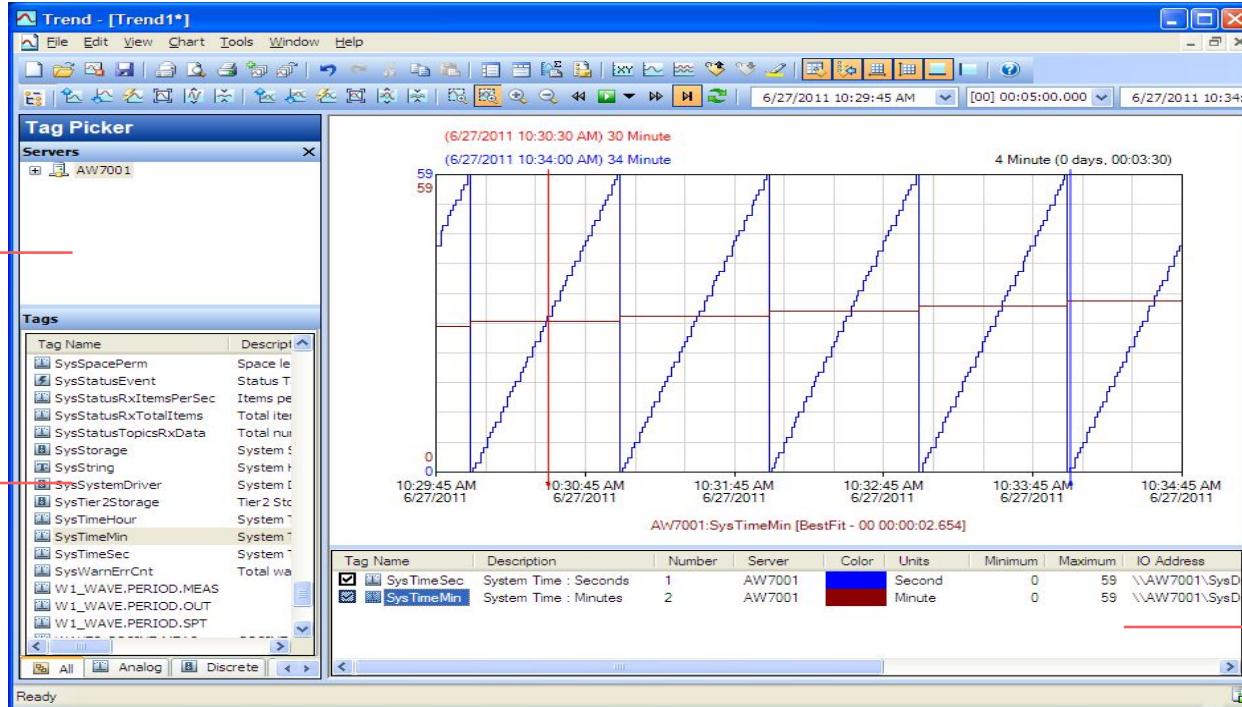


# Wonderware Historian

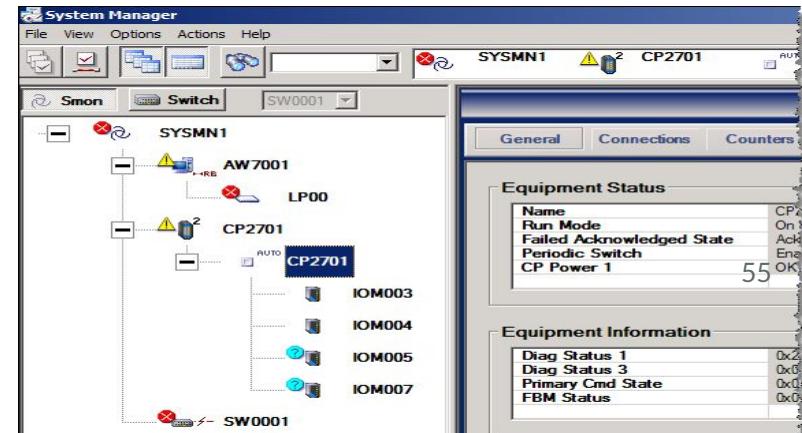
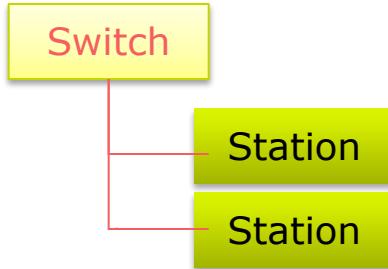
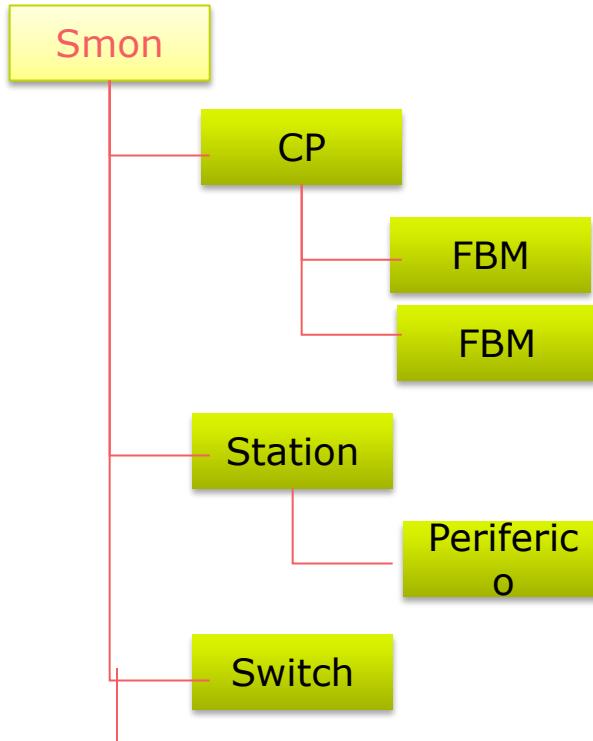
- Recibe información
- Comprime y almacena datos
- Responde a consulta de clientes



# Wonderware Historian Clients



# System Manager



# System Manager

- Monitor del sistema integrado

The screenshot displays the System Manager software interface, which includes a navigation bar at the top and two main panels below.

**Navigation Bar:** Smon, Switch, SW0001

**Left Panel (Tree View):**

- SYSMN1
  - AW7001
  - LP00
  - CP2701
  - SW0001

**Right Panel (Main Content):**

**General Tab:**

Name	CP2701
Type	Field Control Processor 270
Fault Tolerant	True
Boot Host	AW7001
IP Address	151.128.152.1
Switch Connections	1
SMON	SYSMN1
SMON Host	AW7001

**Equipment Status:** Run Mode, Failed State, Alarming State, Failed Acknow, Failed Devices, Failed Devices, Fault Tolerant S, Diagnostics Sta, Image Update S, Download State

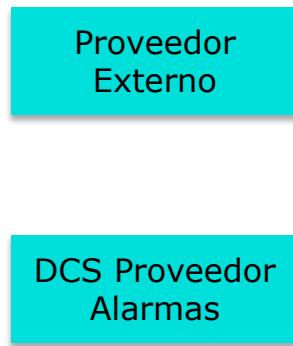
**Equipment Information:**

Reporting State	Report All
Cable State	Both Cables Okay
Station Address	00006C0000E
Master Timekeeper Reporting	Sync_Not_Config
Primary Mode	Manned Prim
Primary ROM Address	00006C2205B3
Shadow Mode	Manned Shad
Shadow ROM Address	00006C2205C0

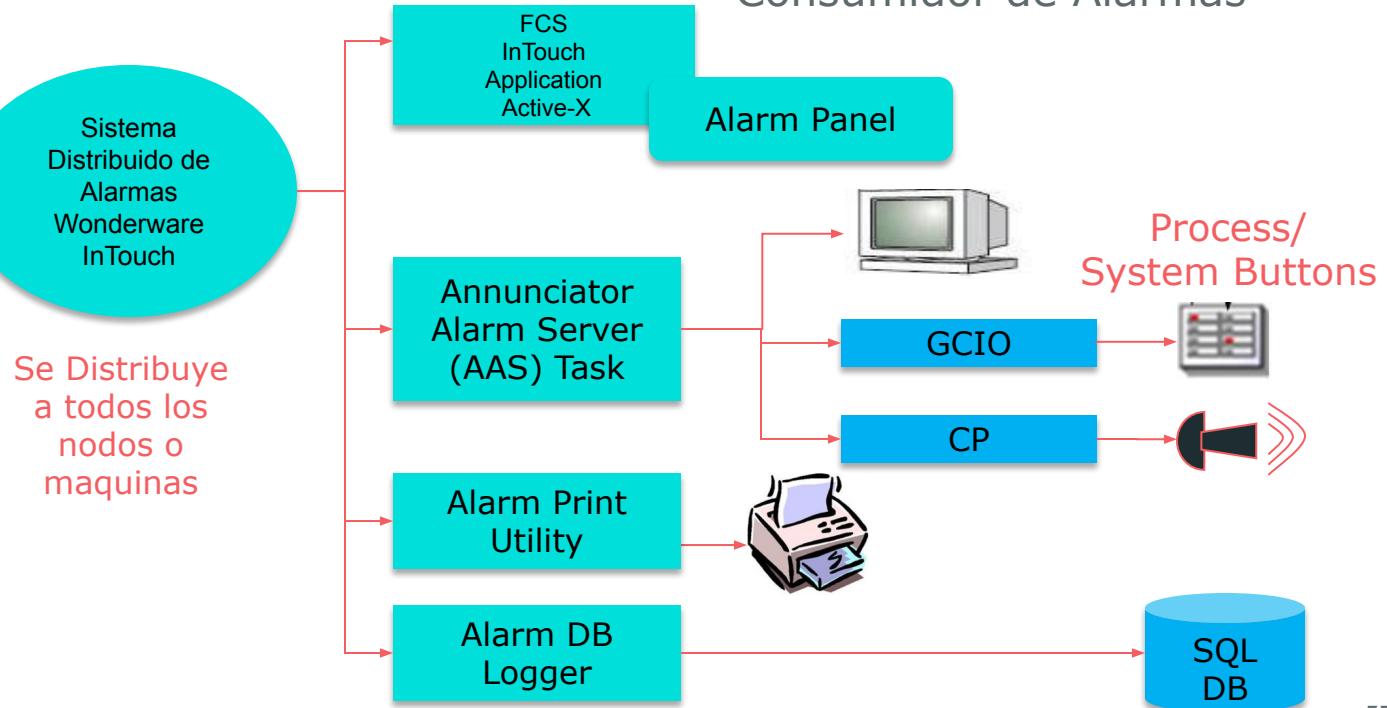
**Switch Connections:** SW0001

# Sistema de Alarmado

## Proveedor Alarmas



## Consumidor de Alarmas



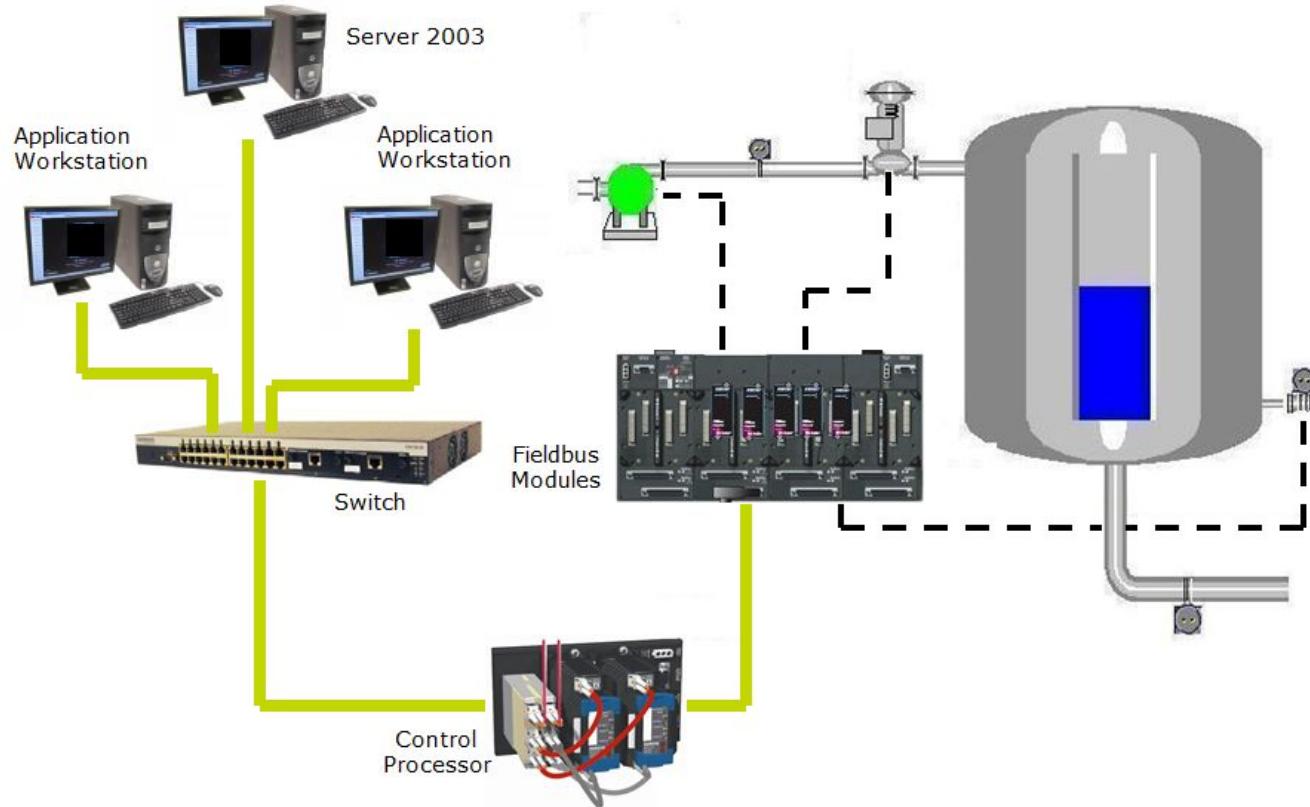
- Alarms
- Events

# Laboratorio 1 - Usando el entorno HMI



# Modulo 4: Conceptos de Control Continuo aplicado a un DCS

# Flujo tipo de la señal de control



# Bloques disponibles en un DCS

## CONTINUOUS

### INPUT/OUTPUT

AIN	Analog In
AINR	Analog In Redundant
MAIN	Multiple Analog In
AOUT	Analog Out
AOUTR	Analog Out Redundant
CIN	Contact In
CINR	Contact In Redundant
MCIN	Multiple Contact In
COUT	Contact Out
COUTR	Contact Out Redundant
MCOUT	Multiple Contact Out
VLV	Valve On/Off
MOVLV	Motor-Operated Valve
MTR	Motor Controller
GDEV	General Device Block
MDACT	Motor Driven Actuator
EVENT	Sequence of Events
BIN	Binary In
BINR	Binary In Redundant
BOUT	Binary Out
BOUTR	Binary Out Redundant
IIN	Integer In
IOUT	Integer Out
PAKIN	Packed Boolean In
PAKOUT	Packed Boolean Out
PLSOUT	Pulse Out
RIN	Real In
RINR	Real In Redundant
STRIN	String In
STROUT	String Out

### CONTROL

PID	PID Controller
PIDE	PID with EXACT
PIDX	PID Extended
PIDXE	PIDX with EXACT
PIDA	PID Adaptive
DPIDA	Distributed PID Adaptive
FBTUNE	Feedback Self-tuner
FFTUNE	Feedforward Self-tuner
DGAP	Differential Gap
PTC	Proportional Time
RATIO	Ratio
BIAS	Bias

### DYNAMIC EFFECT

DTIME	Dead Time
LLAG	Lead/Lag
RAMP	Ramp Generator
LIM	Limiter

### STORAGE

LONG	Long Integer Variable
PACK	Packed Long Boolean Var
REAL	Real Variable
STRING	String Variable
BOOL	Boolean Variable

### FUNCTION

DSI	Display Station I/F
PATT	Pattern Block
STATE	State Block

## ALARMS

REALM	Real Alarm
BLNALM	Boolean Alarm
PATALM	Pattern Alarm
ALMPRI	Alarm Priority
MEALM	Measurement Alarm
MSG	Message
STALM	State Alarm

## COMPUTATIONAL

SWCH	Switch Selector
ACCUM	Accumulator
SIGSEL	Signal Selector
OUTSEL	Output Selector
CALC	Calculator
CALCA	Advanced Calculator
MATH	Mathematics
LOGIC	Boolean Logic

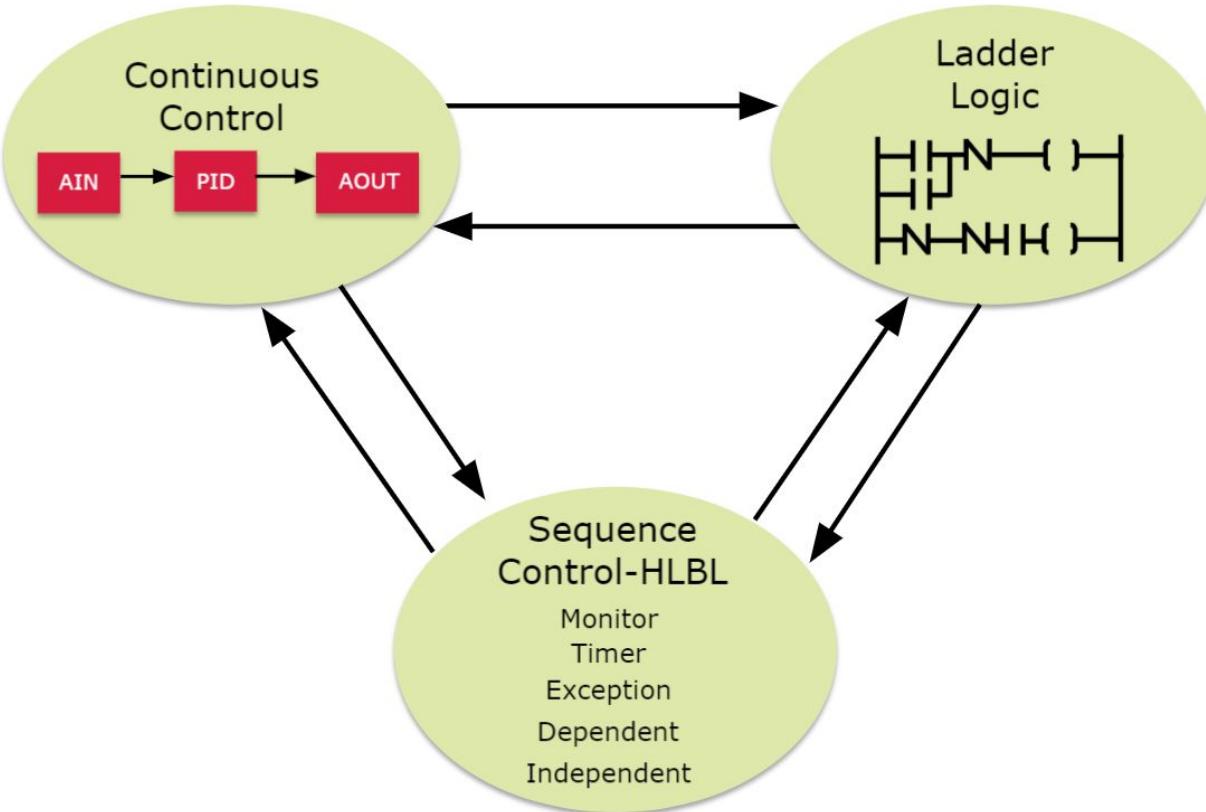
## SEQUENCE LOGIC

MON	Monitor
TIM	Timer
EXC	Exception
IND	Independent
DEP	Dependent

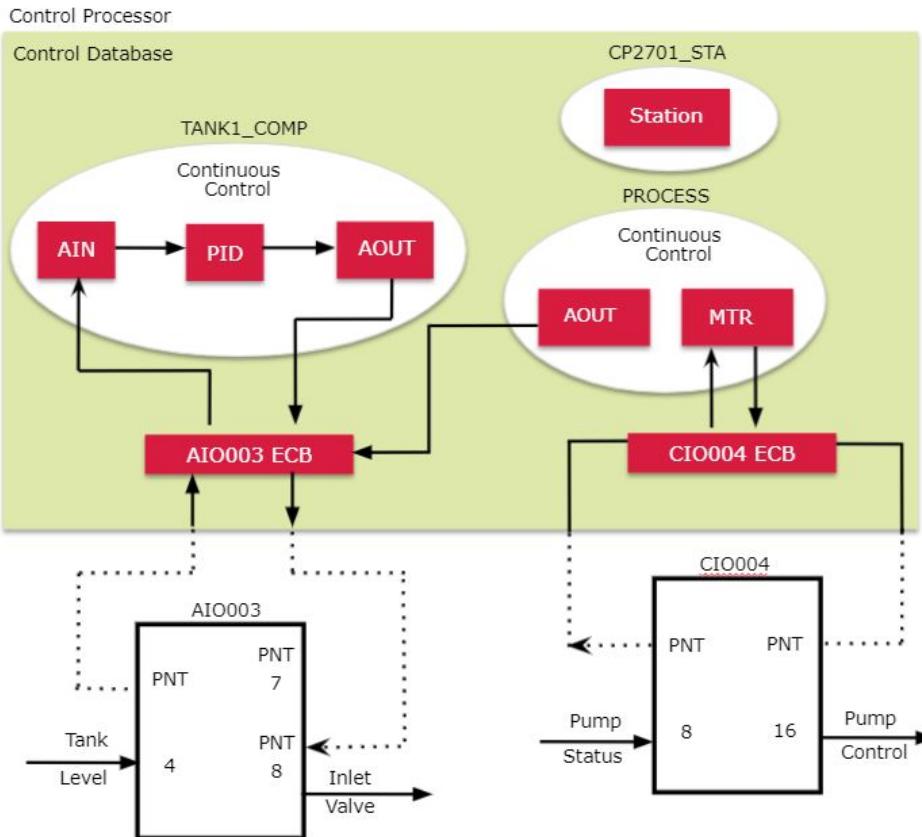
## LADDER LOGIC

PLB	Programmable Logic
-----	--------------------

# Construyendo con bloques



# Arquitectura de Configuracion



# Que son los Compounds?

- Dentro del Procesador, los bloques son organizados o contenidos en “Compounds”
- No mas 12 digitos
- Se ejecuta en un orden especifico
- Envia señales de alarmado a dispositivos de alarmado
- Existos dos compound por defecto:
  - Station Compound (STA)
  - Equipment Control Block Compound (ECB)

# Compound Station (STA)

- Todos los CPs tienen un compound STA
- Cada compound Station contiene un bloque STA.  
No se puede agregar mas bloques.
- Bloque Station (STA)
  - Bloque STA no se puede eliminar.
  - Algunos parametros son modificables.
- Principales caracteristicas bloque STA
  - Carga del CP (CPU, Memoria, uso de I/O)
  - Version del software
  - Informacion del Checkpoint file

CP2701

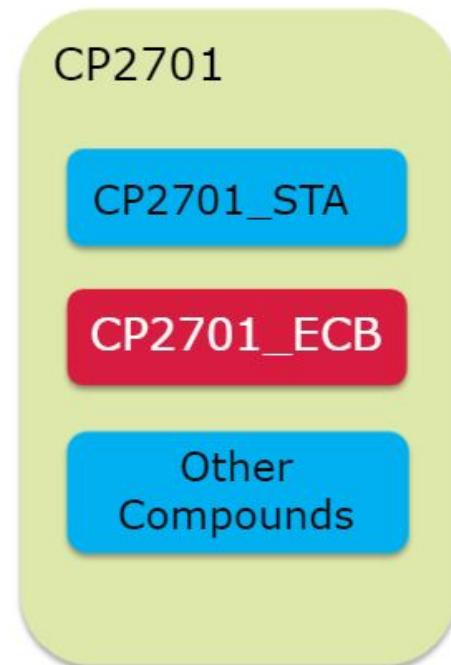
CP2701\_STA

CP2701\_ECB

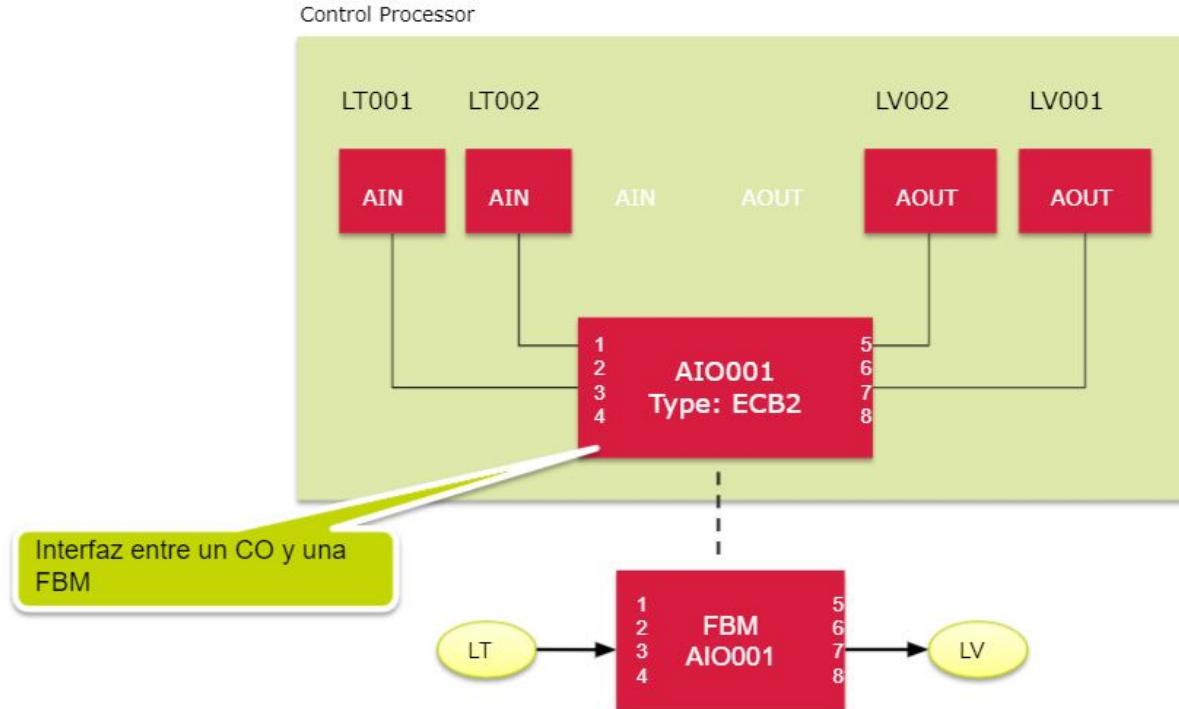
Other  
Compounds

# Compound ECB (Equipment Control Block)

- Todos los CPs tienen un compound ECB
- Cada compound ECB contiene al menos un bloque (PRIMARY\_ECB), se agrega un bloque ECB por cada FBM agregada .
- PRIMARY\_ECB actua como software (driver) entre el CP y el Fieldbus.
- Otros ECB son software (driver) entre las FBM y el CP (Procesador)
  - Principales caracteristicas bloque STA
  - Carga del CP (CPU, Memoria, uso de I/O)
  - Version del software
  - Informacion del Checkpoint file

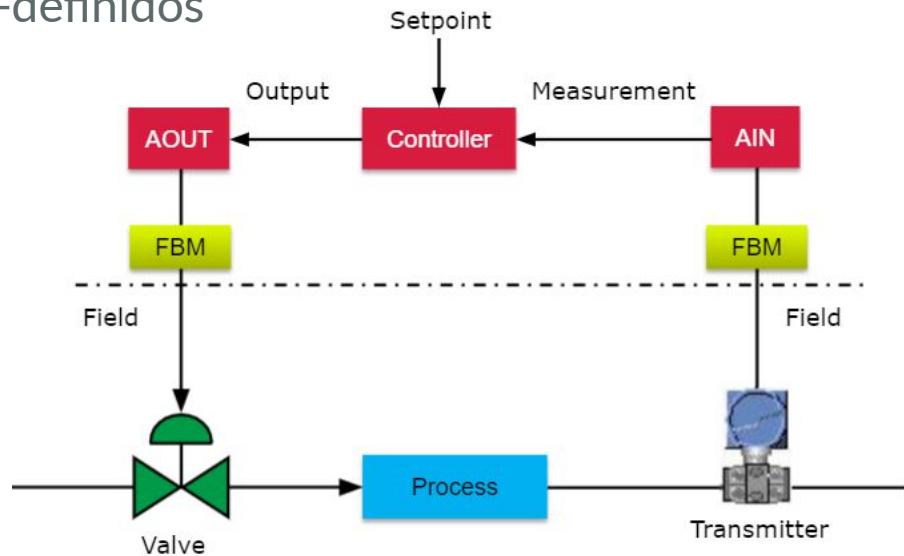


# Compound ECB (Equipment Control Block)



# Entendiendo a los Bloques

- Un bloque es un algoritmo que ejecuta una función
- Cada bloque contiene parametros pre-definidos (entradas o salidas al bloque)
- Para un lazo de control simple
  - Bloque AIN
  - Bloque Controlador (PID)
  - Bloque AOUT



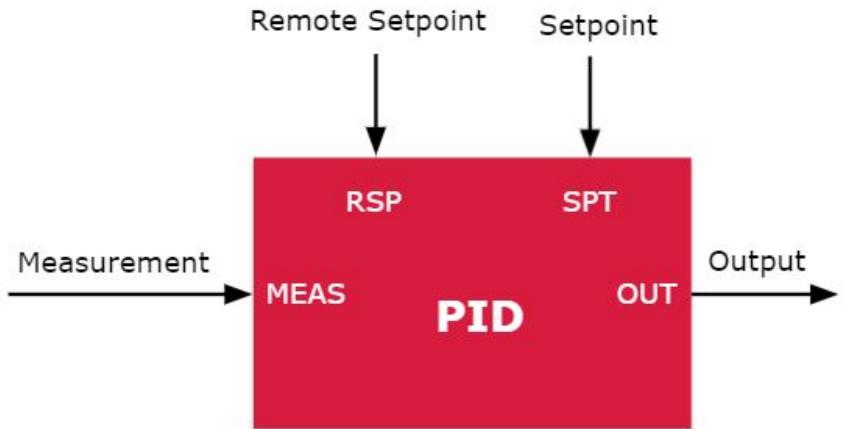
# Bloque AIN

- Lee señal digital de la FBM (raw o cuentas) o de otro bloque
- Acondiciona la señal
- Convierte la señal raw a unidades de ingeniería
- Monitorea condiciones de alarmado (absoluta, BAD, Out of range, etc)



# Bloque PID

- Contiene algoritmos basicos y avanzados PID
- Monitorea condiciones de alarmado (absoluta, BAD, desviacion de SP, salida)



# Bloque AOUT

- Envia señal de salida analogica a FBM u otros bloques.
- Monitorea condiciones de alarmado (BAD quality)



# Reglas para un bloque

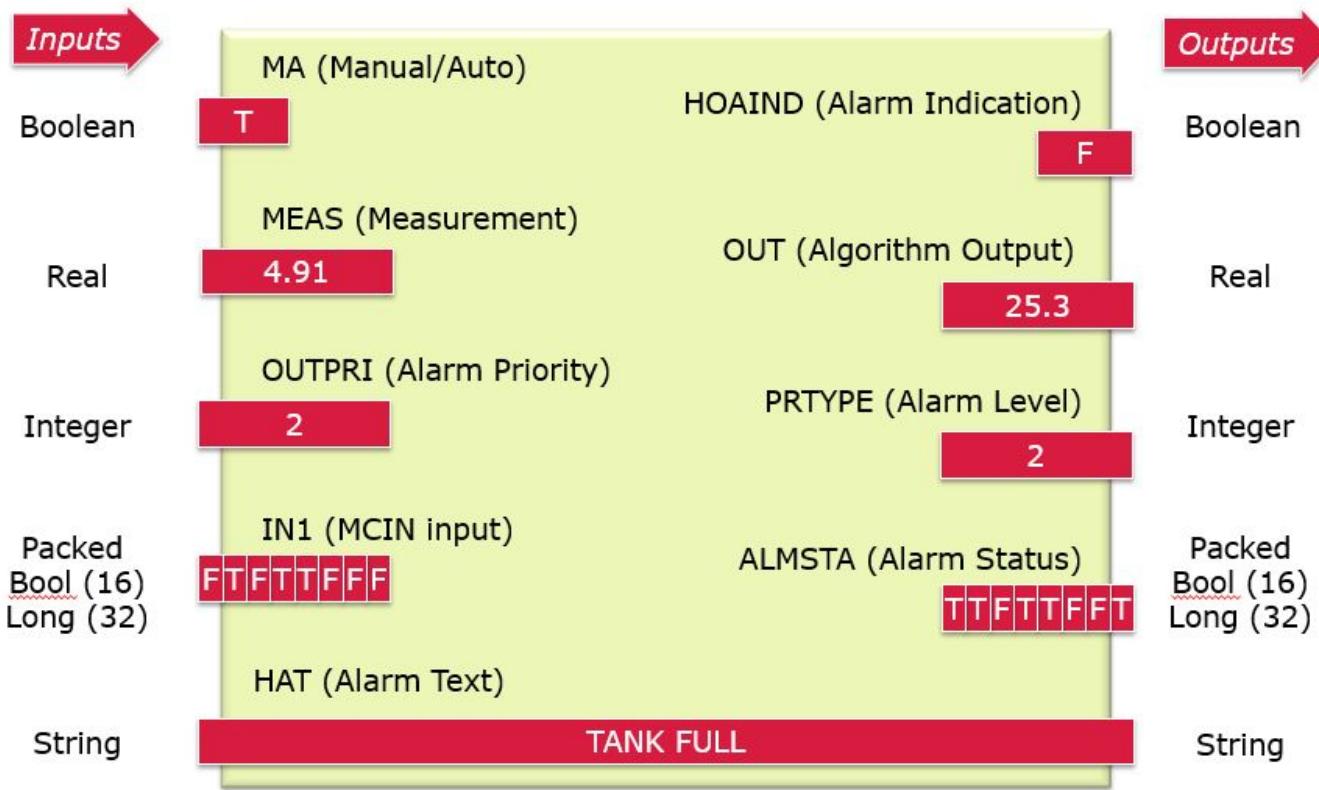
- Nombre debe ser unico
- Maximo 12 caracteres (no espacios)
- Puede recibir señales de una FBM o de otros bloques del sistema.
- El periodo de ejecucion es configurable.
- El orden de ejecucion del bloque es configurable dentro del compound.

Index	Frequency
0	0.1 sec
1	0.5 sec (Default)
2	1 sec
3	2 sec
4	10 sec
5	30 sec
6	60 sec (1 min)
7	600 sec (10 min)
8	3600 Sec (1 hr)
9	0.2 sec
10	5 sec
11	0.6 sec (0.2 sec BPC)
12	6 sec (2 sec BPC)
13	0.05 sec

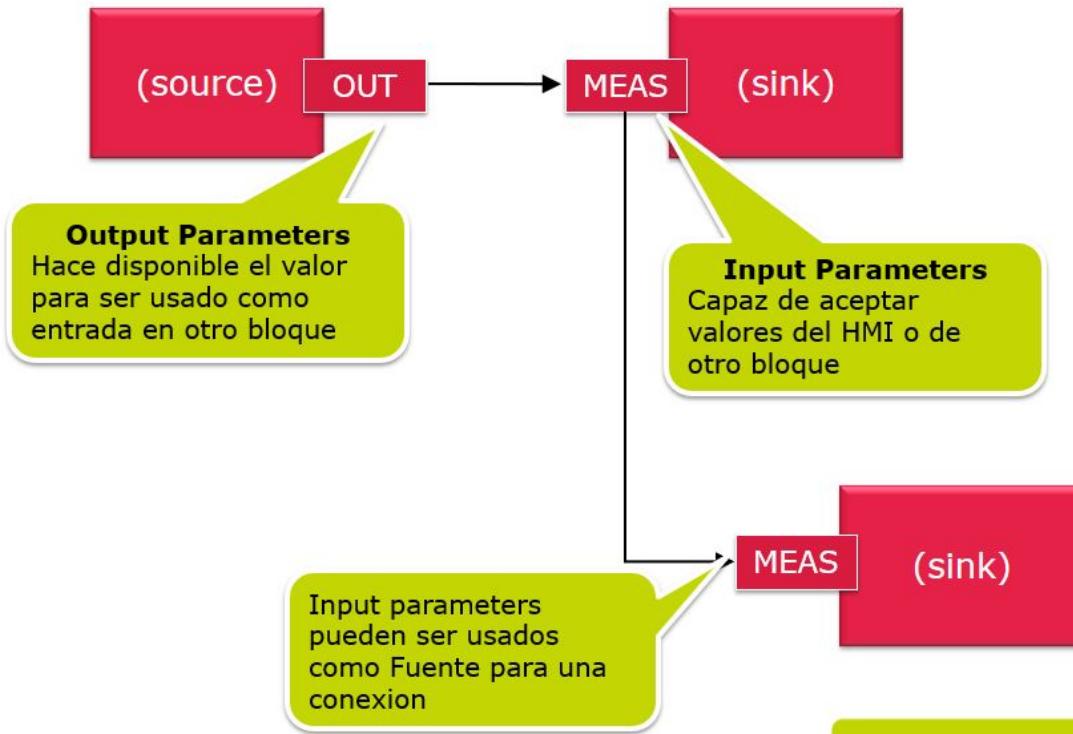
# Orden de procesamiento de bloques



# Parametros - Tipos de Datos

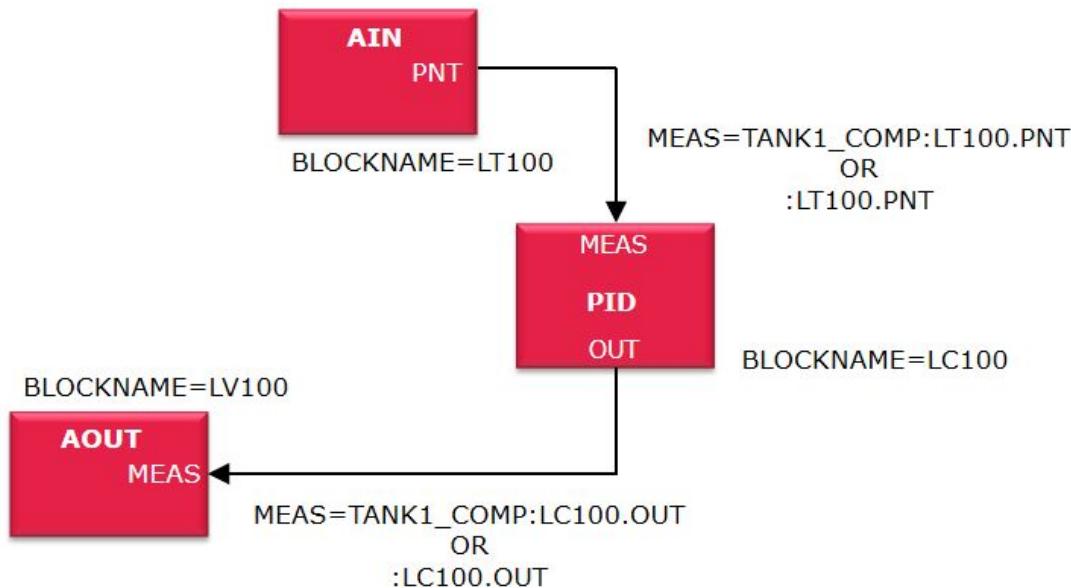


# Parametros



# Sintaxis de direccionamiento o conexiones

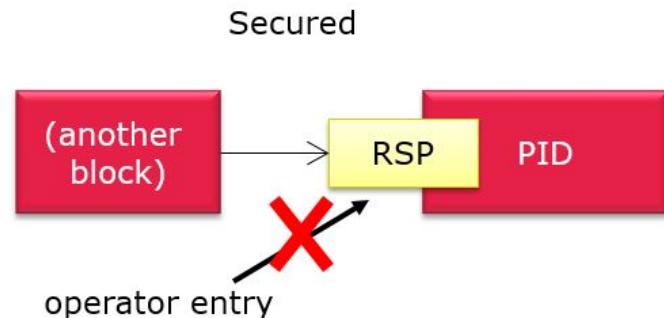
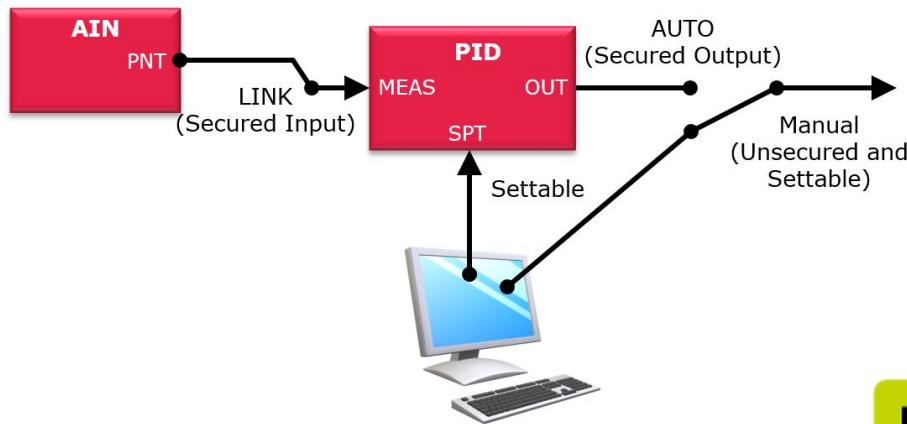
COMPOUND:BLOCK.PARAMETER  
also known as (C:B.P or CB.P)



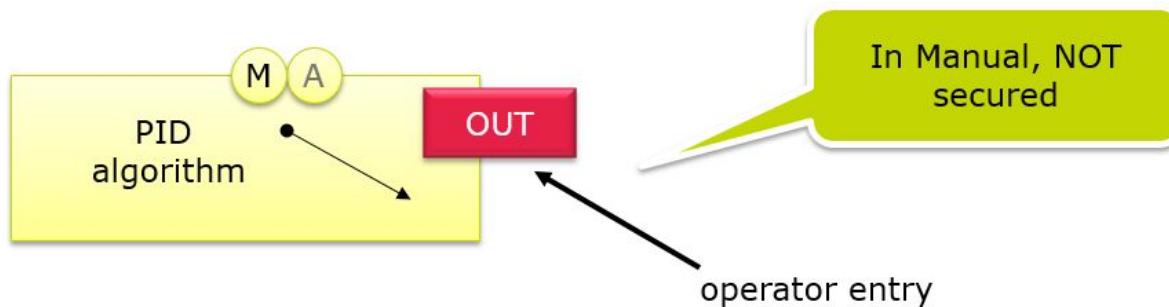
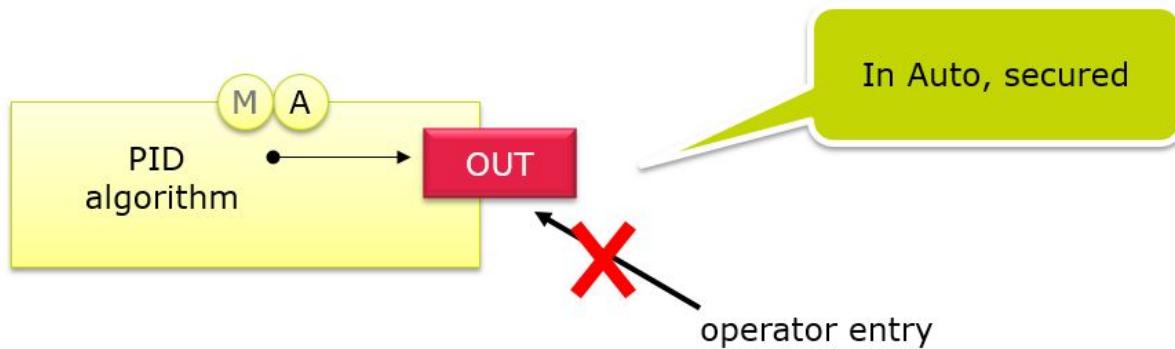
# Parámetros seteables y no seteables

Parametros Seteables: pueden ser cambiados desde el HMI, faceplate.

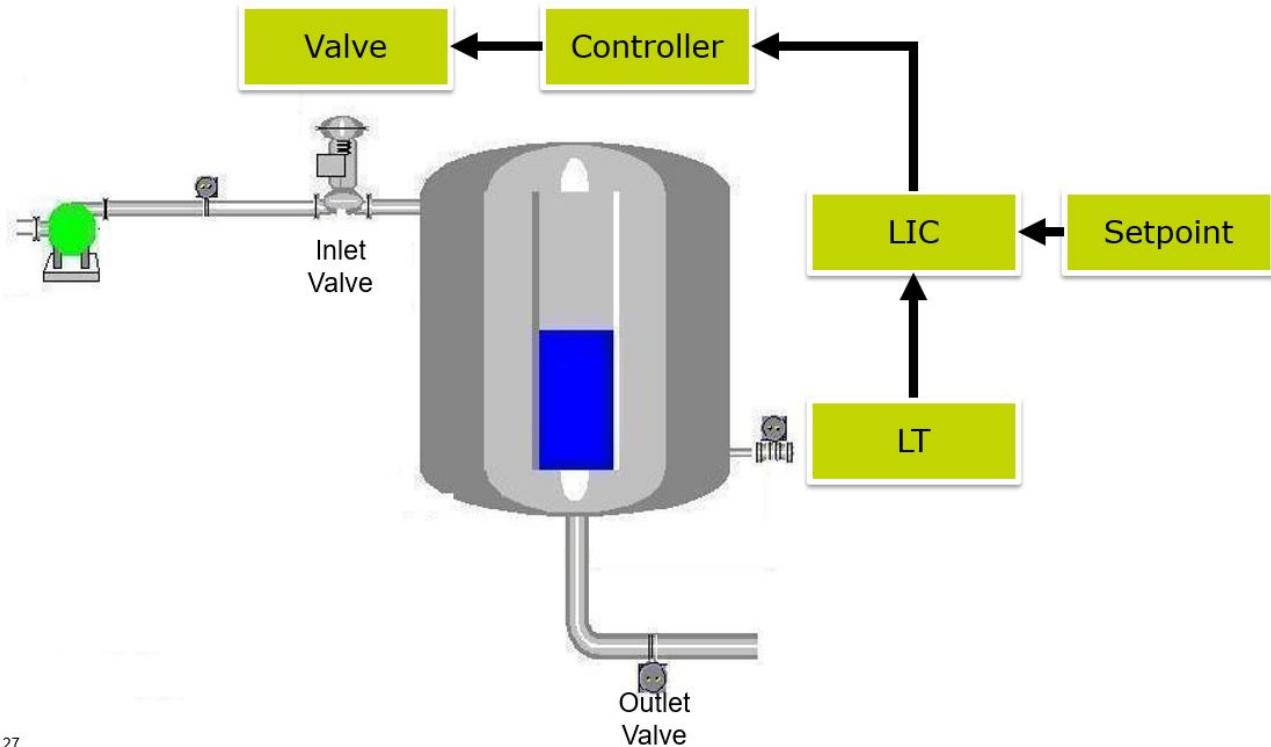
Parametros no seteables: no pueden ser cambiados desde el HMI. Solo puede ser cambiado desde el Archestra IDE (Entorno de Configuración).



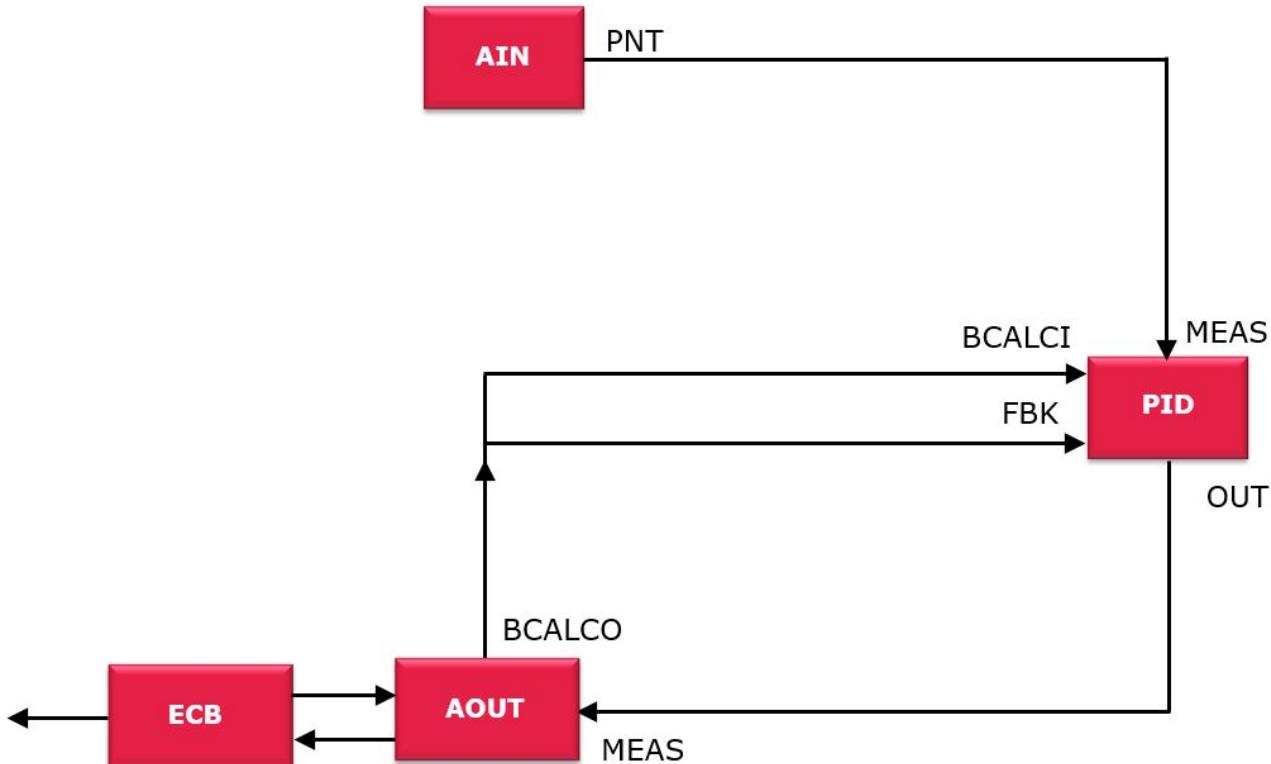
# Parámetros seteables y no seteables



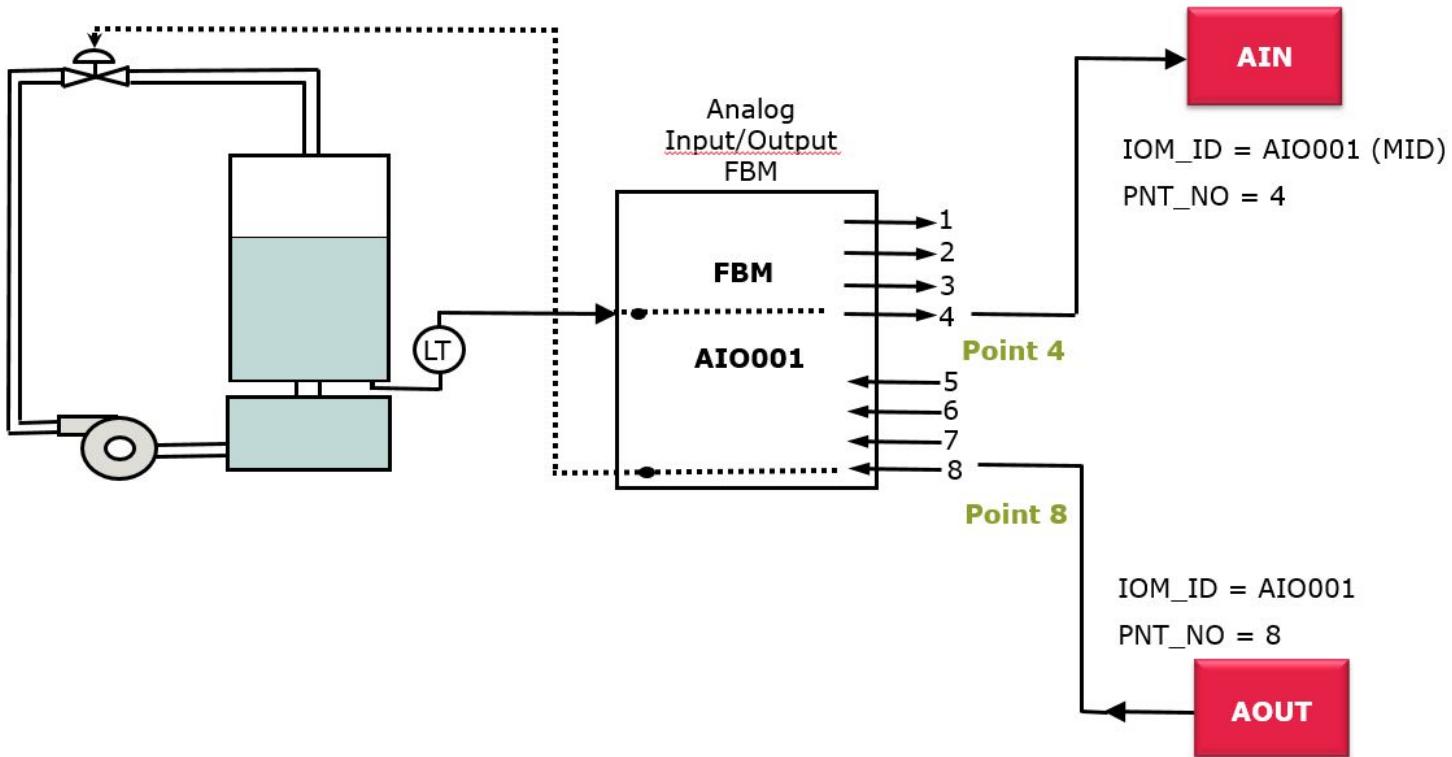
# Lazo de Control de Procesos



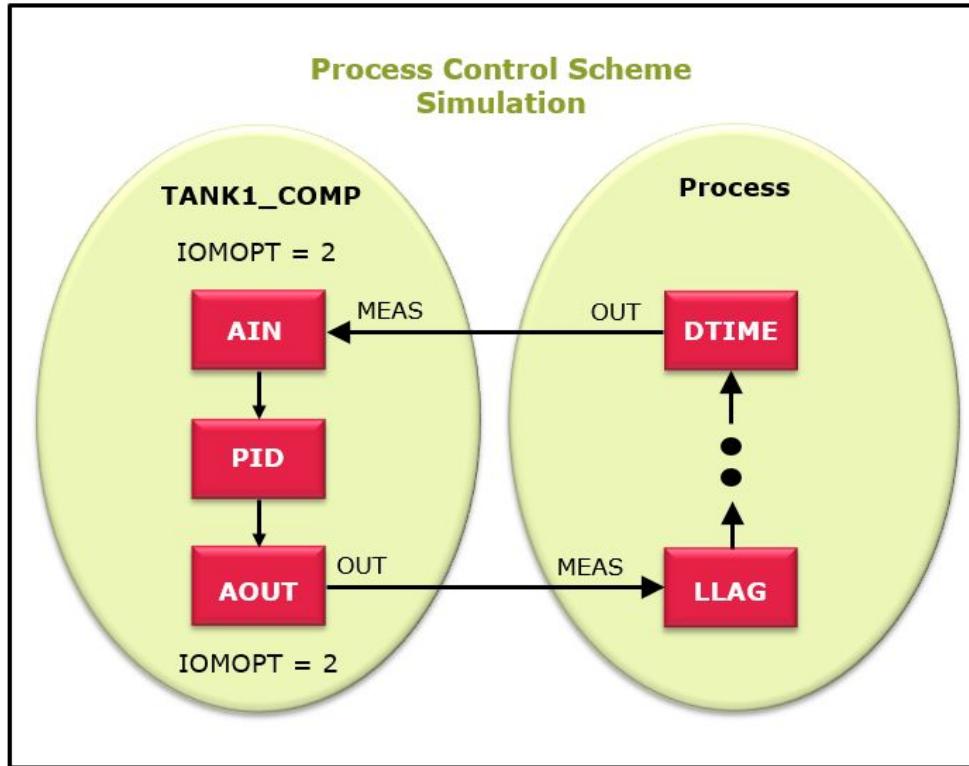
# Feedback en un PID



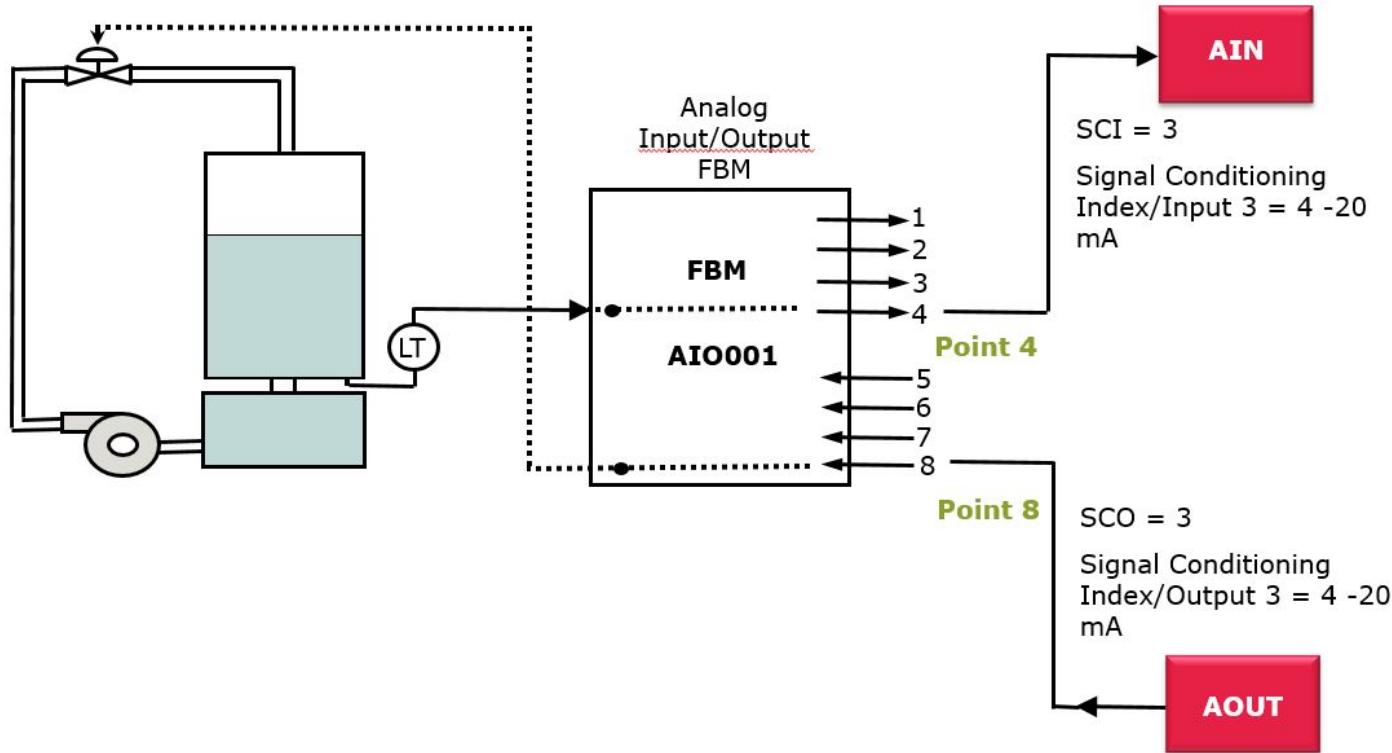
# Accediendo a la FBM



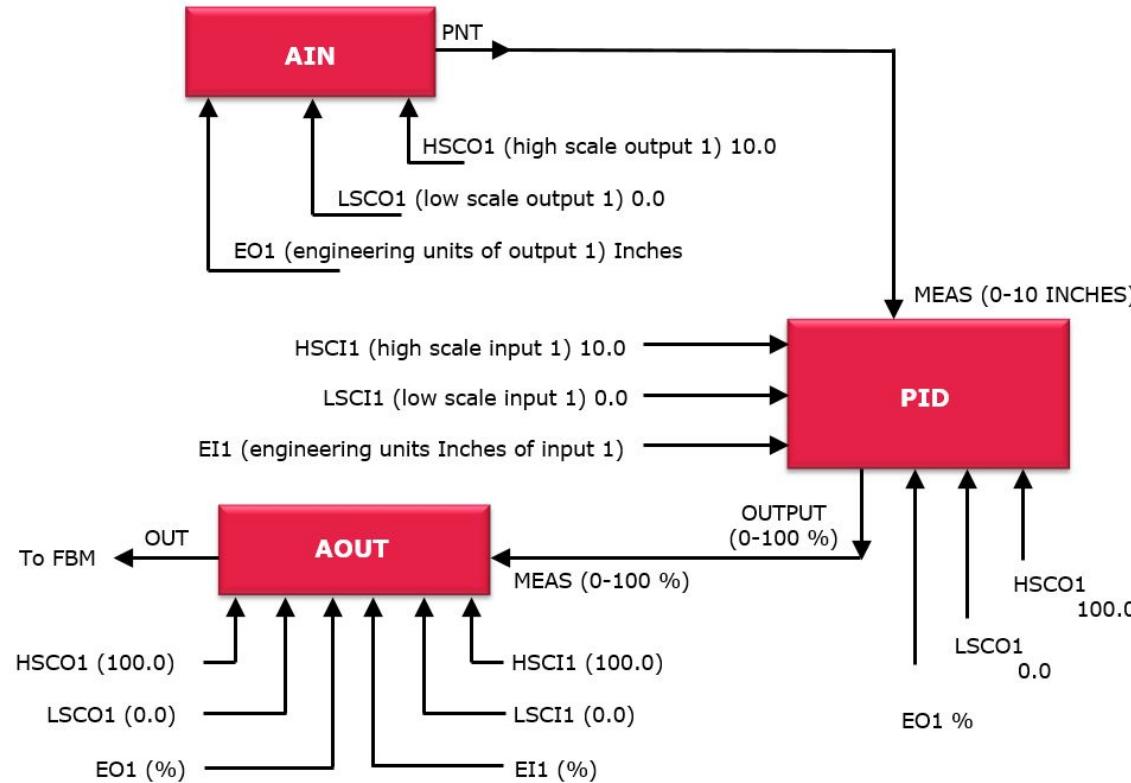
# Accediendo a la FBM



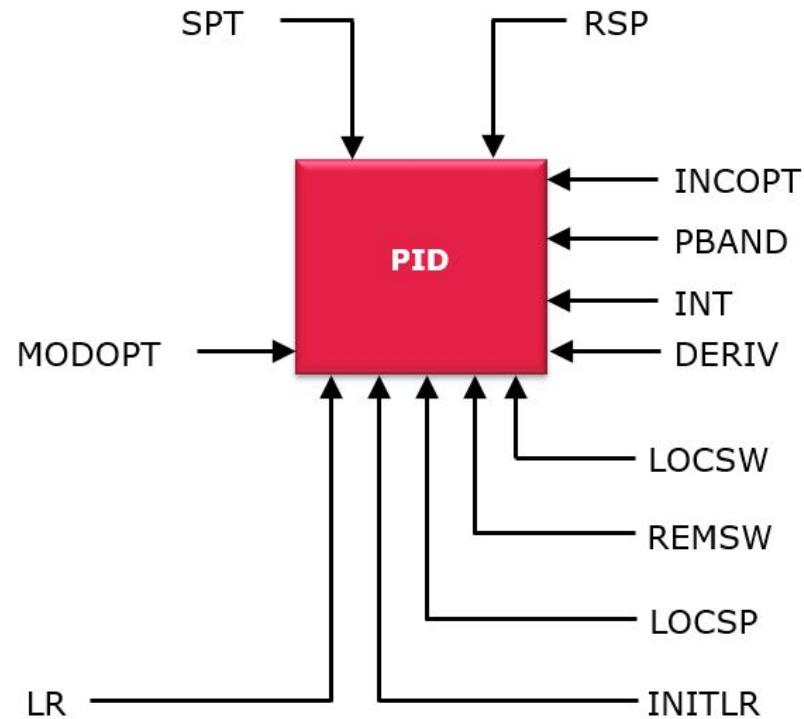
# Acondicionamiento de señales



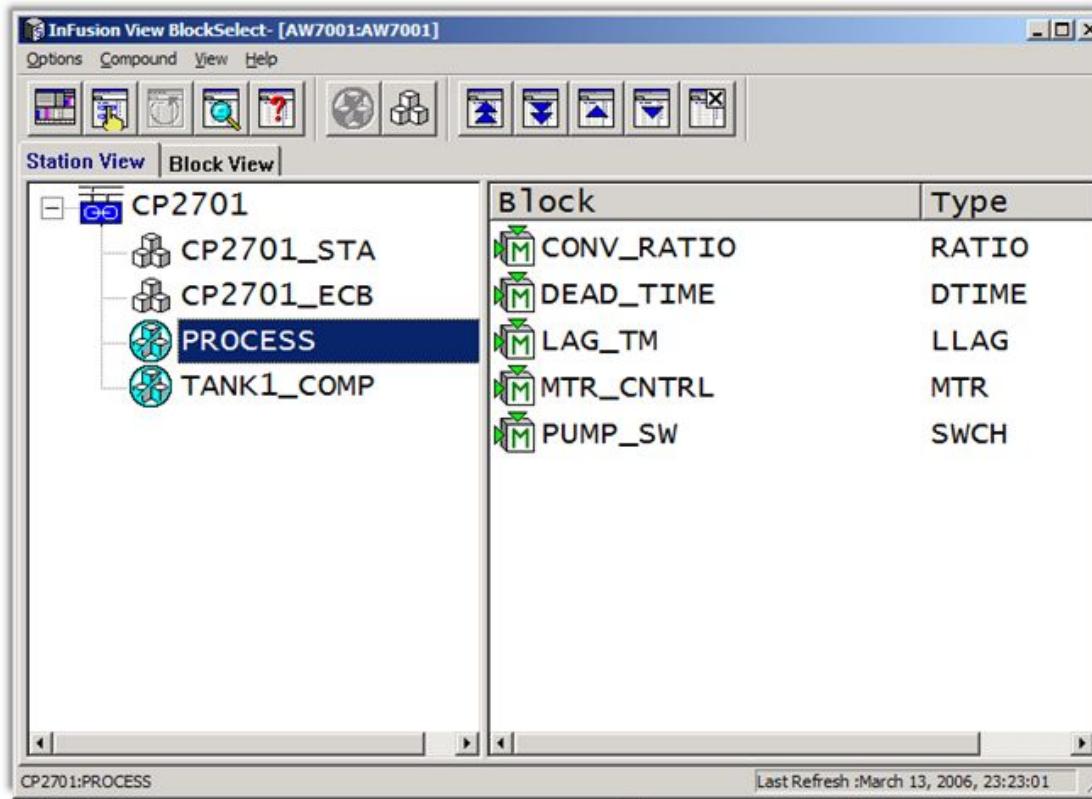
# Parametros para Rango



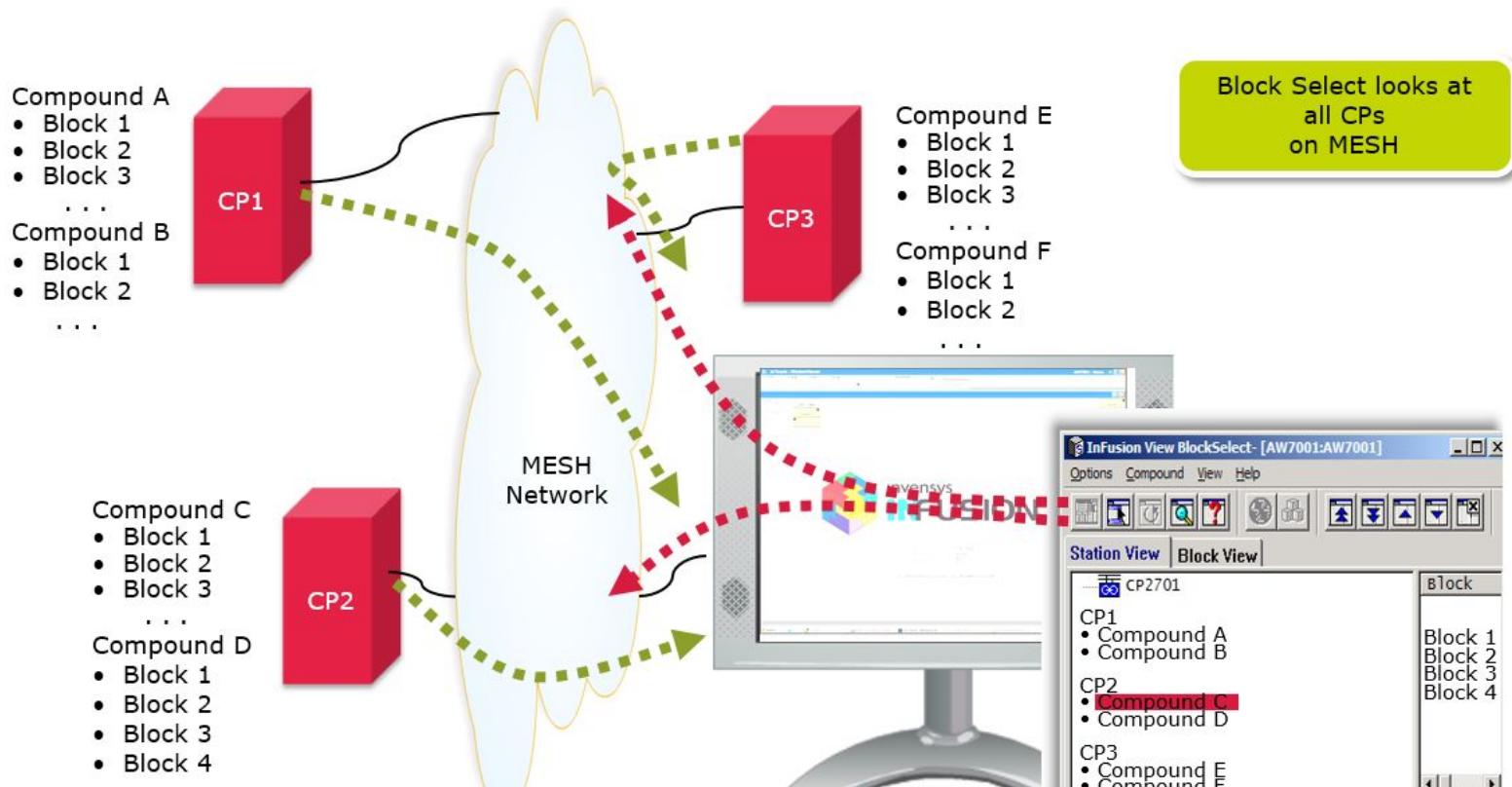
# Parametros para Control PID



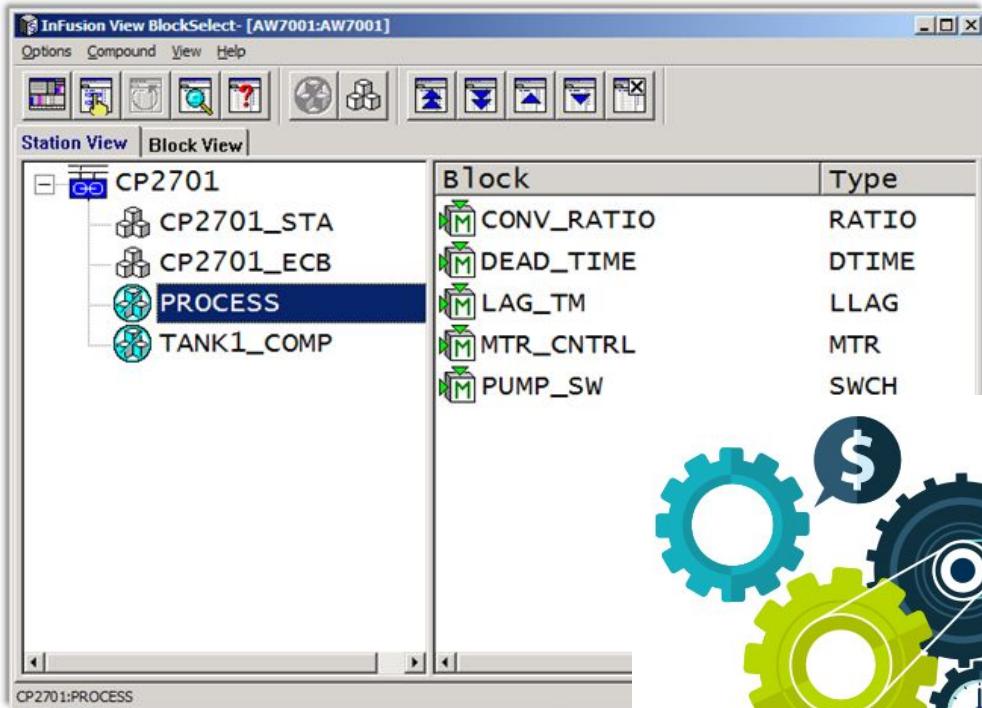
# Trabajar con Block Select



# Trabajar con Block Select



# Laboratorio 2 - Trabajar con BlockSelect

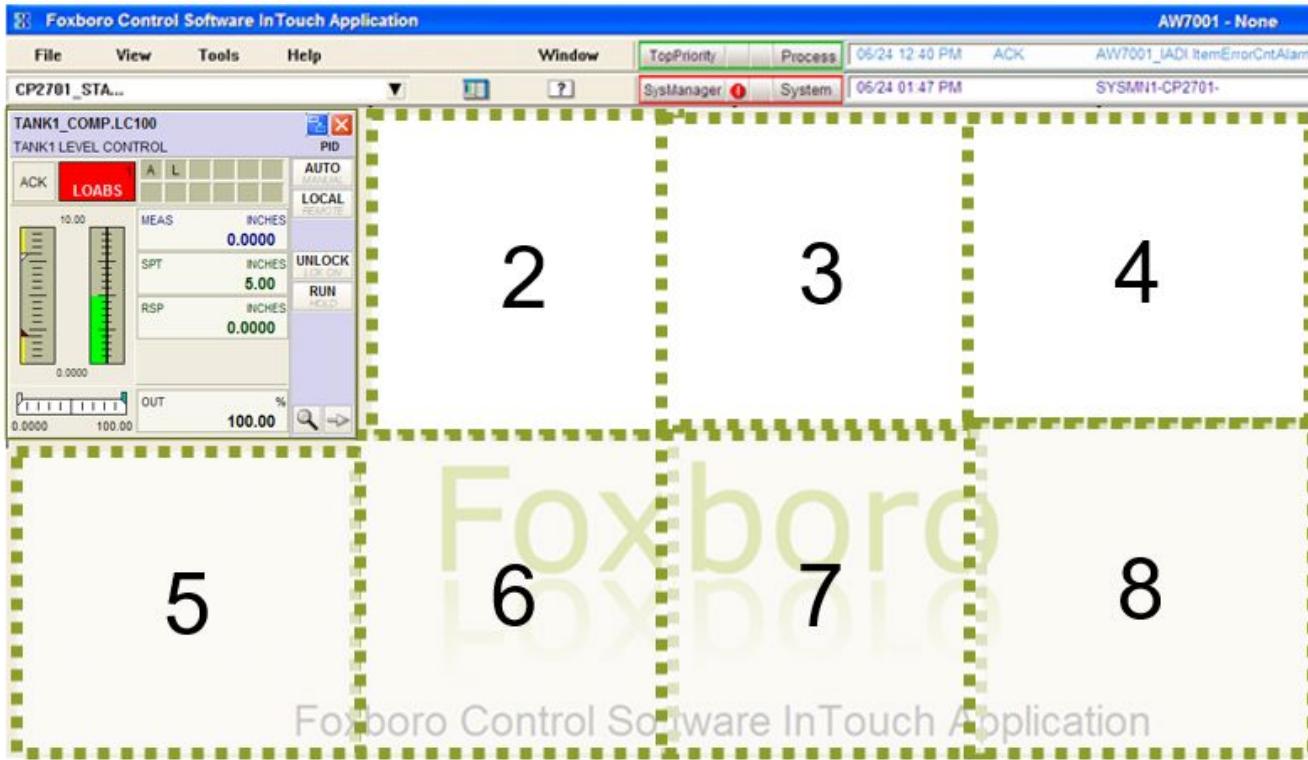


# Modulo 5: Interfaz HMI en un DCS (faceplates)

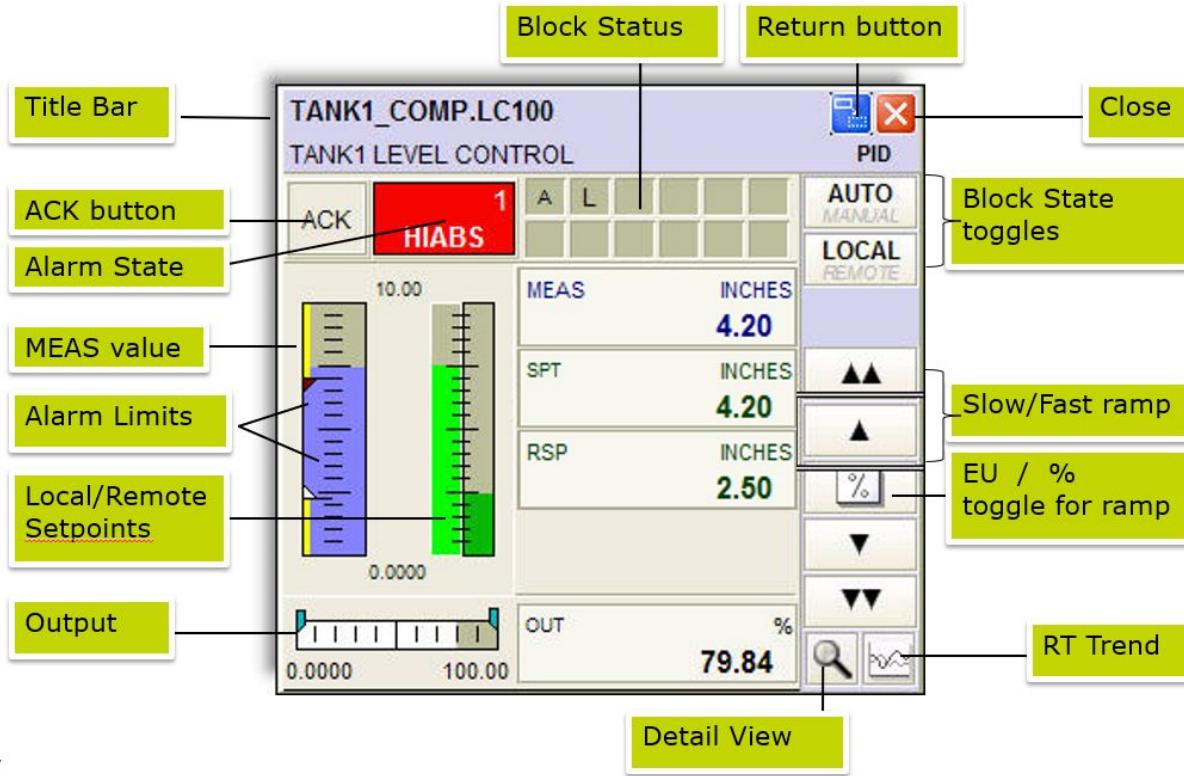
# Faceplates

- Provee información del control del Proceso con faceplates (overlays)
- Estos faceplates vienen ya configurados por defecto en los DCS, usualmente por cada bloque.
- Podemos llamar a los faceplates desde:
  - Block Select
  - Plantillas de Proceso
  - Panel de Alarmado
  - Tag Bar del HMI

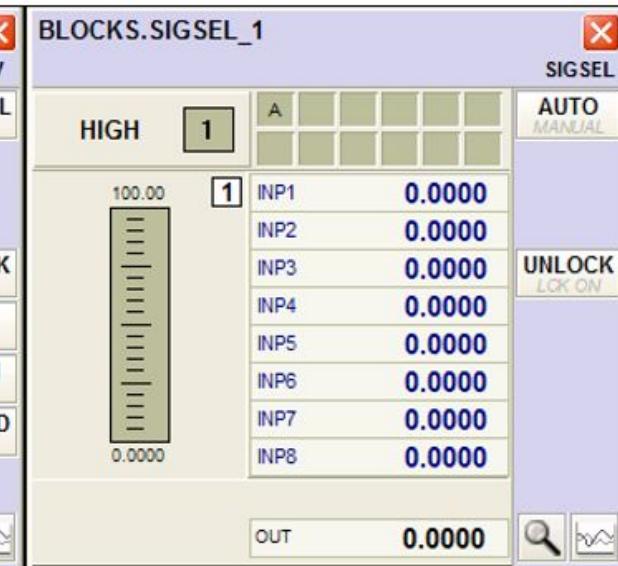
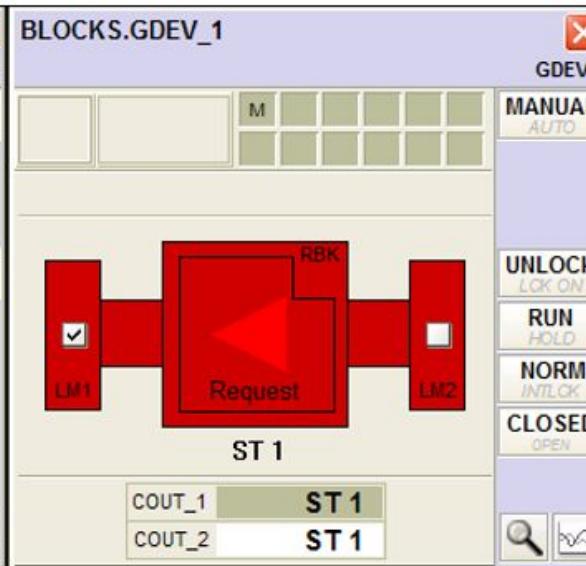
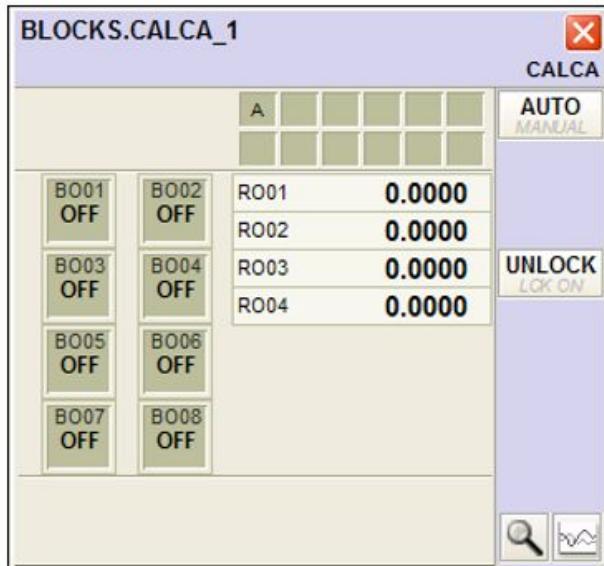
# Faceplates - Posiciones



# Faceplates - Opciones



# Faceplates - Bloques



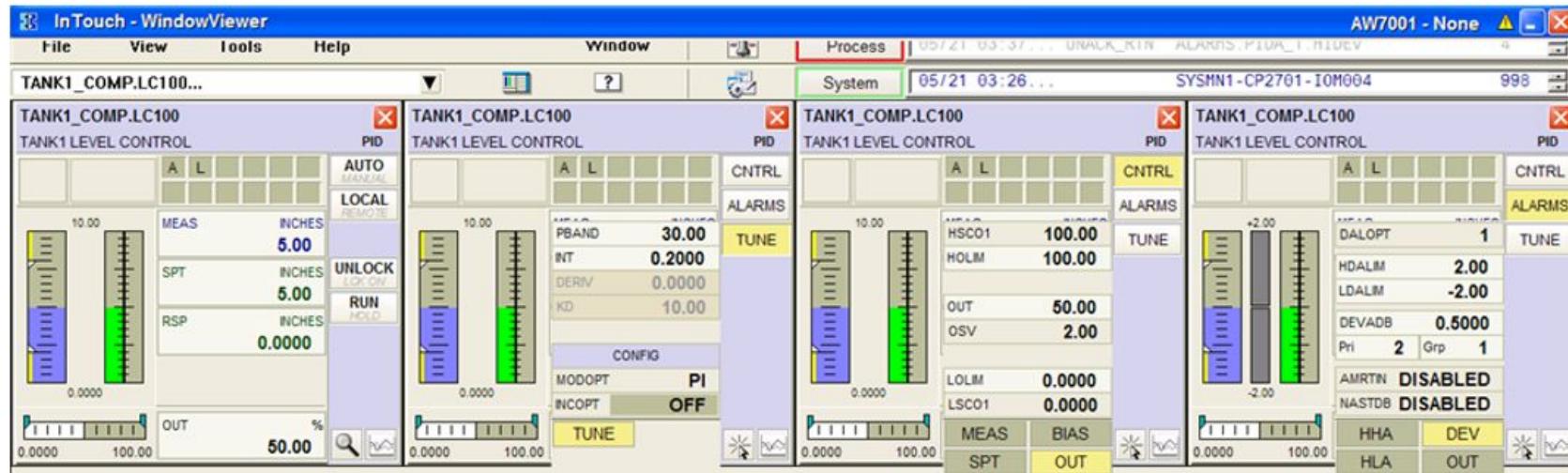
CALCA

GDEV

SIGSEL

# Faceplates - Bloques

Podemos usar múltiples Details para un bloque



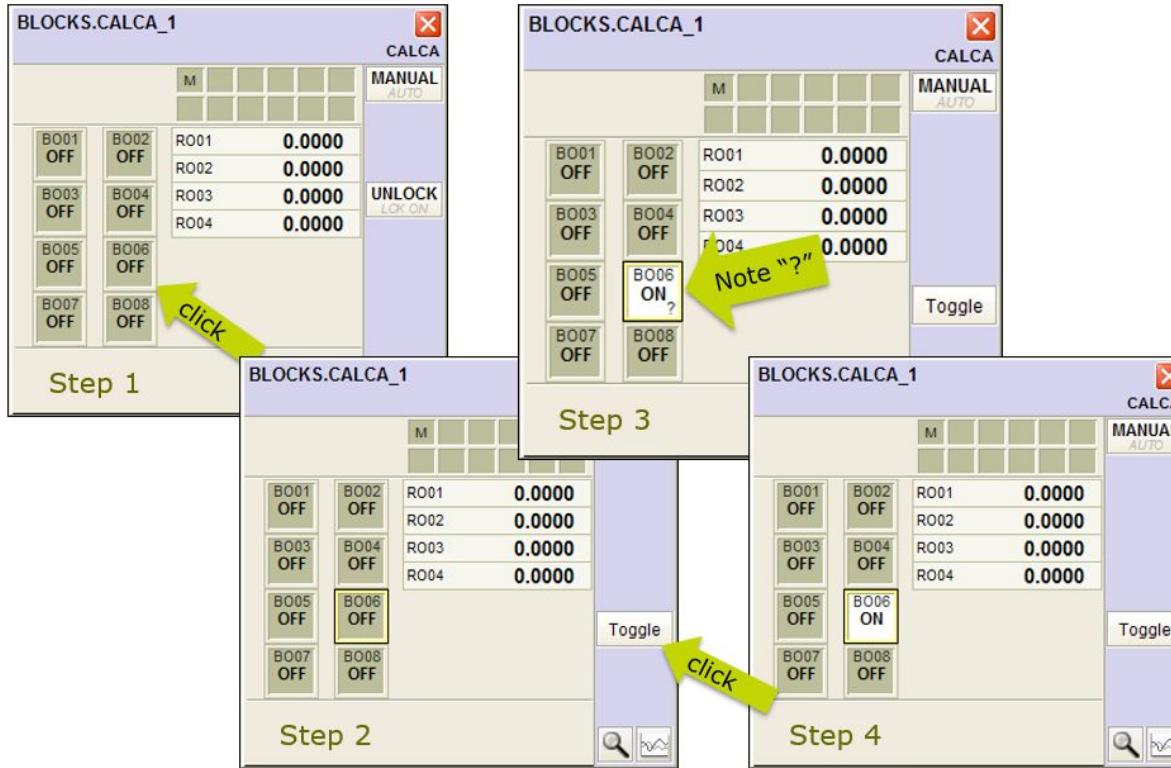
Base display

TUNE

CNTRL → Output

ALARMS → Deviation

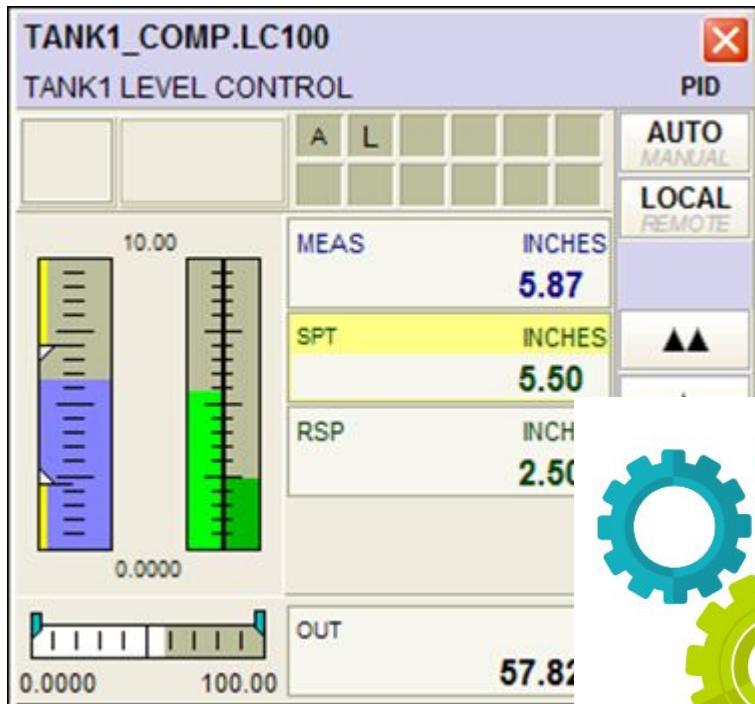
# Faceplates - Cambiando parametros Bool



# Faceplates - Calidad de los Datos

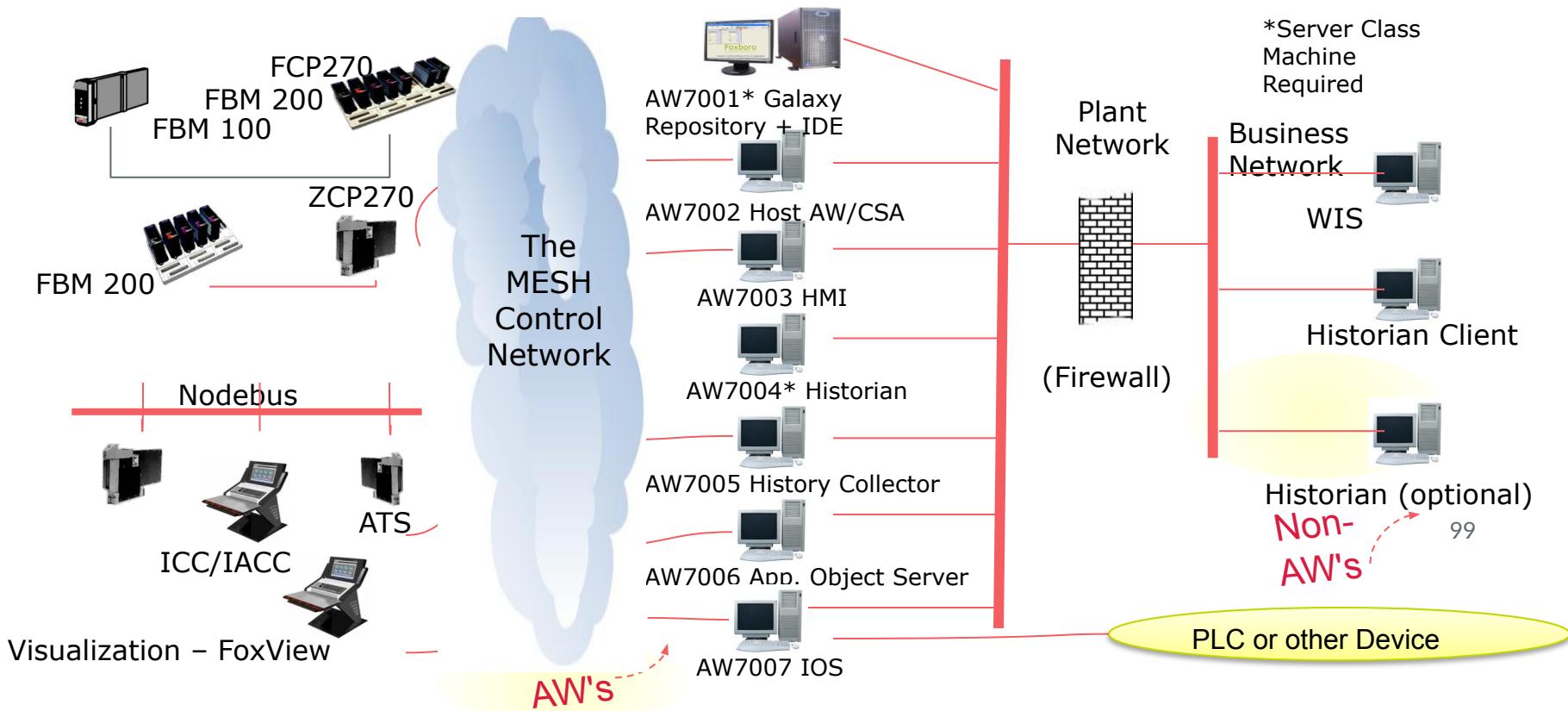
Text Indicator	Character	Colour	Example	Description
***, **	^	Cyan	***.**^	Data value unavailable; <u>DAServer</u> unavailable
***, **	~	Cyan	***.**~	Data value unavailable; no data from I/A
123.45	?	White	123.45?	Write is pending
123.45	\$	White	123.45\$	Security prevented write
123.45	*	Cyan	123.45*	Out-of-service or transition to unavailable on I/A
123.45	!	Red	123.45!	I/A status = BAD
123.45	#	Green	123.45#	I/A status = ERROR
123.45	<	Light Blue	123.45<	Value limited low
123.45	>	Light Blue	123.45>	Value limited high
123.45	=	Light Blue	123.45=	Data value is a constant

# Laboratorio 3 - Trabajar con Faceplates

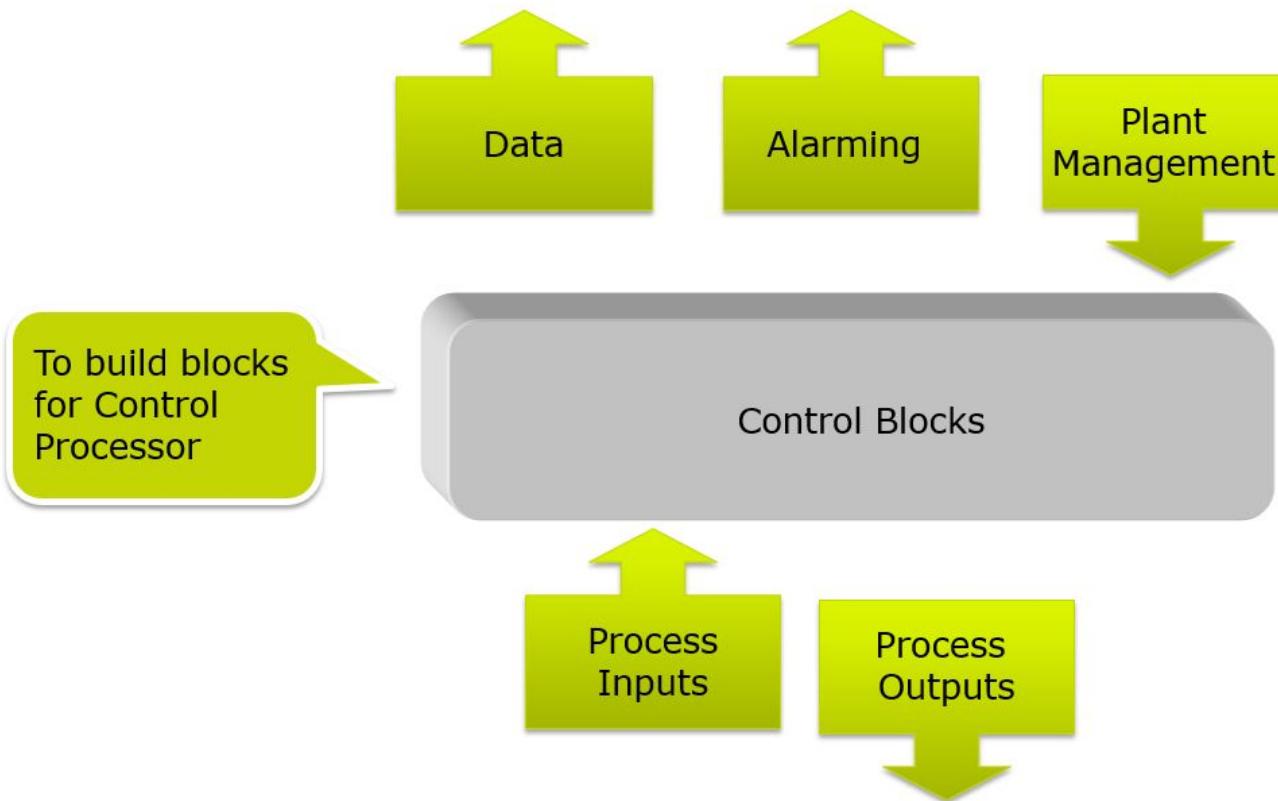


# Modulo 6: Configuración y Programación de Bloques

# Arquitectura de Hardware



# Objetivos de la Configuración para Control



# Nuevos Términos

- Object (Objeto)
- Template (Plantilla)
- Instance (Instancia)
- Inheritance (Herencia)
- Derived (Derivacion)

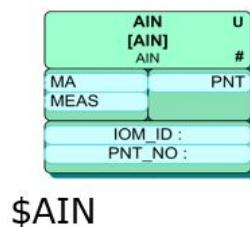
Toda nuestra configuración sera basado en las plantillas por defecto, o plantillas que tu crearas



Plantilla!!!

# Plantillas e Instancias

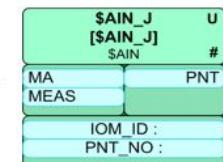
Plantilla  
estandar  
(no editable)



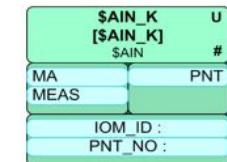
\$AIN

Nota: \$ = template  
pero no en plantillas estandares

Plantilla  
derivada  
Parametros per T/C Type

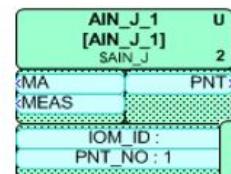


\$AIN\_J

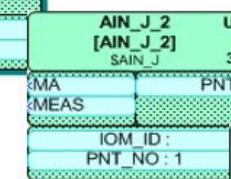


\$AIN\_K

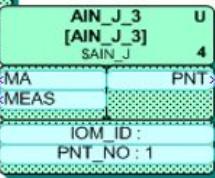
Instancias



AIN\_J\_1  
TT100



AIN\_J\_2  
TT101

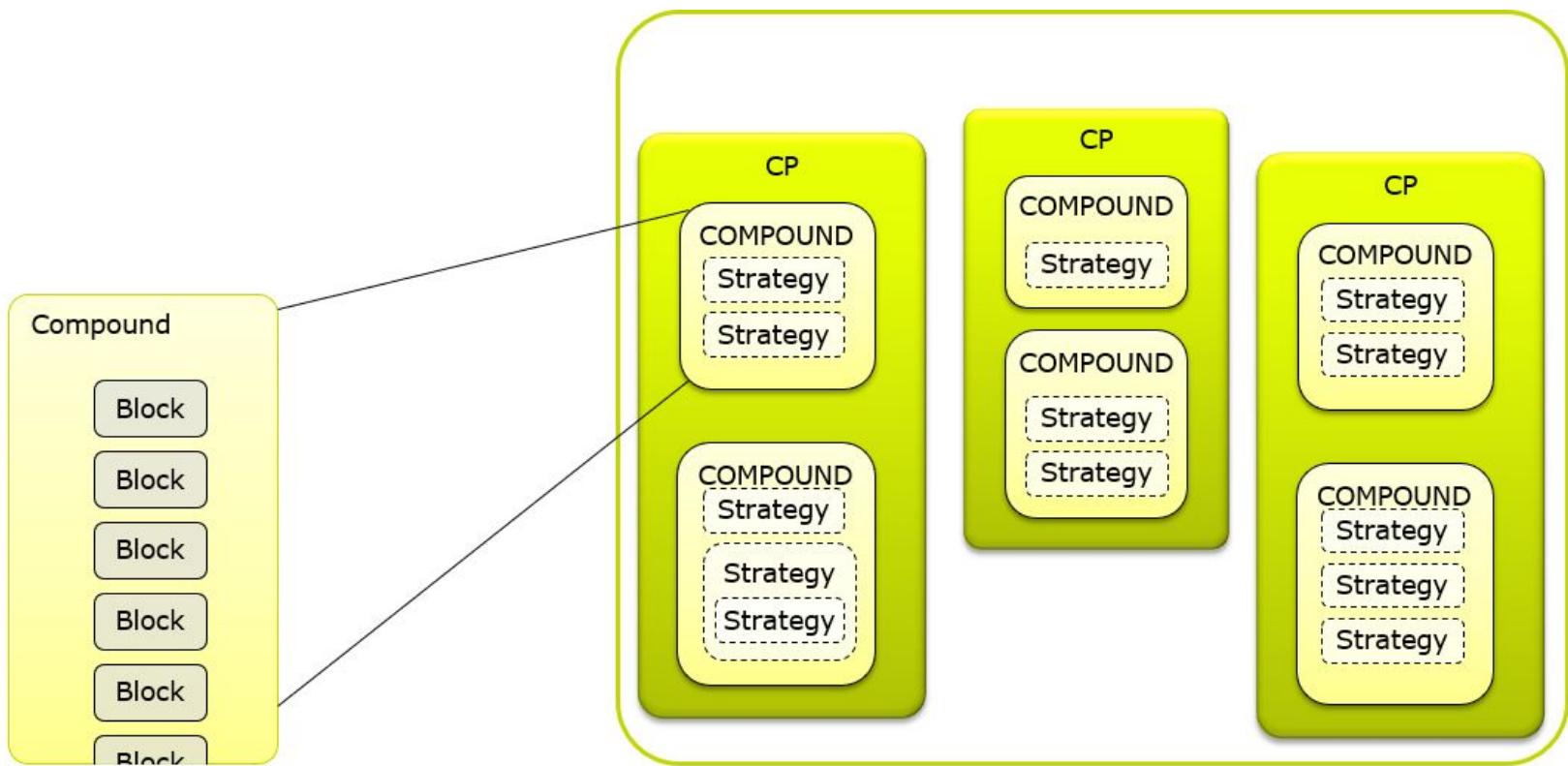


AIN\_J\_3  
TT117A

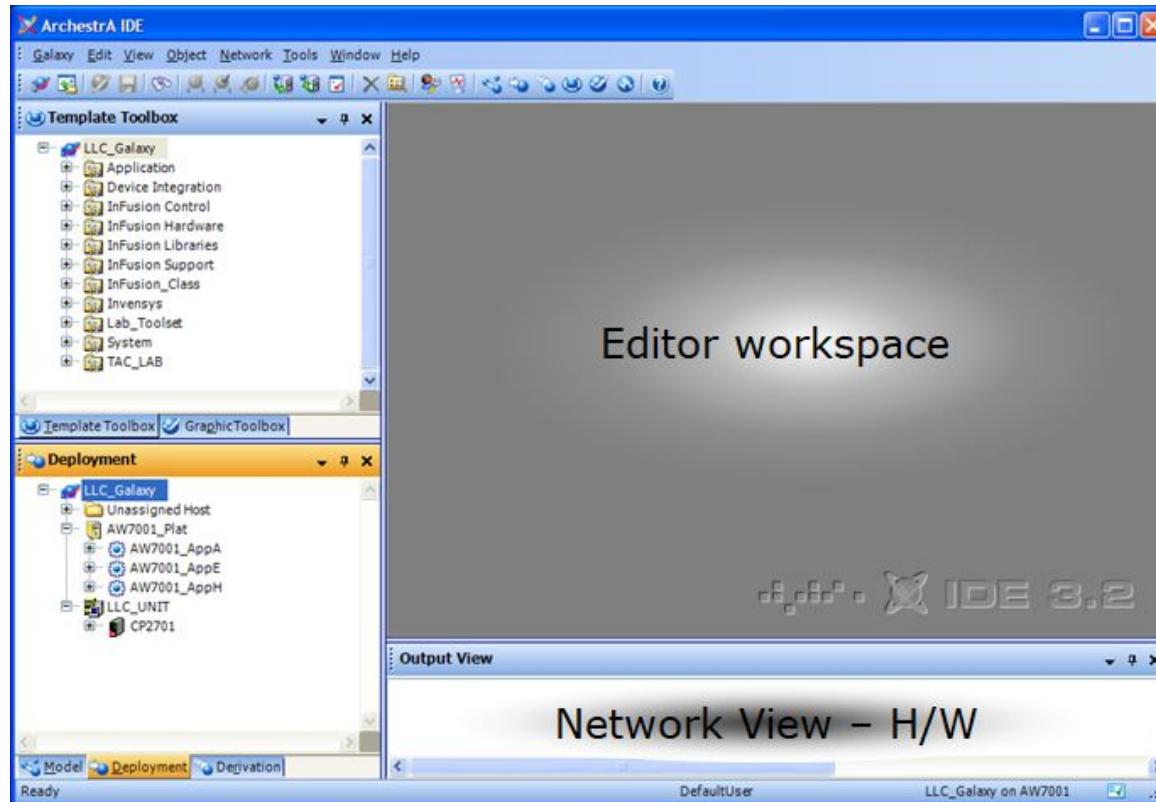
# Jerarquía de objetos en la base de datos

Galaxy	
Foxboro	Wonderware
Equipment Units	Platforms
Control Processor	App. Engineers
Compound/Strategy	Areas
Blocks	App. Objects
Parameters	Attributes

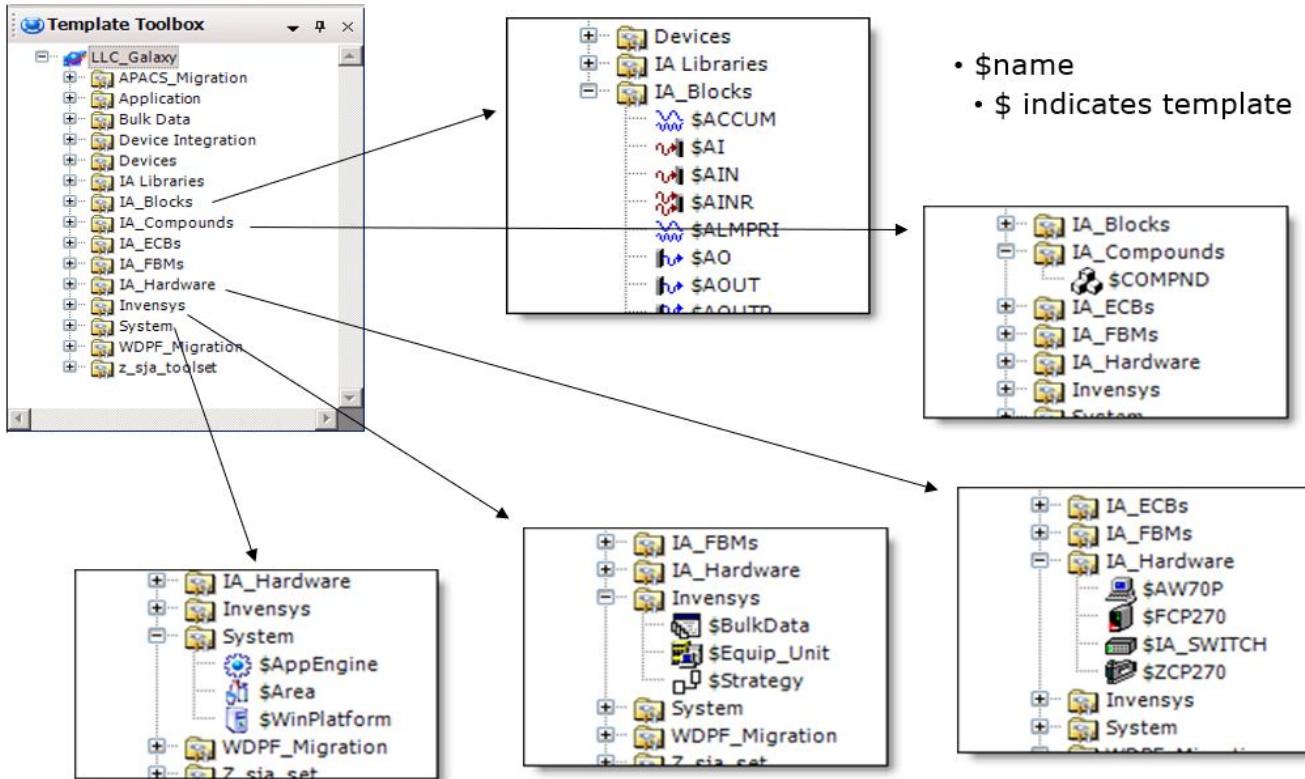
# Compound (solo en base de datos o Galaxy)



# Software de Cofiguracion (Archestra IDE)



# Toolbox de Plantillas



# Construyendo una estrategia de control

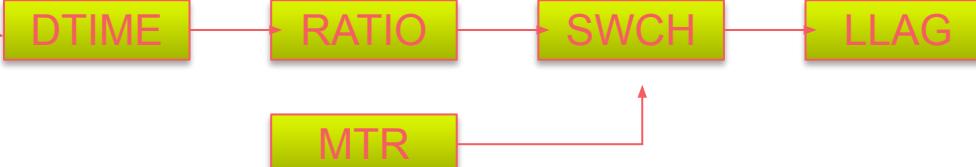
(Compound)  
TANK1\_COMP

(strategy) tank1



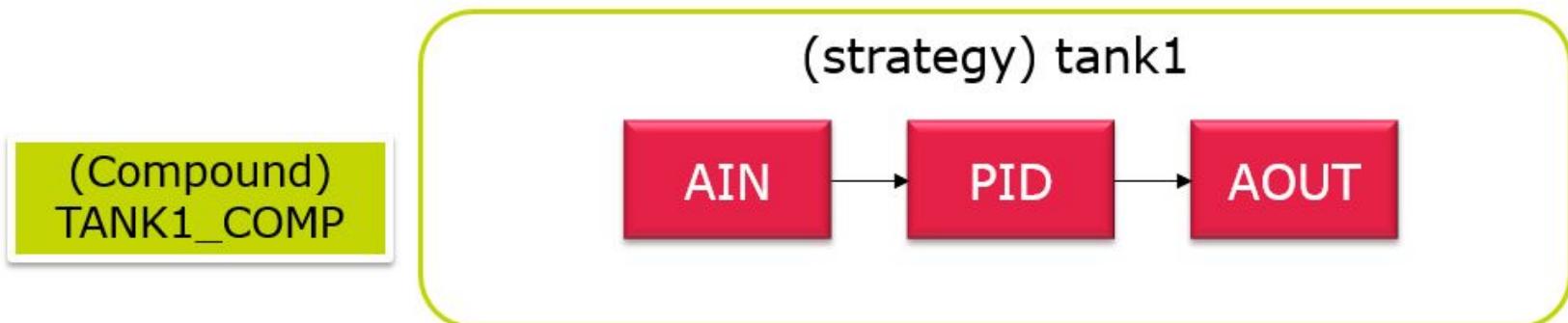
(Compound) PROCESS  
(process simulator)

(strategy) tank1\_process



# Construyendo una estrategia de control

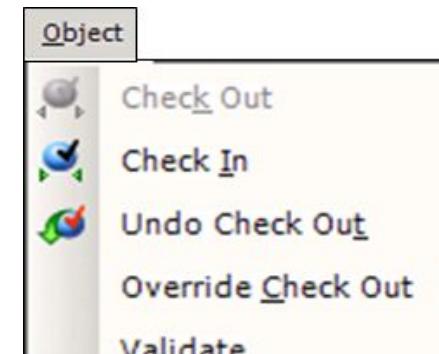
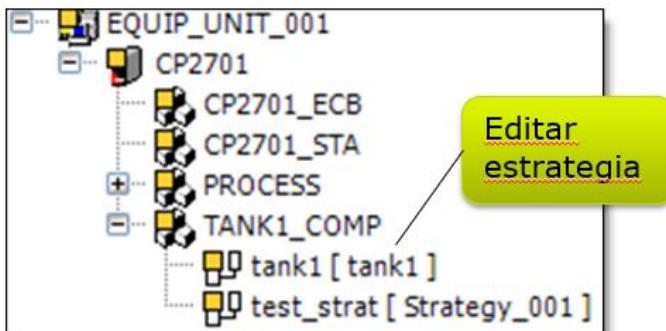
1. Que compound y estrategia contendran los bloques?
2. Cuales son los valores para los parametros de los bloques?
3. Que conexiones hacia otros bloques se hara?
4. Que parametros seran historizados?
5. Que parametros tendran configuracion de seguridad?
6. Cual sera la apariencia de los bloques?



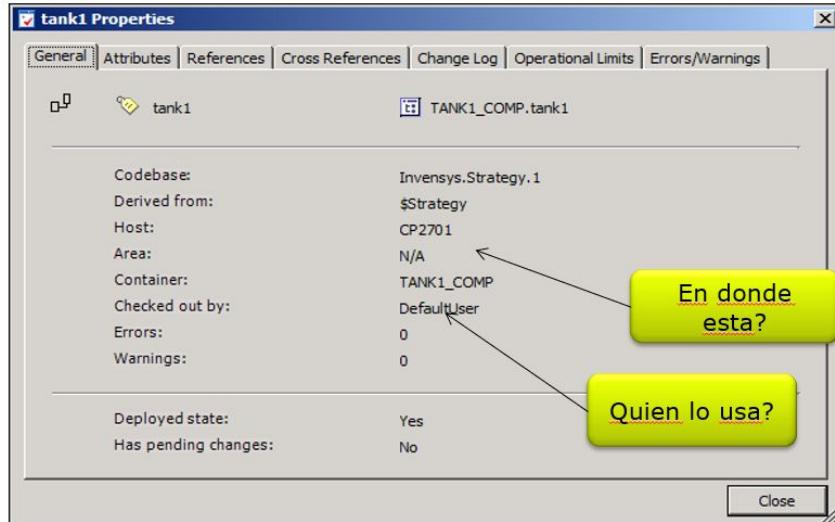
# Check In - Check Out

Check Out - Accion para liberar de uso una estrategia

Check In - Estrategia está abierta en otro lugar u otro usuario



# Propiedades de un objeto

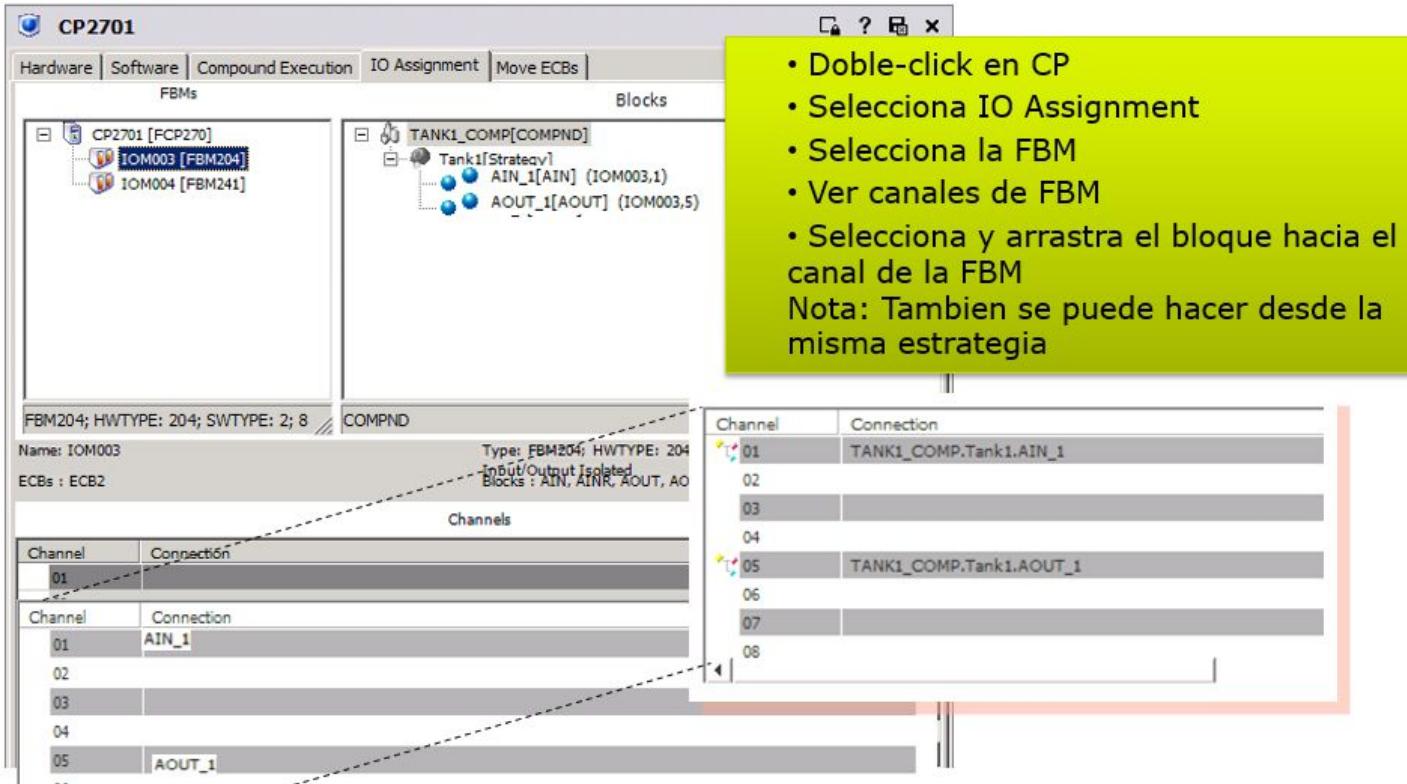


The screenshot shows the 'tank1 Properties' dialog box with the 'Change Log' tab selected. The table lists the history of operations:

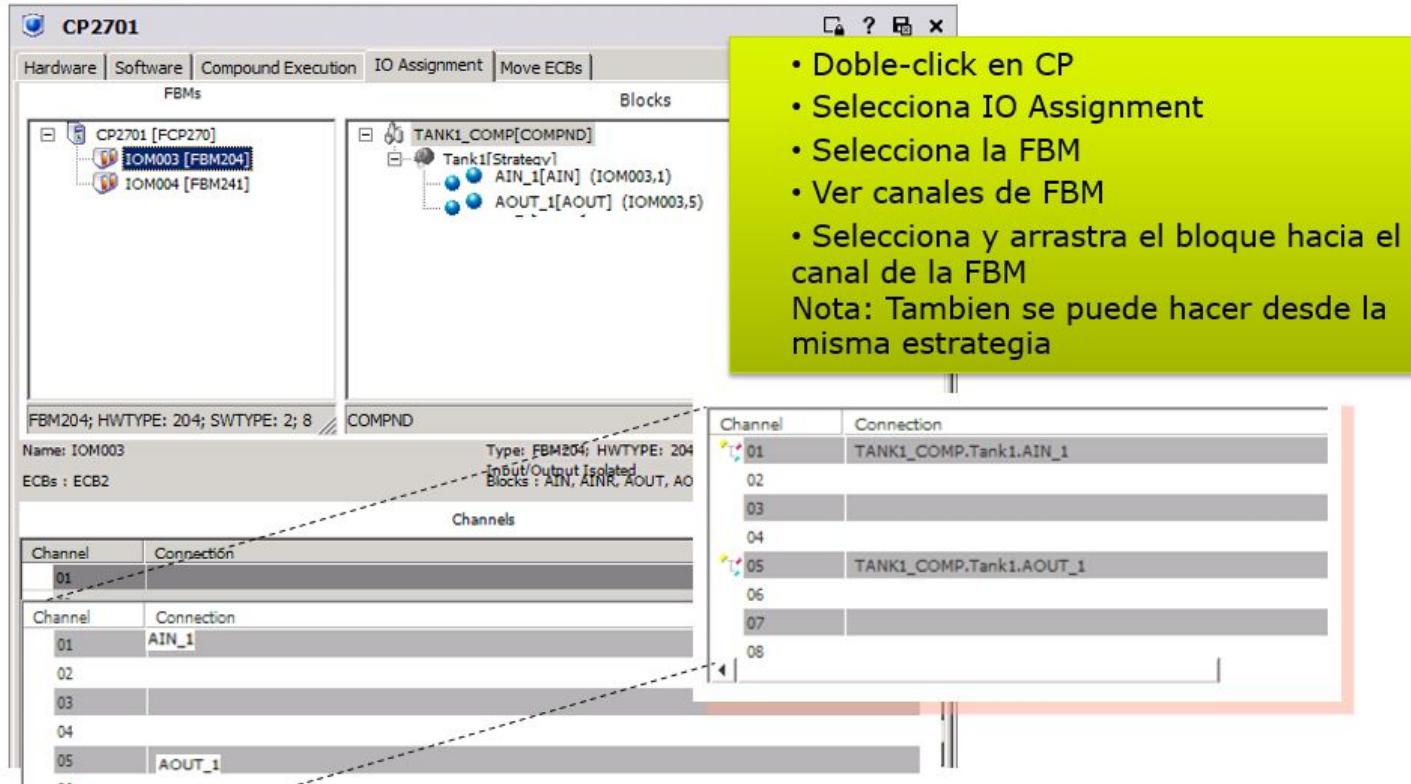
Name	User	Date/Time	Operation	Rev...	Comment
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 3:21:58 PM	ModifiedAutomationObjectOnly	17	Updated configuration.
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 3:21:58 PM	ModifiedAutomationObjectOnly	17	Updated configuration.
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 3:22:00 PM	DeploySuccess	17	Deploy successful
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 3:22:11 PM	CheckOutSuccess	17	Check out by user.
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 3:29:45 PM	ModifiedAutomationObjectOnly	17	Updated configuration.
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 3:29:46 PM	ModifiedAutomationObjectOnly	17	Updated configuration.
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 3:29:46 PM	CheckInSuccess	18	Check in by user.
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 3:29:46 PM	UnDeploySuccess	18	Undeploy successful
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 3:29:46 PM	DeploySuccess	18	Deploy successful
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 3:29:48 PM	CheckOutSuccess	18	Check out by user.
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 3:29:56 PM	UndoCheckOutSuccess	18	UndoCheckOut successful.
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 3:33:16 PM	CheckOutSuccess	18	Check out by user.
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 6:45:22 PM	ModifiedAutomationObjectOnly	18	Updated configuration.
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 6:45:47 PM	ModifiedAutomationObjectOnly	18	Updated configuration.
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 6:45:47 PM	CheckInSuccess	19	Wanted to make things right. Stan
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 6:45:47 PM	UnDeploySuccess	19	Undeploy successful
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 6:45:48 PM	DeploySuccess	19	Deploy successful
tank1	DefaultUser	8/1/2006 6:45:54 PM	CheckOutSuccess	19	Check out by user.

A yellow callout box with a black outline and a yellow arrow points to the last entry in the log, containing the text "Note login comments".

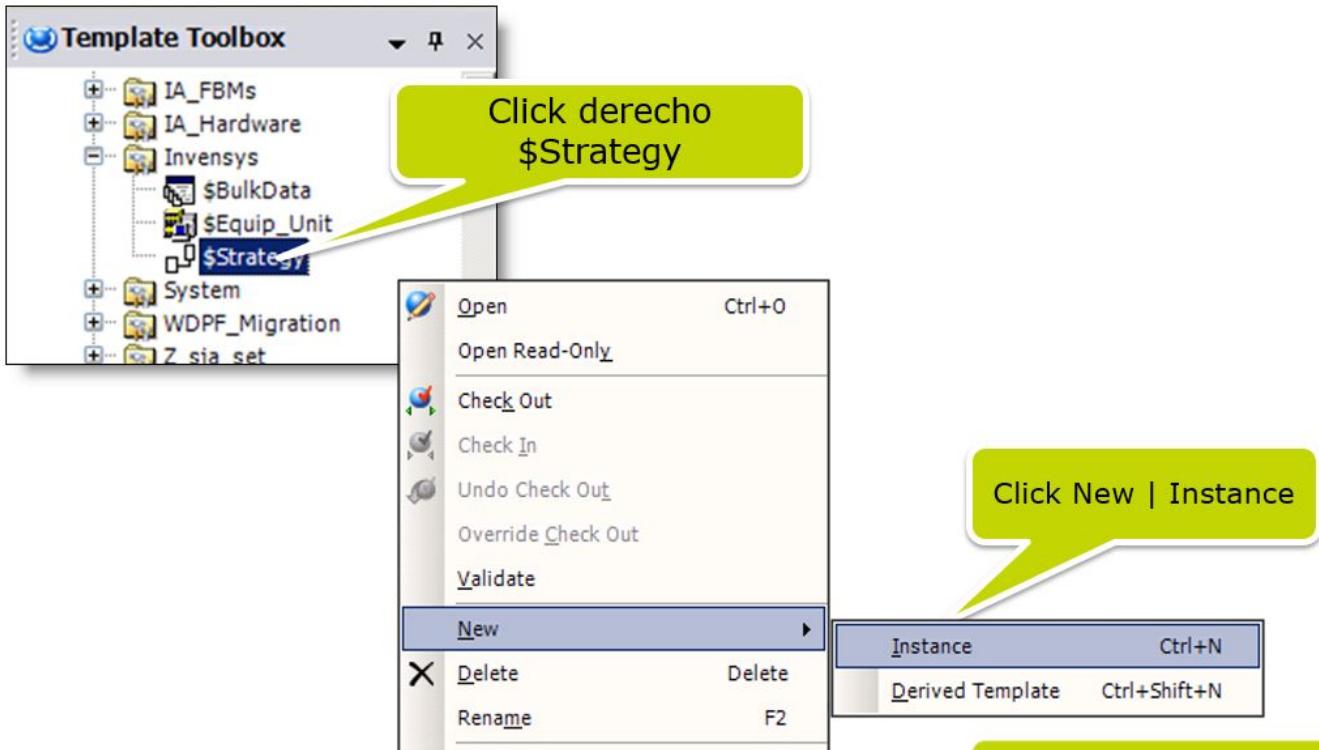
# Asignación de IO



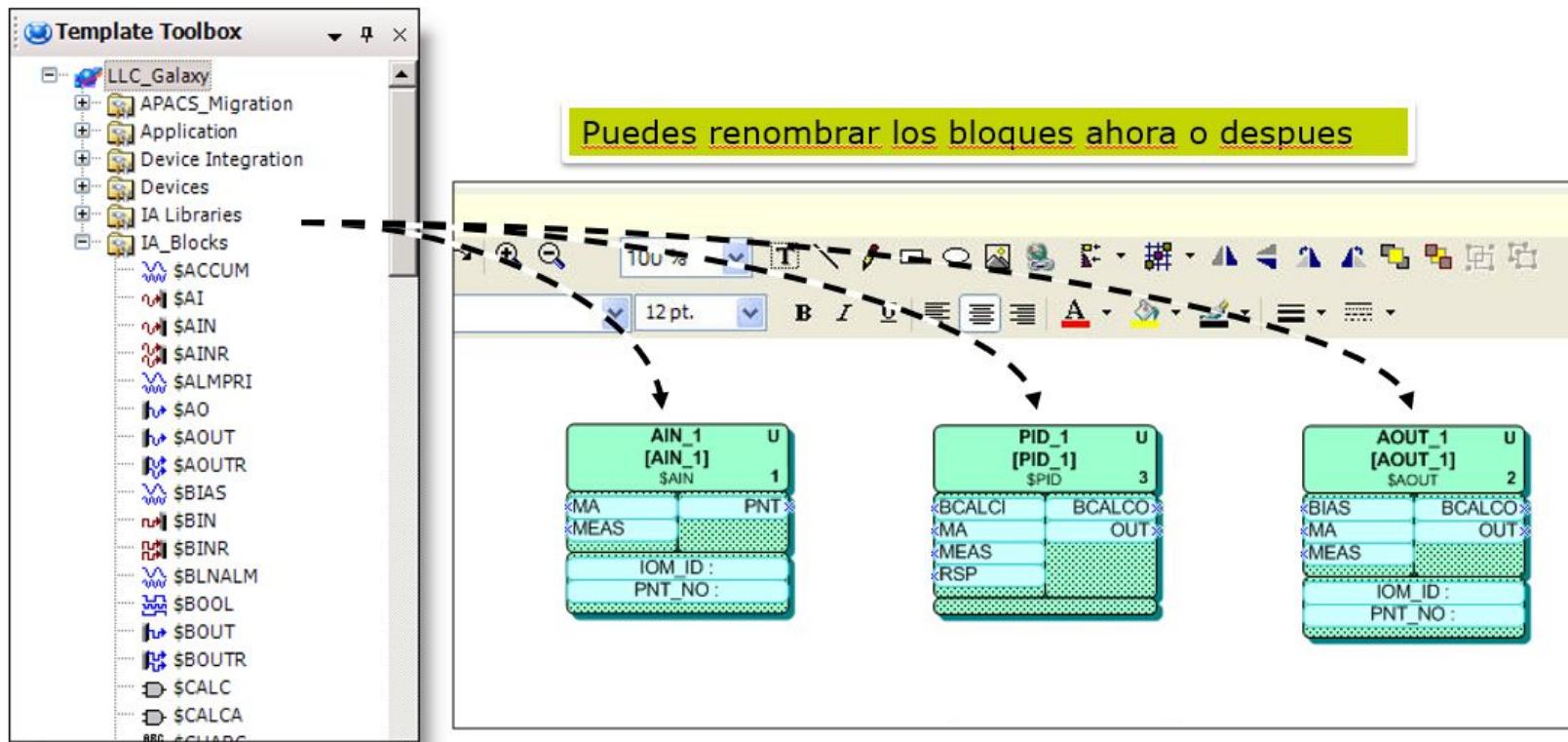
# Descargando ade IO



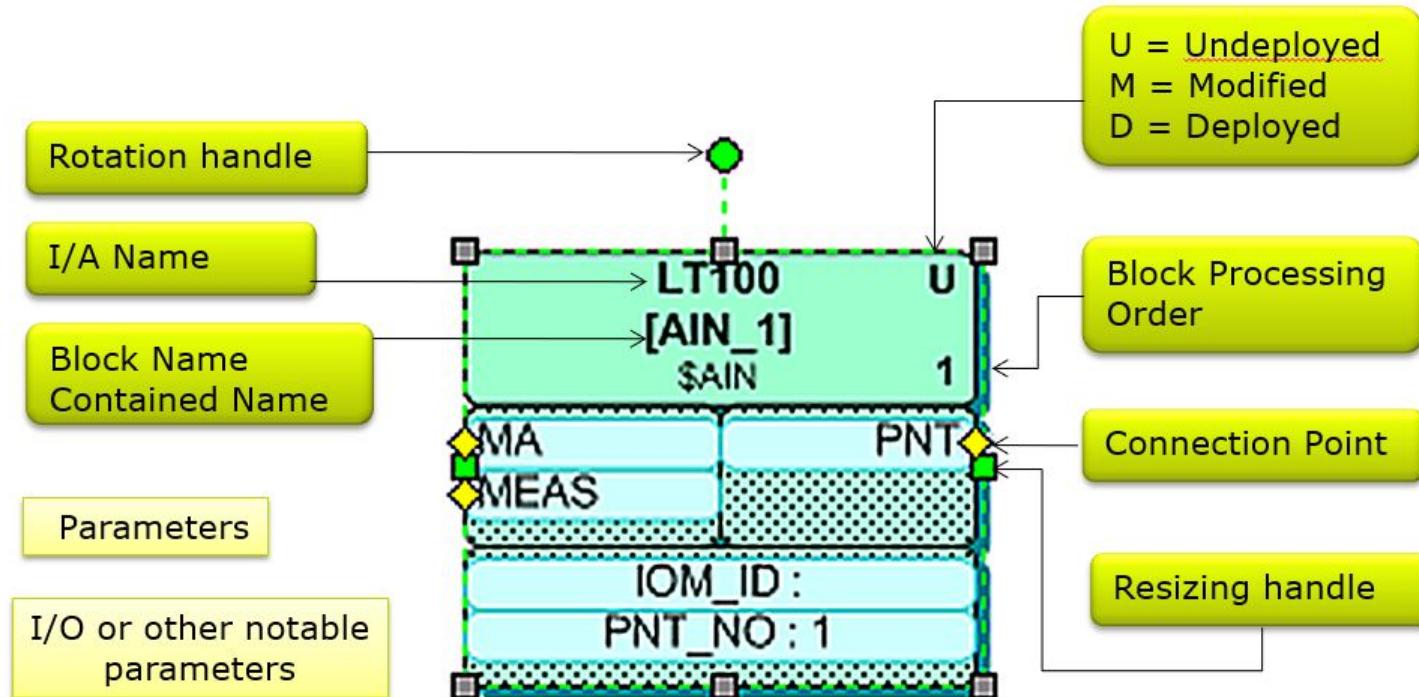
# Instancias



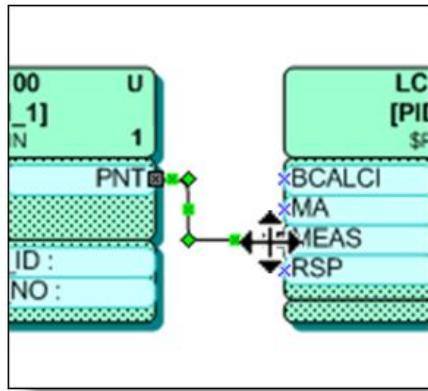
# Agregando bloques



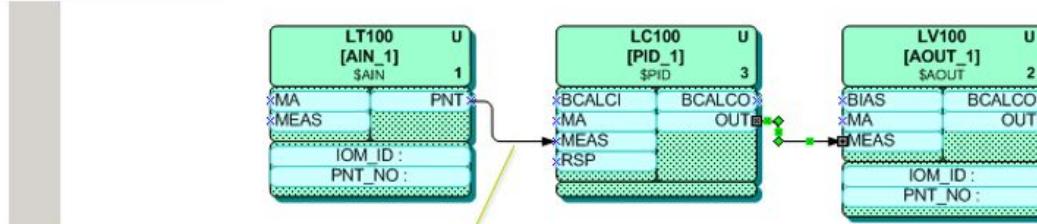
# Apariencia de bloques



# Conectando bloques

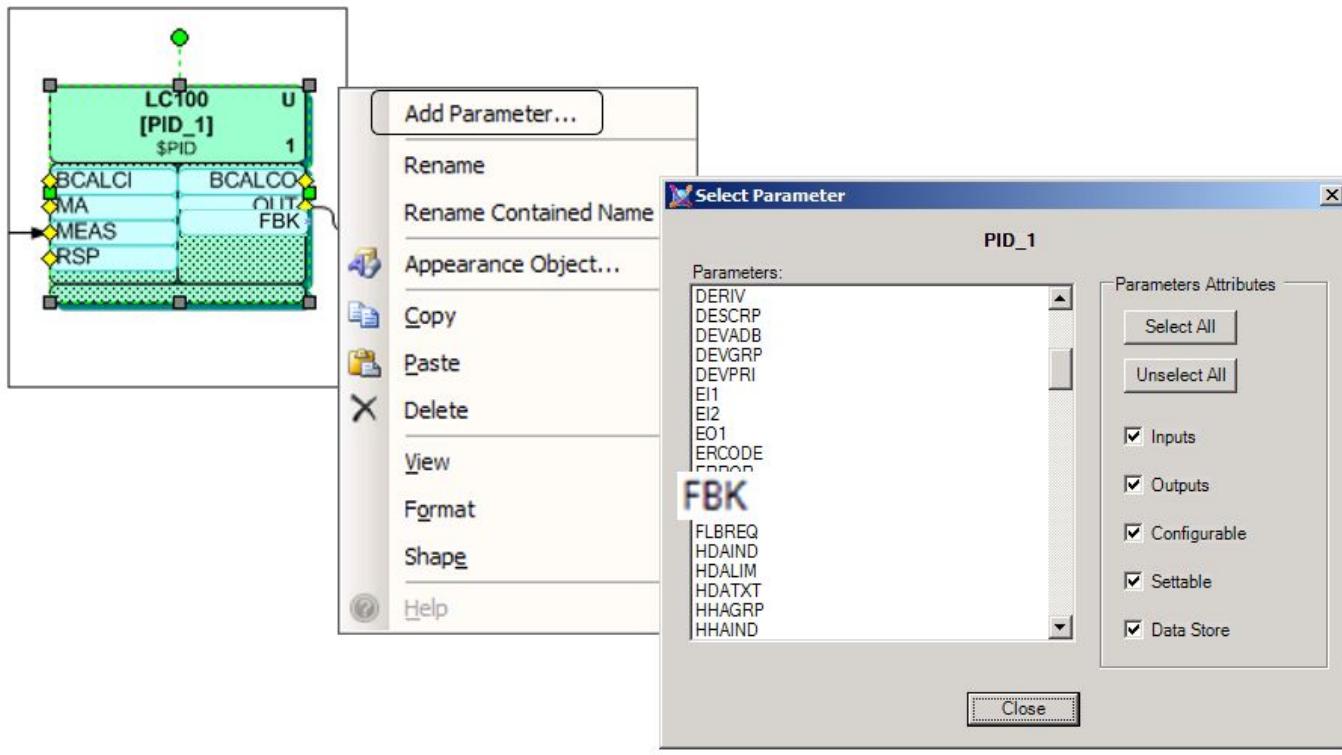


Arrastra la conexión desde la salida (SOURCE) hasta el parametron de entrada (SINK).

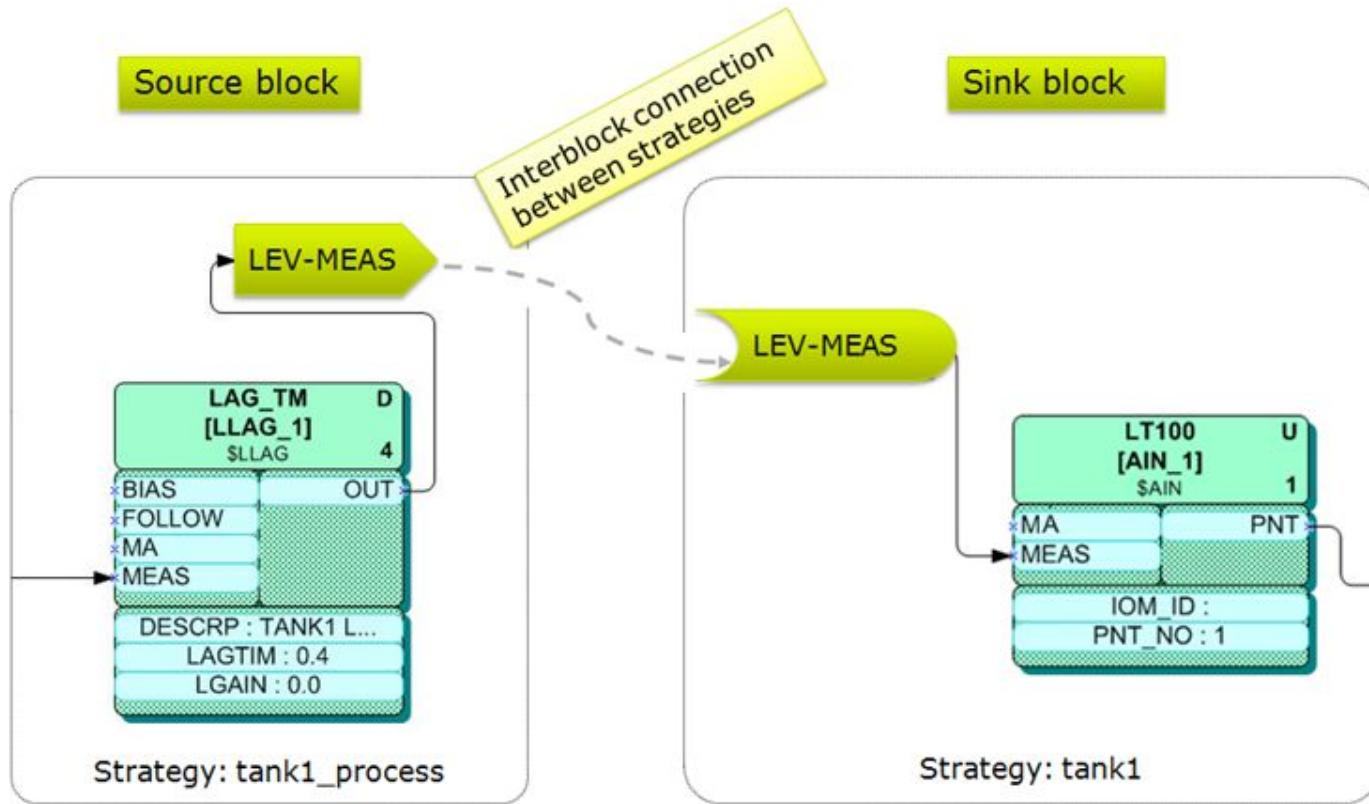


Nota: Las líneas de conexión se pueden modificar a conveniencia

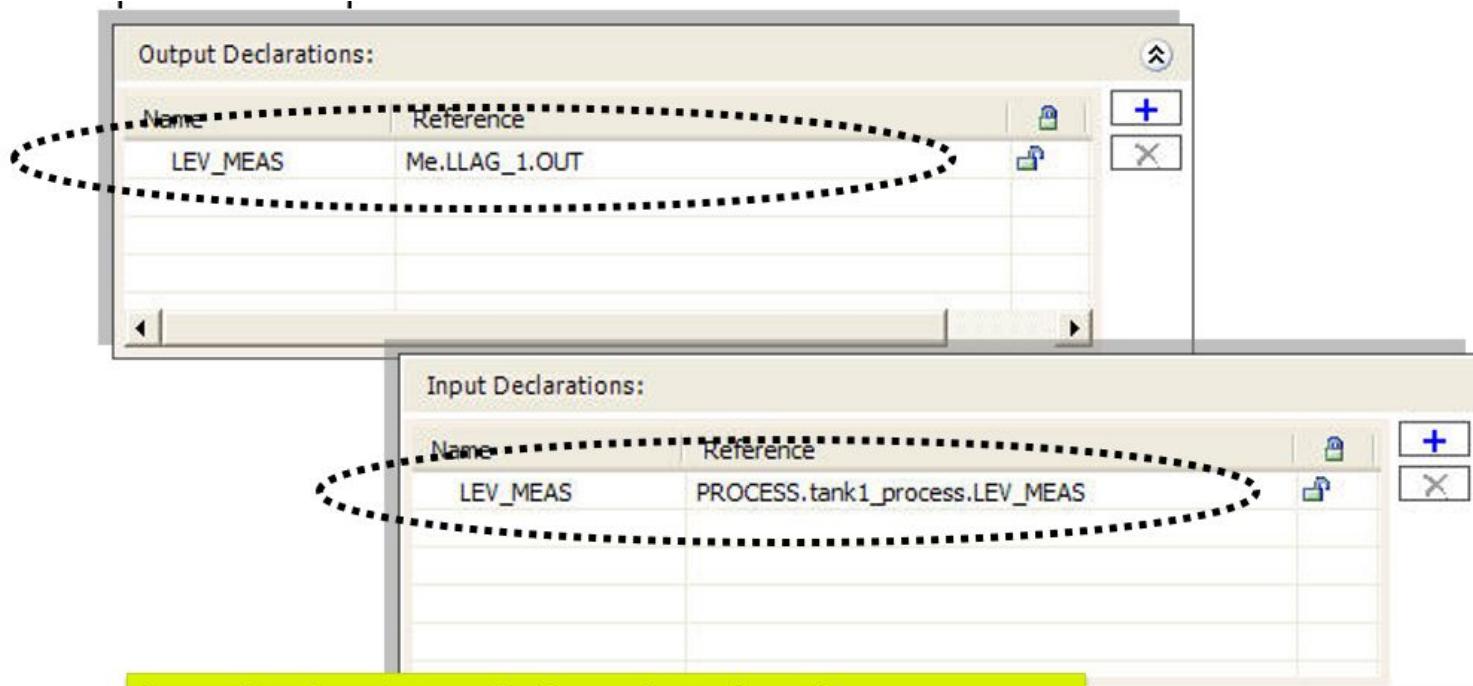
# Agregar parametro a bloques



# Agregando conexión fuera de estrategia



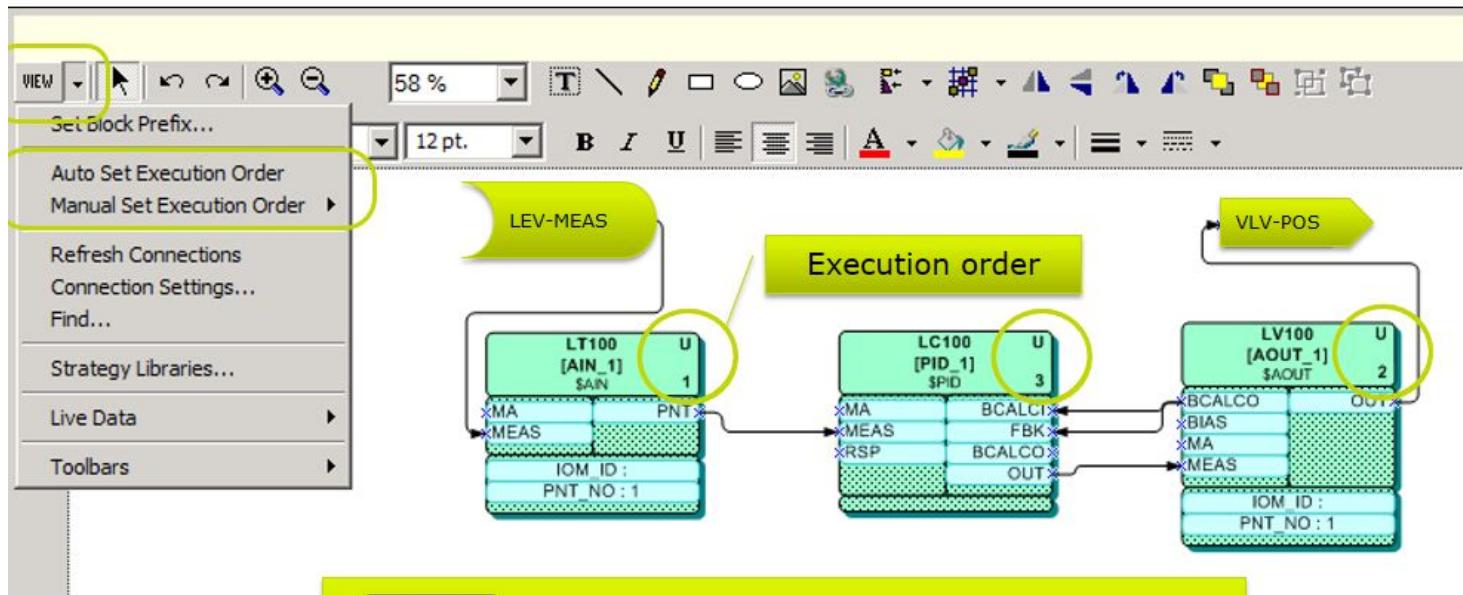
# Agregando conexión fuera de estrategia



Input Declarations – Referencia a algun lugar

Output Declarations – Referencia a My Strategy

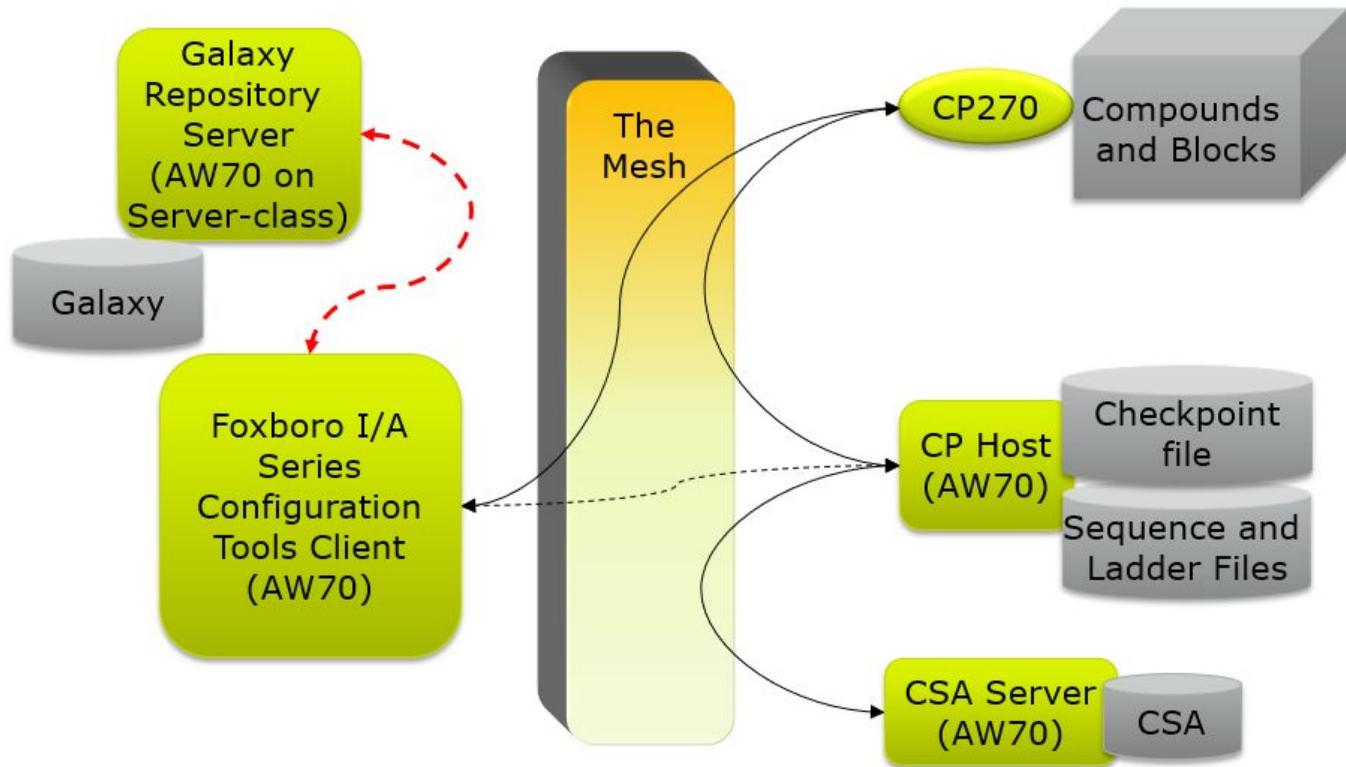
# Cambiar orden de ejecución



VIEW ▼

- AUTO – Ordenar del inicio hacia el final
- MANUAL – Tu decides el orden

# Descarga el Controlador



# Descarga el Controlador

The screenshot shows the SIMATIC Manager Deployment window. On the left, a tree view displays a hierarchy: LLC\_Galaxy > Unassigned Host > AW7001\_Plat > EQUIP\_UNIT\_001 > CP2701. The 'EQUIP\_UNIT\_001' node is selected. A context menu is open over this node, listing: Open (Ctrl+O), Open Read-Only, Check Out, Check In, Rename (F2), Deploy..., Undeploy..., and Upload Runtime Changes. The 'Deploy...' option is highlighted with a blue selection bar and has a cursor icon over it.

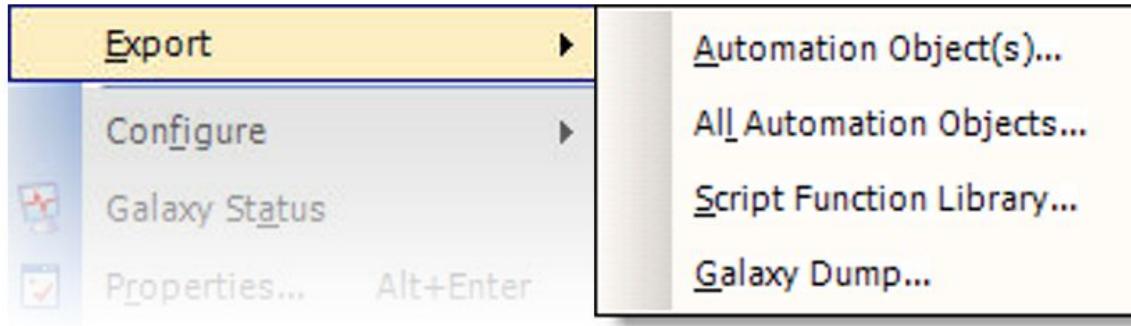
Seleccióna el nivel a descargar

Descargara todo lo que esta abajo del objeto

- No puedes descargar si:
  - El contenedor no esta deployado
  - Objeto esta Checked out

	Deployed
	Not deployed
	Not deployed, checked out
	Deployed, but modified

# Importar/Exportar configuracion

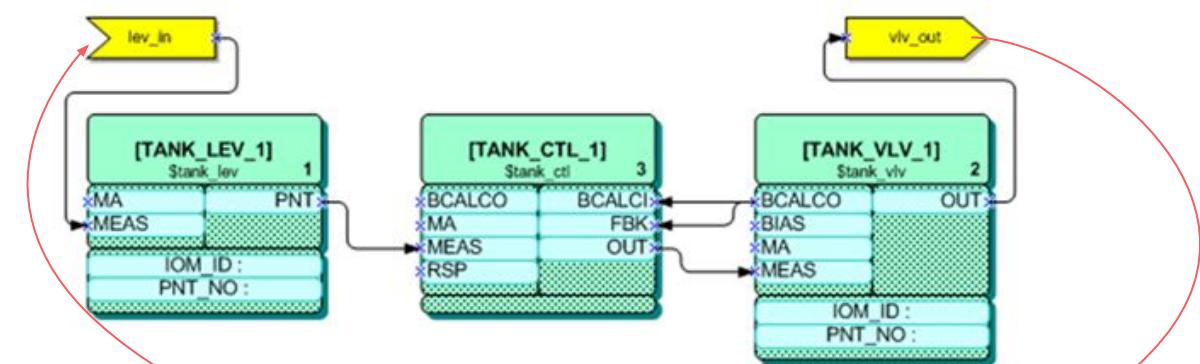


Automation Objects – includes parents

Galaxy Dump – just the objects

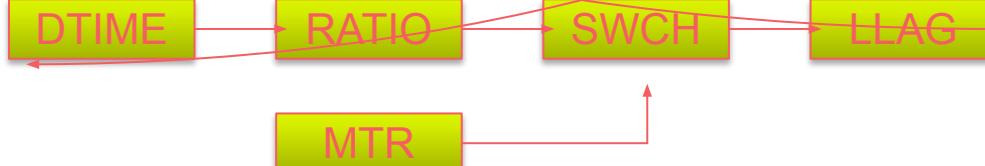
# Estrategia de control y proceso simulado

(Compound)  
TANK1\_COMP



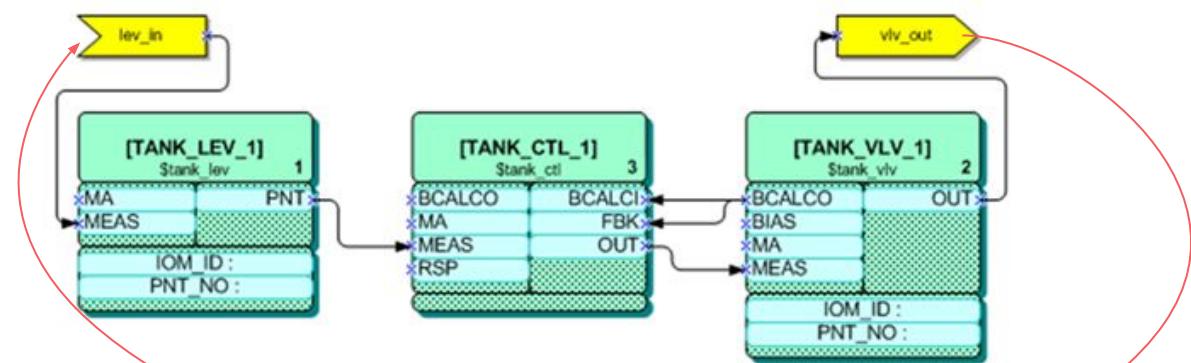
(Compound) PROCESS  
(process simulator)

(strategy) tank1\_process



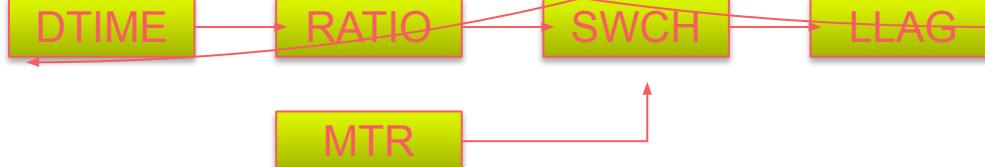
# Estrategia de control y proceso simulado

(Compound)  
TANK1\_COMP

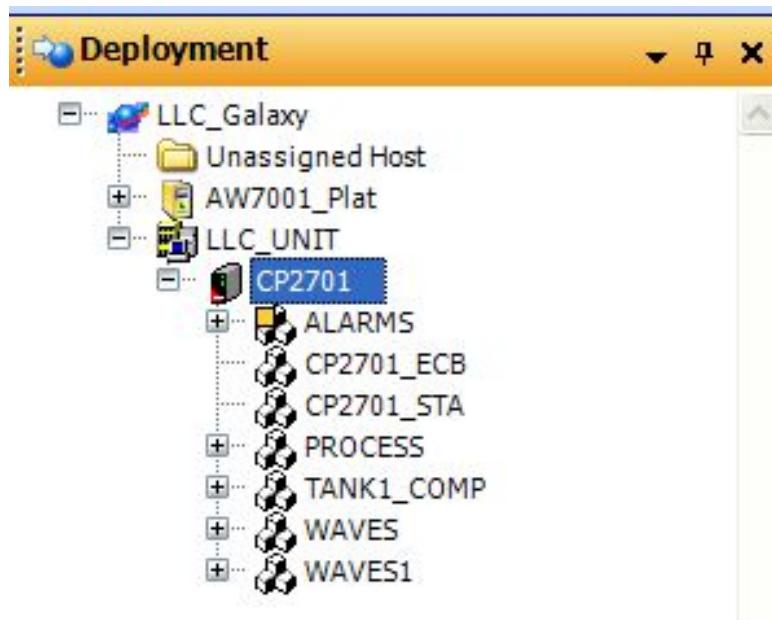


(Compound) PROCESS  
(process simulator)

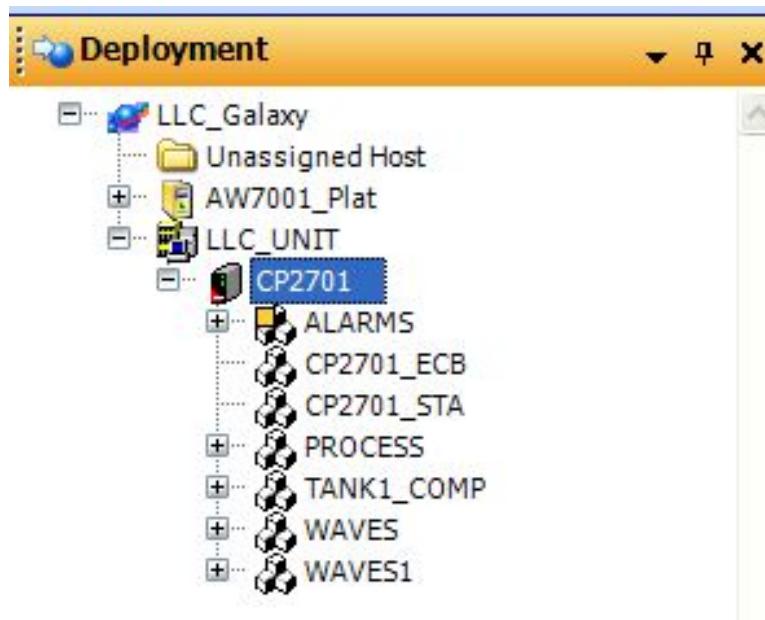
(strategy) tank1\_process



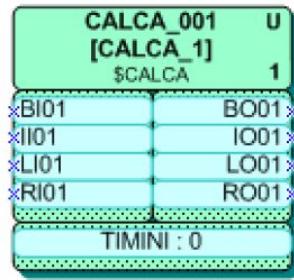
# Laboratorio 4 - Creando Compounds



# Laboratorio 5 - Creando Compounds de plantilla derivada



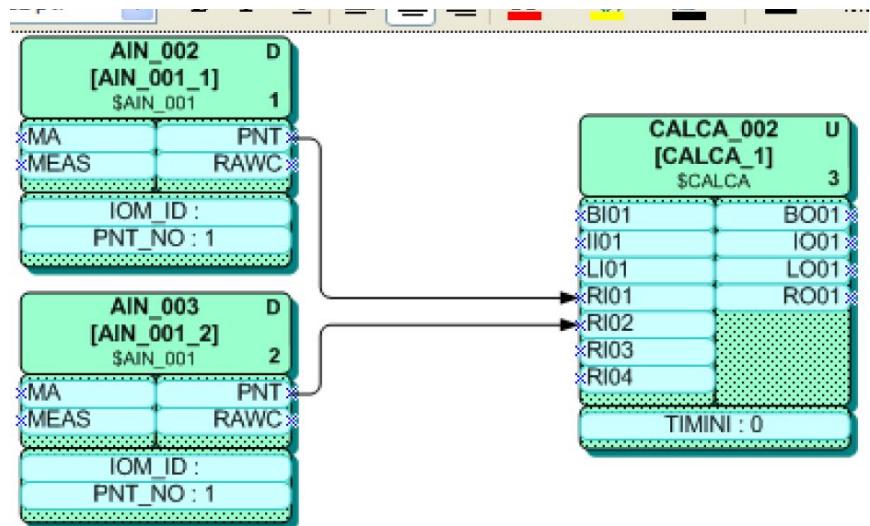
# Laboratorio 6 - Crear bloques desde plantillas base



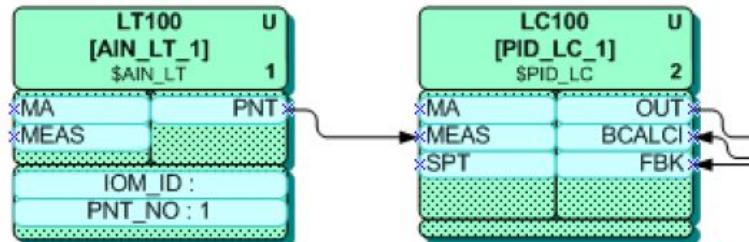
# Laboratorio 7 - Crear bloques desde plantillas derivadas



# Laboratorio 8 - Haciendo Conexiones

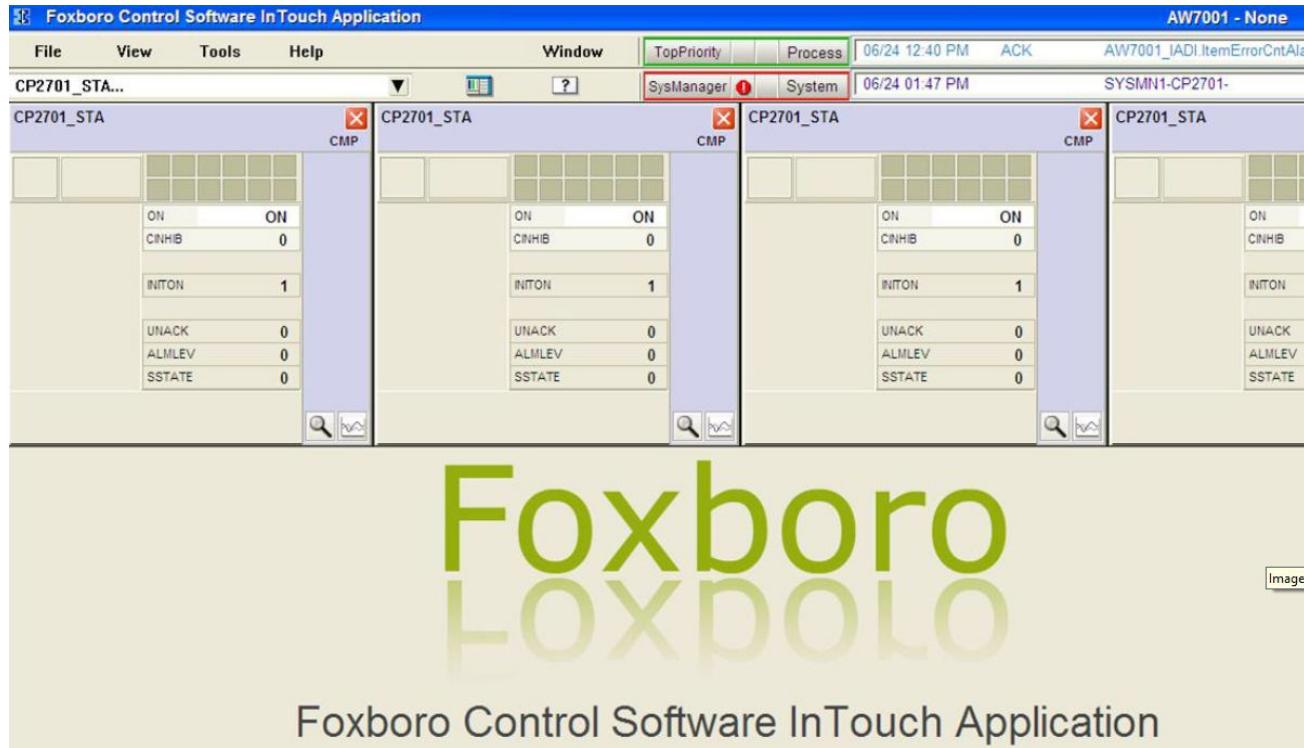


# Laboratorio 9 - Creando un lazo PID

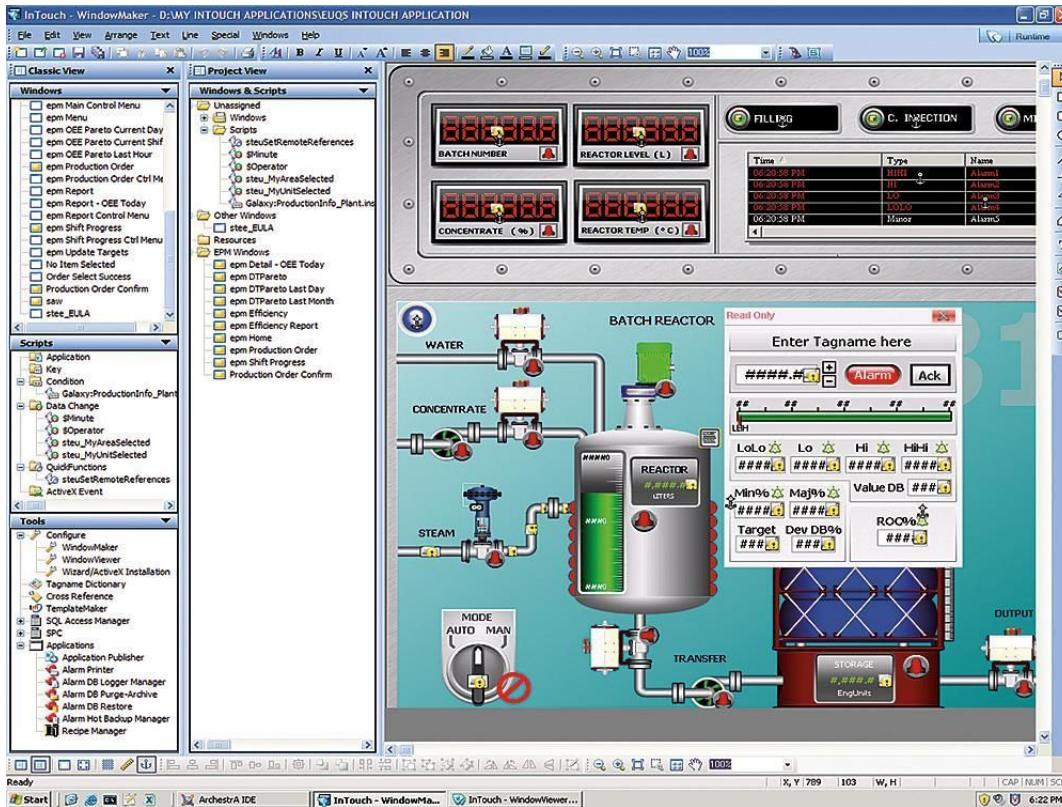


# **Modulo 7: Configuración de HMI en un DCS**

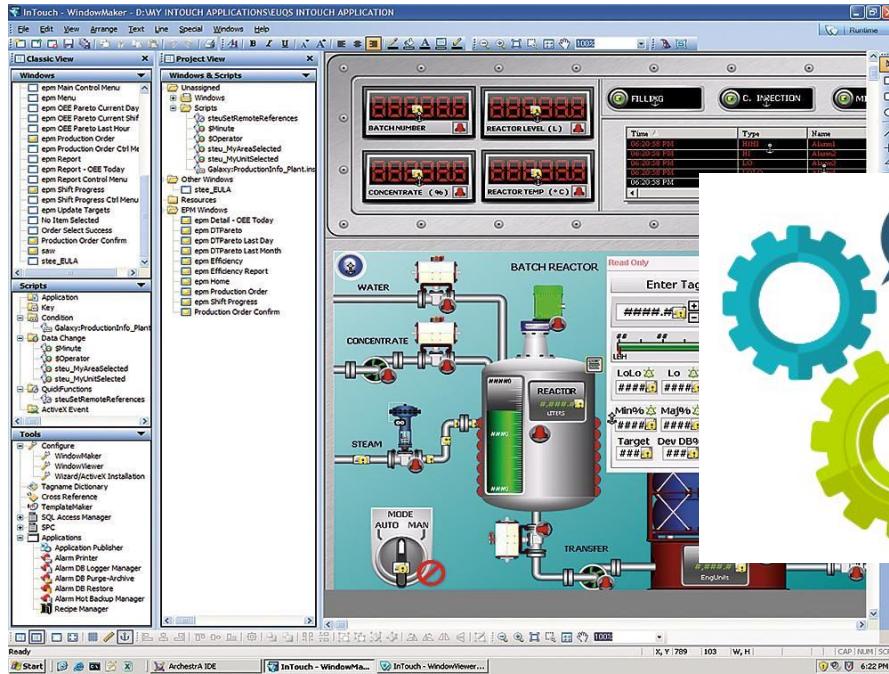
# Interfaz HMI por Defecto - Visualización



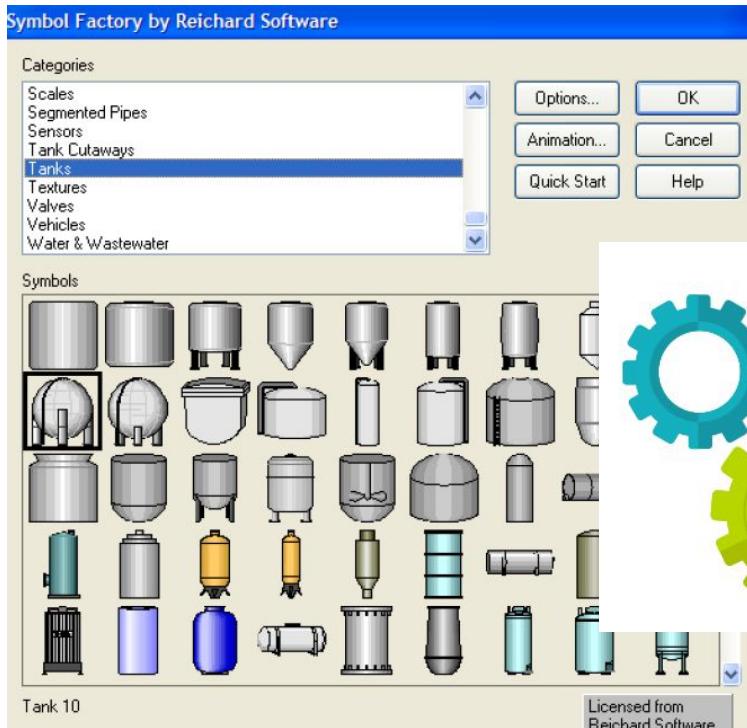
# Interfaz HMI - Software de Edicion



# Laboratorio 10 - Creando Pantallas

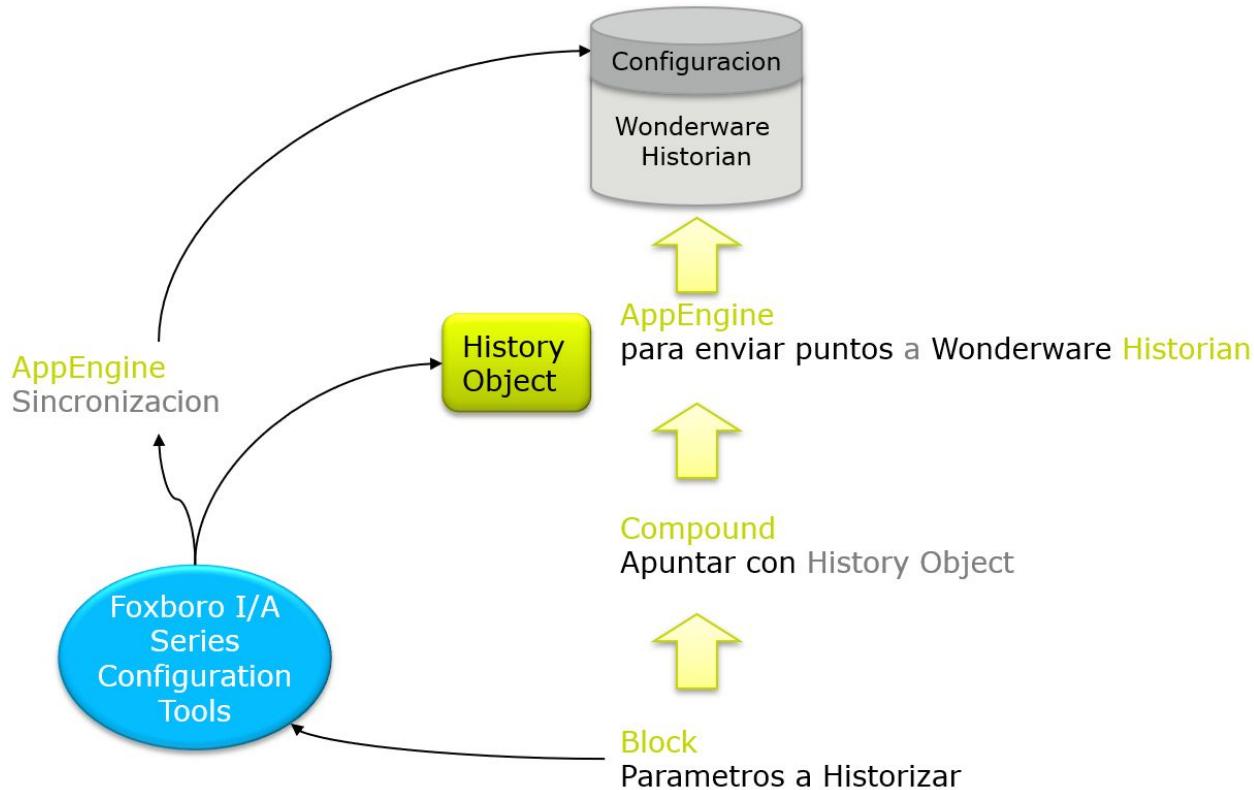


# Laboratorio 11 - Creando Animaciones

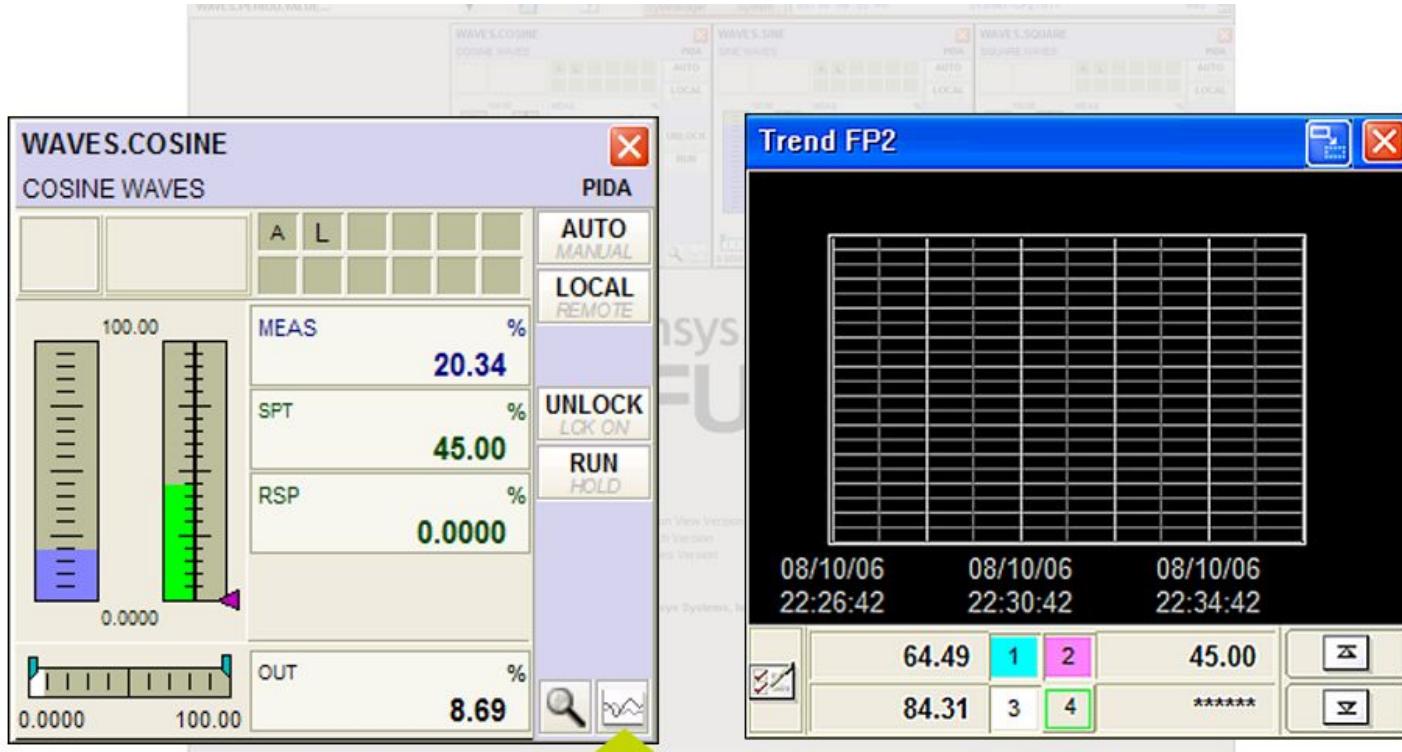


# Modulo 8: Historiador y Tendencias

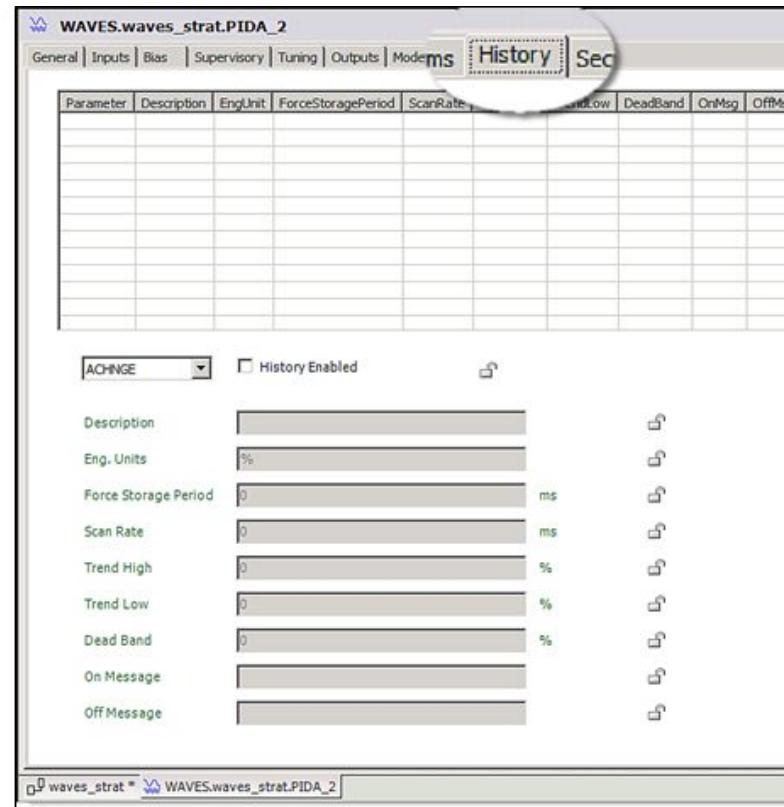
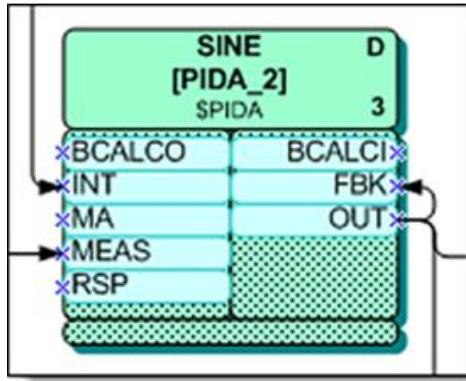
# Como historizamos?



# Tendencias desde Faceplates



# Configurando bloques para historización



# Configurando bloques para historización

The screenshot shows a configuration dialog for a parameter named "OUT". On the left, a tree view lists "OUT" under "OF\_INP", which is selected. A tooltip "Selecciona parametro" points to this selection. In the center, a configuration panel has a checked checkbox "History Enabled". Below it are fields for "Description", "Eng. Units", "Force Storage Period" (set to 0), "Scan Rate" (set to 1000), and "Trend High" (set to 100). A tooltip "Check en History Enabled" points to the checked checkbox. To the right is a table titled "WAVES.waves\_strat.PIDA\_2 \*". It contains one row for "OUT" with the following values: ForceStoragePeriod: 0, ScanRate: 1000, TrendHigh: 100, TrendLow: 0, DeadBand: 0.1. A green double-headed arrow indicates a bidirectional relationship between the central configuration panel and the table. Below the table is another configuration panel for "OUT" with the same set of parameters and their current values.

Selecciona parametro

Check en History Enabled

Configuras parametros

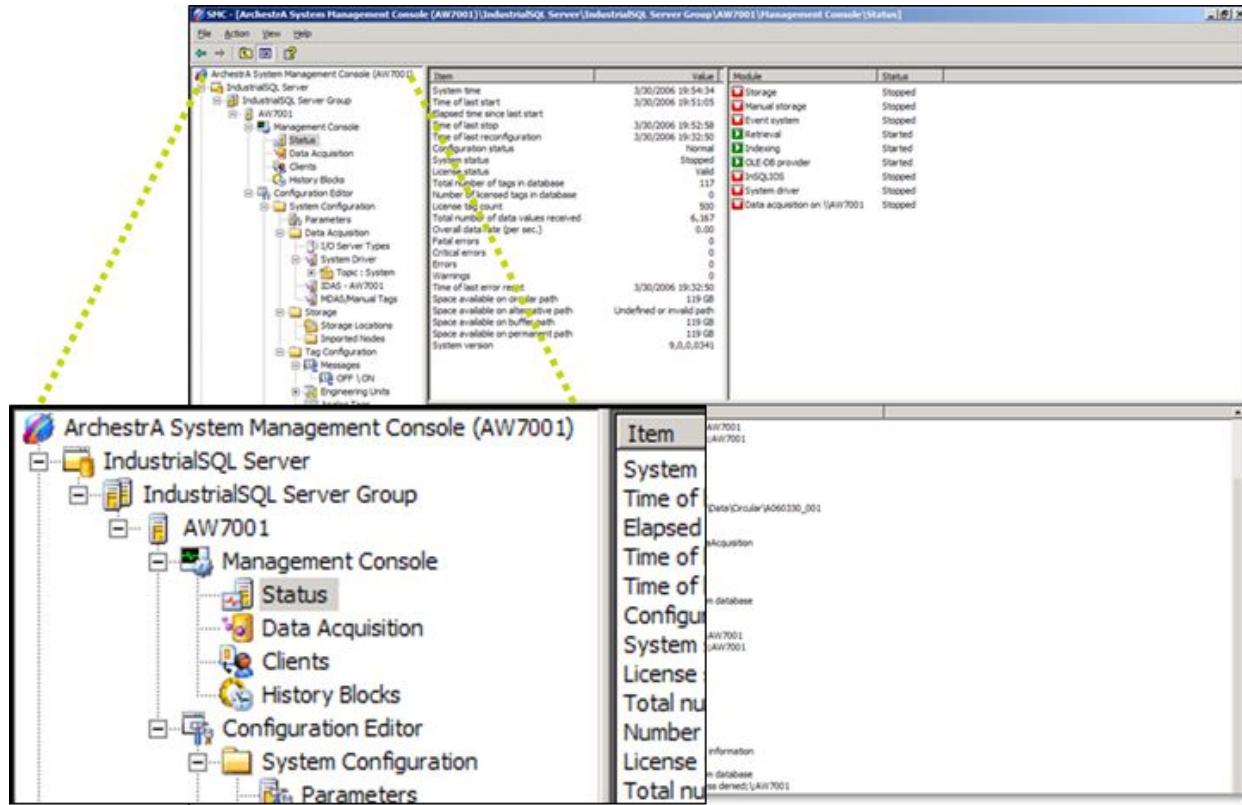
Opciones no habilitadas

Parameter	Description	EngUnit	ForceStoragePeriod	ScanRate	TrendHigh	Trendlow	DeadBand	OnMsg	OffMsg
OUT			0	1000	100	0	0.1		

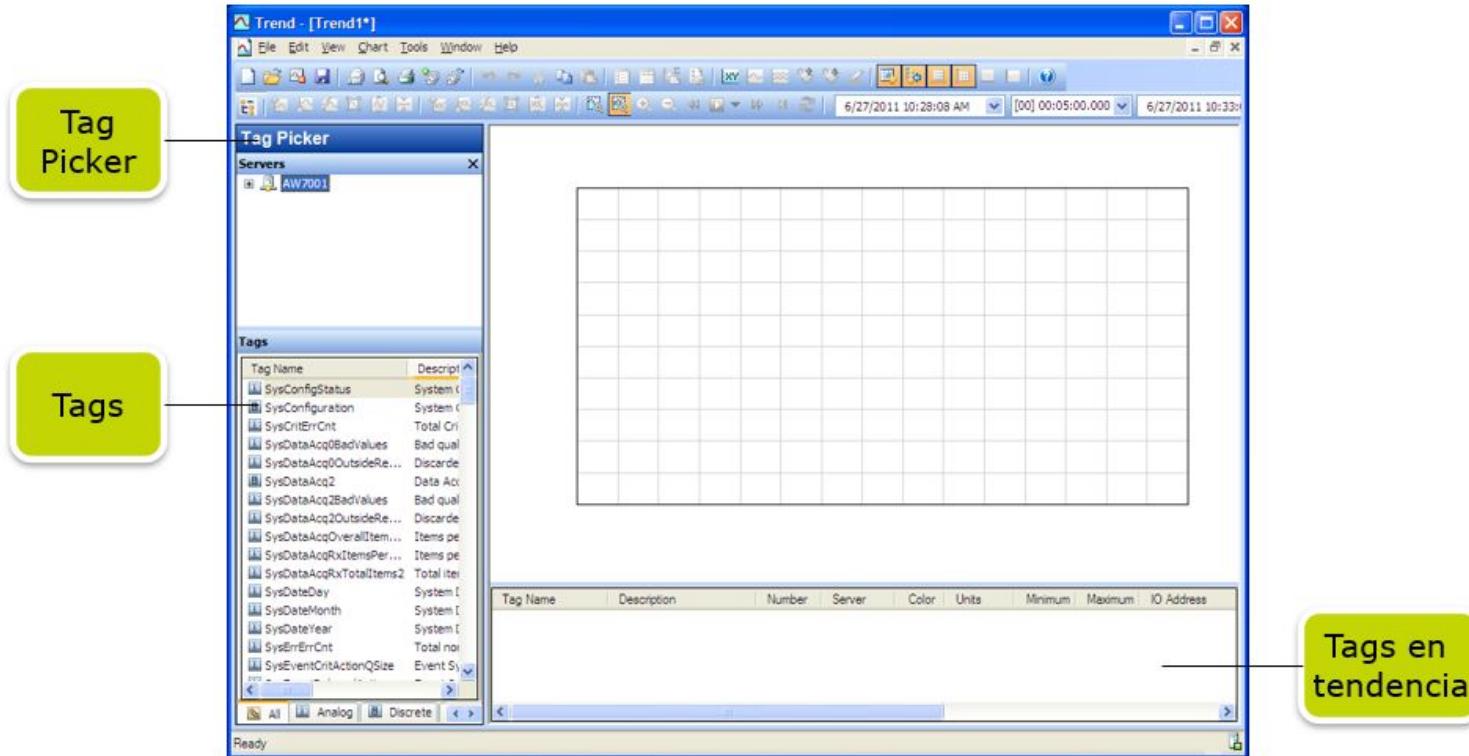
# Configurando Compound para historizacion



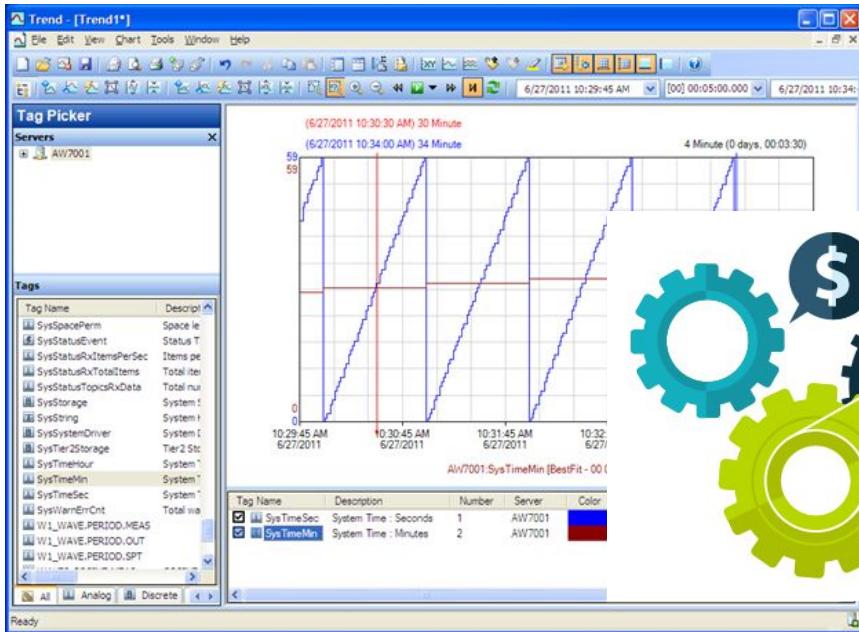
# System Management Console (SMC)



# Mostrando las tendencias

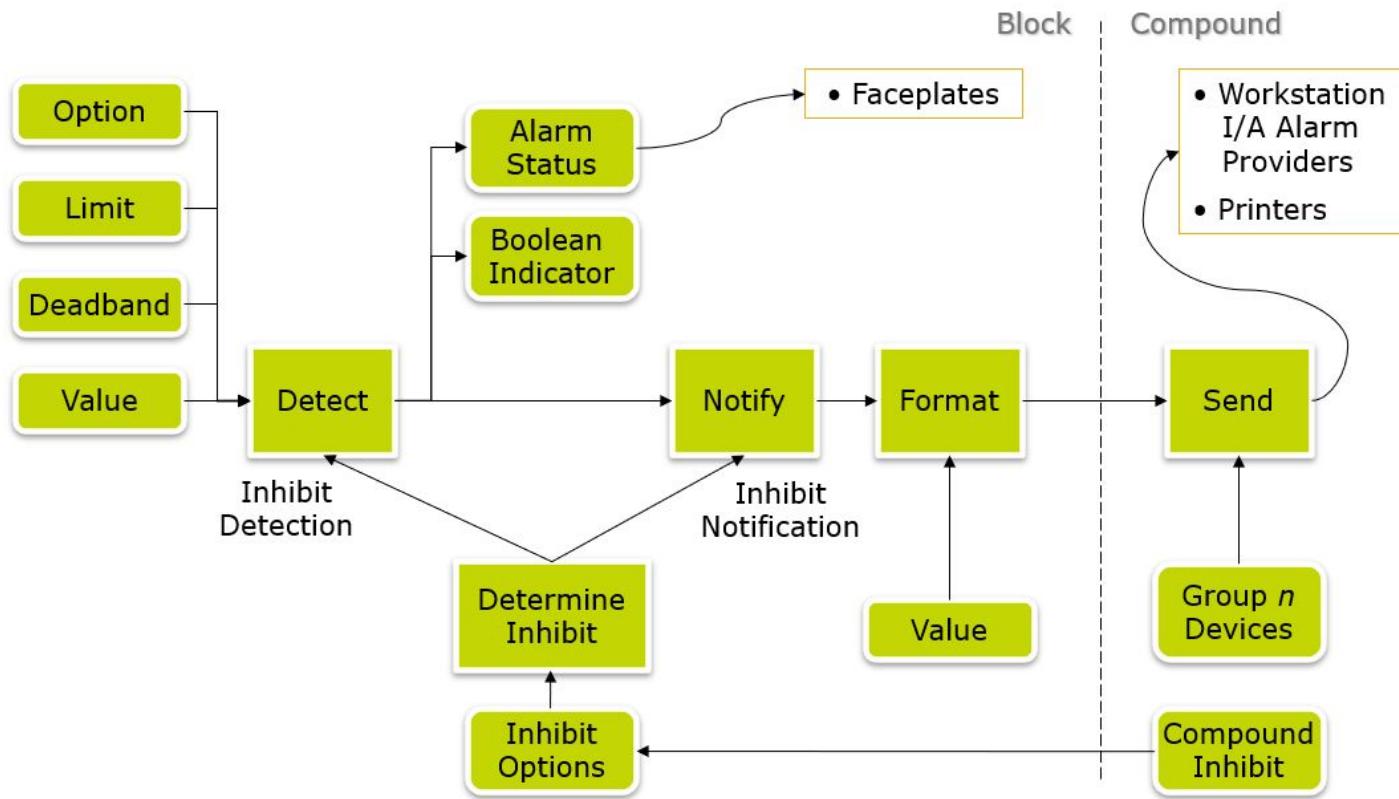


# Laboratorio 12 - Historizando y Tendencias

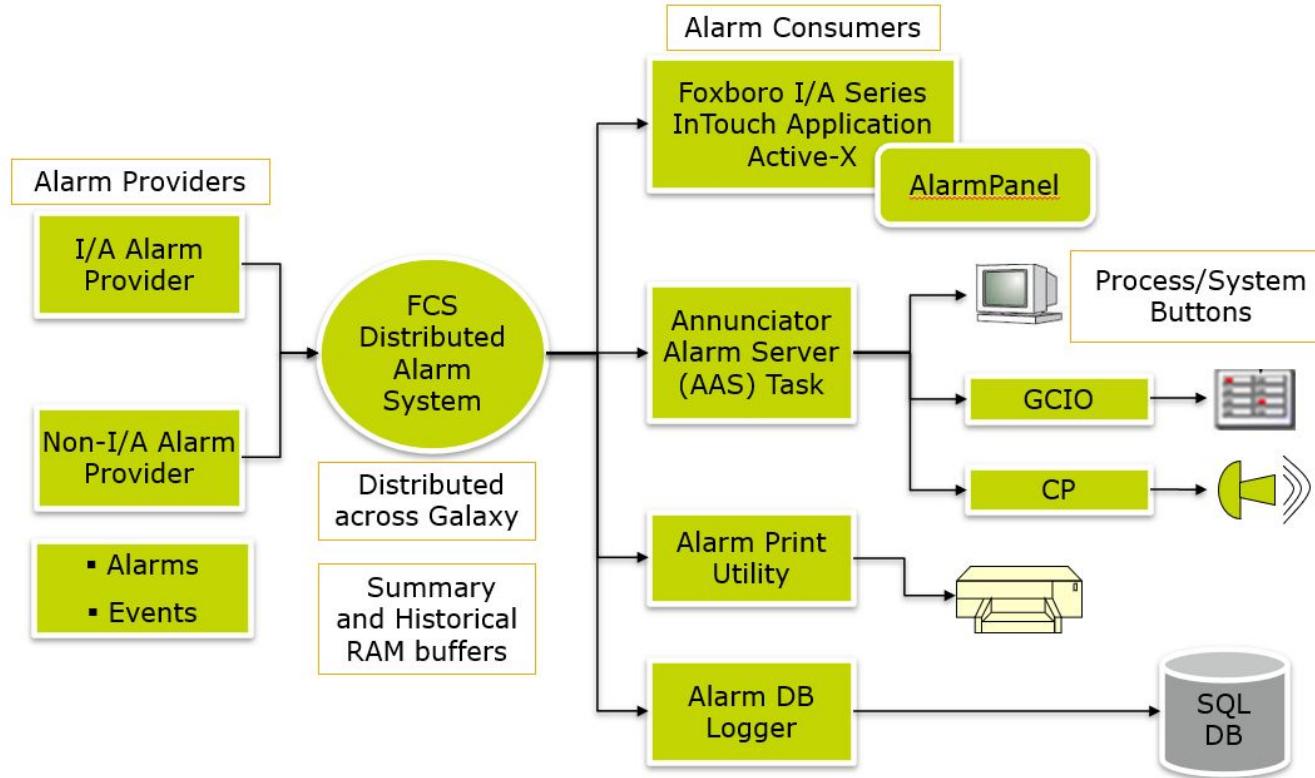


# Modulo 9: Sistema de Alarmado

# Flujo de datos para alarmas



# Manejo de Alarmas



# Tipos de Alarmas

Absolutas – Valor se compara con un límite absoluto

- High / Low:
- High-High / Low-Low:

Desviación - Diferencia en SP y PV

- High and/or Low:

Output – Valor de salida comparado con un limite

- High and/or Low:

Bad – Valor con error en FBM o punto I/O

Out-of-Range– Valor fuera de rango

- High / Low:

Rate of Change - Valor cambiando rapido

Target - Valor de Acumulacion en el limite

Mismatch - estado no deseado de un contacto dentro de un tiempo.

State - contacto entrada en alarma

Trip - condicion ocurrida (EVENT o MON Block)

Sequence - Error en logica de secuencia

# Parametros de Alarmas

Option – activa o desactiva alarma

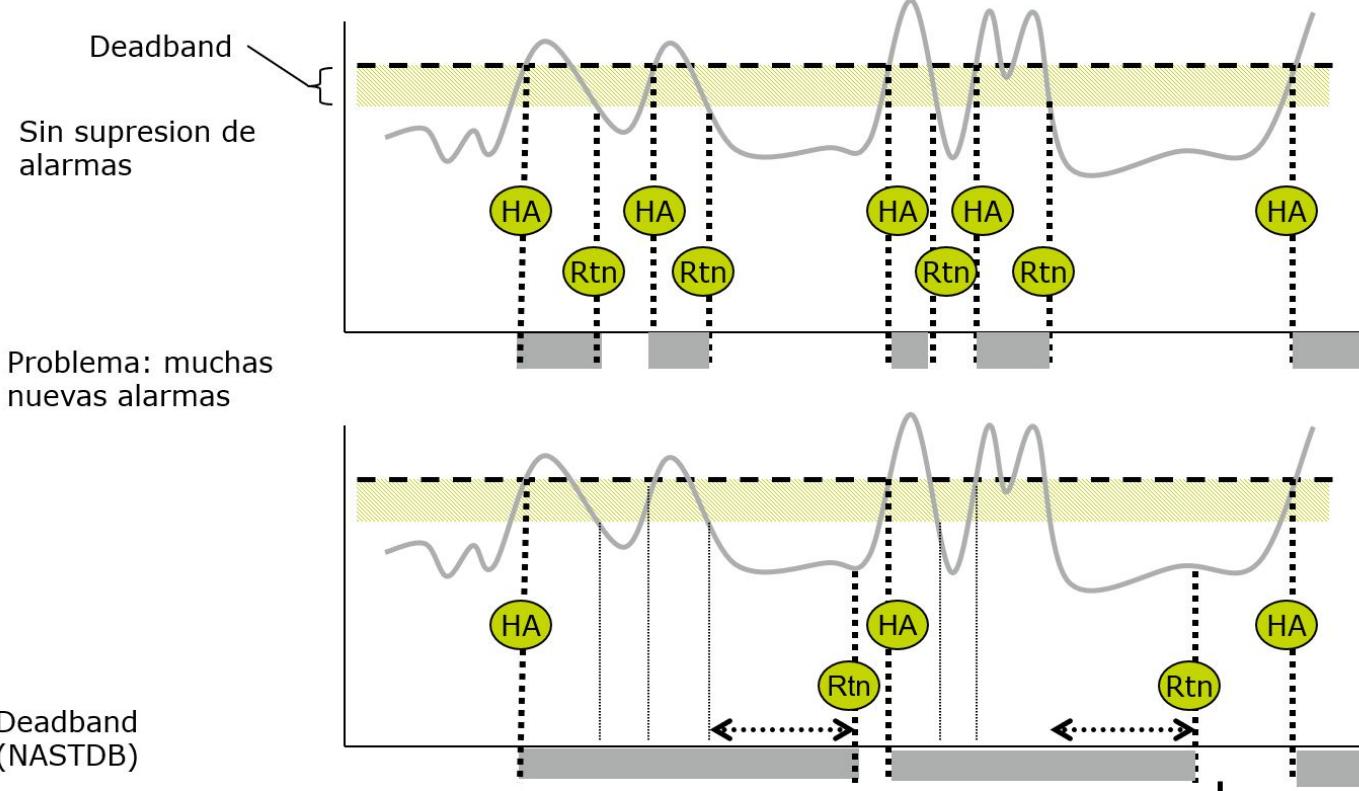
Limit - fija limites en unidades de ingenieria

Deadband: banda muerta antes que alarma se active

Priority - Prioridad de la alarma (1 a 5)

Group - Grupo de dispositivos donde se anunciará la alarma

# Supresion de alarmas continuas (NASTDB)



# Alarmas en Block Select

InFusion View BlockSelect- [AW7001:AW7001]

Options Compound View Help

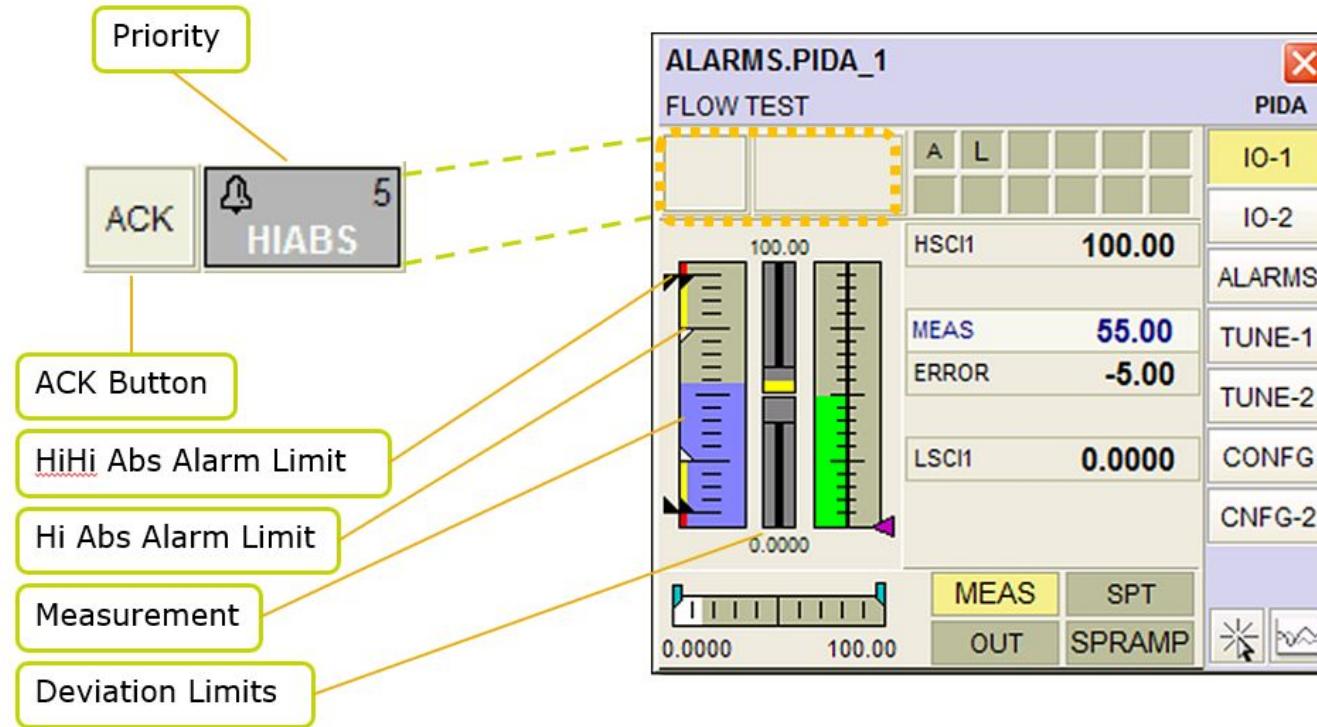
Station View | Block View | sja In Alarm

The screenshot shows the InFusion View BlockSelect interface. On the left, there is a tree view of a compound named 'CP2701'. Under 'CP2701', the following blocks are listed: CP2701\_STA, CP2701\_ECB, ALARMS, BLOCKS, DATA, PROCESS, and PROCESS\_2. The 'ALARMS' block is selected, indicated by a gray background and a yellow number '3' to its right. A yellow arrow points from this '3' to a callout box at the bottom. On the right, there is a table titled 'Block' with columns 'Type' and 'Alarm'. The table contains three rows:

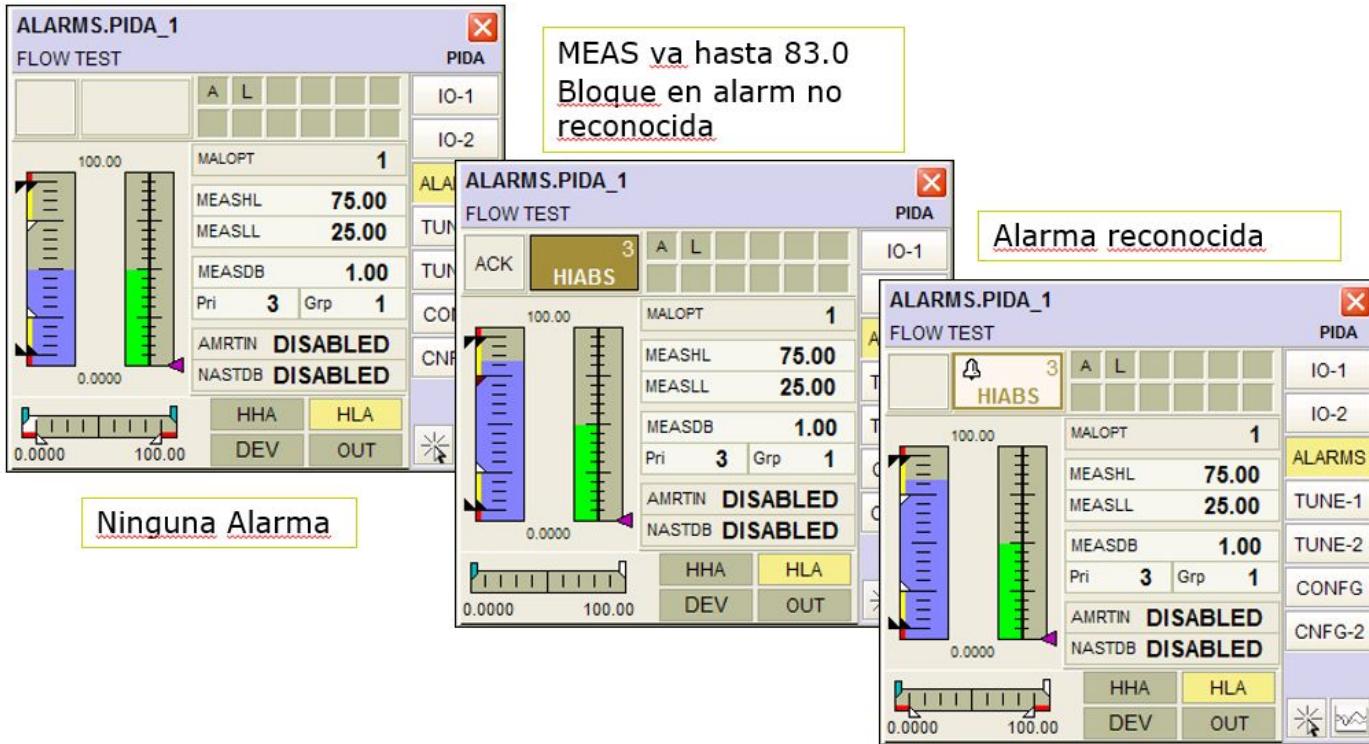
Block	Type	Alarm
RAMP_1	RAMP	
PIDA_1	PIDA	
AIN_1	AIN	3

Alarma de mayor prioridad en compound

# Alarmas en Faceplates



# Reconociendo Alarmas



# Panel de Alarmas

Click para ordenas columnas

Mover columnas en el orden deseado

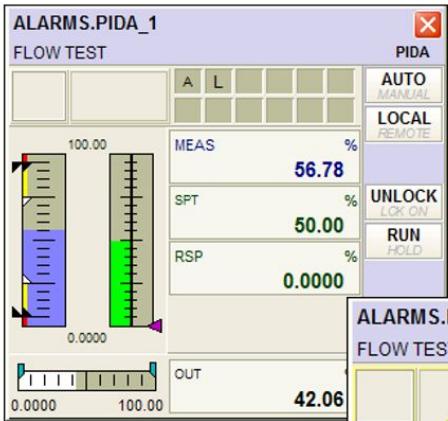
Colores conforme a prioridad de alarmas

Time	State	Name	Pri	Value	Limit	Alarm Comment	Type	Group
03/24/2006 08:28:16 PM	ACK	ALARM_DEMO.AIN_3.HIABS	5	4.10	4.00	ia	HIABS	AWWP01
03/24/2006 08:28:02 PM	UNACK	ALARM_DEMO.AIN_2.HIABS	5	8.70	5.00	AIN WITH	HIABS	AWWP01
03/24/2006 08:23:43 PM	UNACK	ALARM_DEMO.PIDA_1.HIABS	3	8.10	8.00	PIDA ALARM TEST	HIABS	AWWP01
03/24/2006 08:23:29 PM	UNACK	ALARM_DEMO.PIDA_1.HIDEV	4	6.10	6.00	PIDA ALARM TEST	HIDEV	AWWP01
03/24/2006 08:23:14 PM	UNACK_RTN	ALARM_DEMO.PIDA_1.LODEV	4	2.90	3.00	PIDA ALARM TEST	LODEV	AWWP01

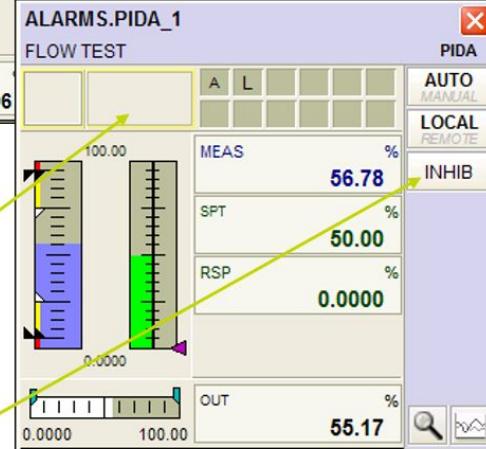
Estado de reconocimiento de alarmas:

- Reconocida
- No reconocida
- No reconocida, pero retorno a normal
- Reconocida, y regreso a normal desaparecen

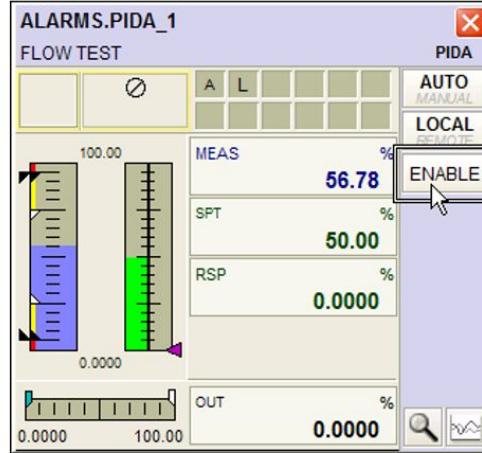
# Inhibir Alarmas



Indica que alguien inhibio alarmas



Click para habilitar o deshabilitar



# Laboratorio 13 - Trabajando con Alarmas

Alarm Panel - \* Process \*

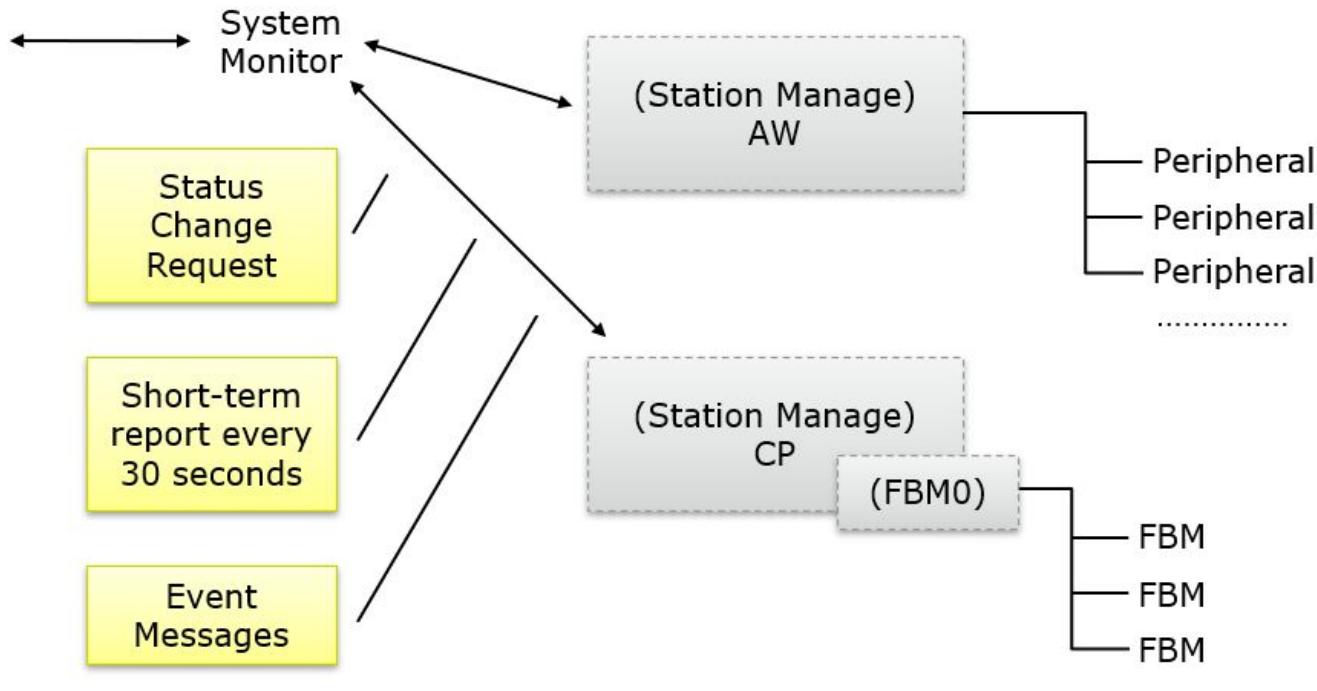
Time	State	Name	Pri	Value	Limit	Alar
03/24/2006 09:50:14 PM	UNACK_RTN	ALARM_DEMO				
03/24/2006 09:50:00 PM	UNACK	ALARM_DEMO				
03/24/2006 09:49:57 PM	ACK_RTN	ALARM_DEMO				
03/24/2006 09:49:12 PM	UNACK_RTN	ALARM_DEMO				
03/24/2006 09:48:58 PM	UNACK	ALARM_DEMO				
03/24/2006 09:48:10 PM	UNACK_RTN	ALARM_DEMO				
03/24/2006 09:47:56 PM	UNACK	ALARM_DEMO				
03/24/2006 09:47:08 PM	ACK_RTN	ALARM_DEMO				
03/24/2006 09:46:55 PM	ACK	ALARM_DEMO				
03/24/2006 09:46:54 PM	UNACK	AI ALARM DEMO				

Displaying 190 to 198 of 1129 alarms.

An illustration featuring several interlocking gears in various colors (blue, green, yellow) of different sizes. A central dark blue gear has a dollar sign (\$) symbol above it. A yellow gear in the foreground has a bar chart icon on it. A small clock icon is also visible. To the right, there's a blue cloud-like shape with a signal icon, and a green gear with a circular arrow icon. The background is white.

# Modulo 10: Diagnóstico del Sistema (System Manager)

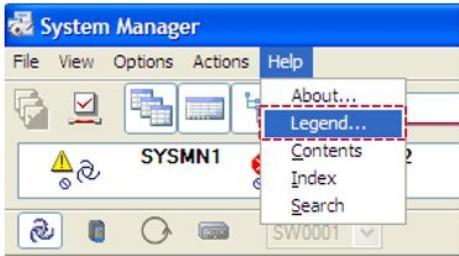
# Arquitectura de System Manager



# Arquitectura de System Manager

- Visualizar
  - Salud de equipamiento
  - Informacion de la configuracion de estaciones (CP, AW)
  - Contadores
  - Logs del sistema
- Alarmas
  - Condiciones de errores
  - Desabilitar notificacion de alarmas
  - Reportar alarmas
- Funciones como:
  - Reiniciar procesadores y FBMs
  - Cambiar bus activo
  - Actualizar la EEPROM
  - Cambiar fecha y hora del todo el sistema

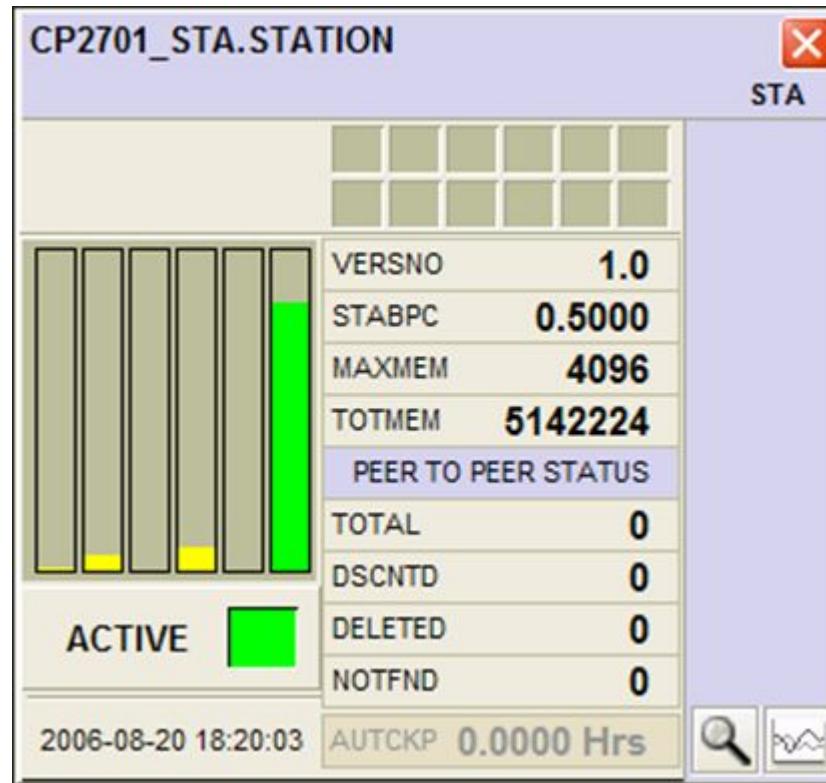
# System Manager - Leyenda



System Manager's icon

SMON	Bus A Enabled
AW	Bus B Enabled
CP/ATS	Bus Auto Select
FT CP/ATS	Cable A Inhibited
LI	Cable B Inhibited
FT LI	Cables AB Inhibited
WP	Communication fault
Switch	Cable Fault A
Switch Port	Cable Fault B
Primary ECB	Cable A Failed
FCM	Cable B Failed
FBM	Cables AB Failed
Device	Receiver A Failed
Peripheral	Receiver B Failed
Warning	Receiver Failure
Failed	Transmitter A Failed
Unknown	Transmitter B Failed
Off Line/Not Ready	Drop Cable Afor LI
Unacknowledged	Drop Cable B for LI
Alarm Inhibited	LI/CP TxRx A Inhibited
	LI/CP TxRx B Inhibited
	NB/TB Cable A Inhibited
	NB/TB Cable B Inhibited

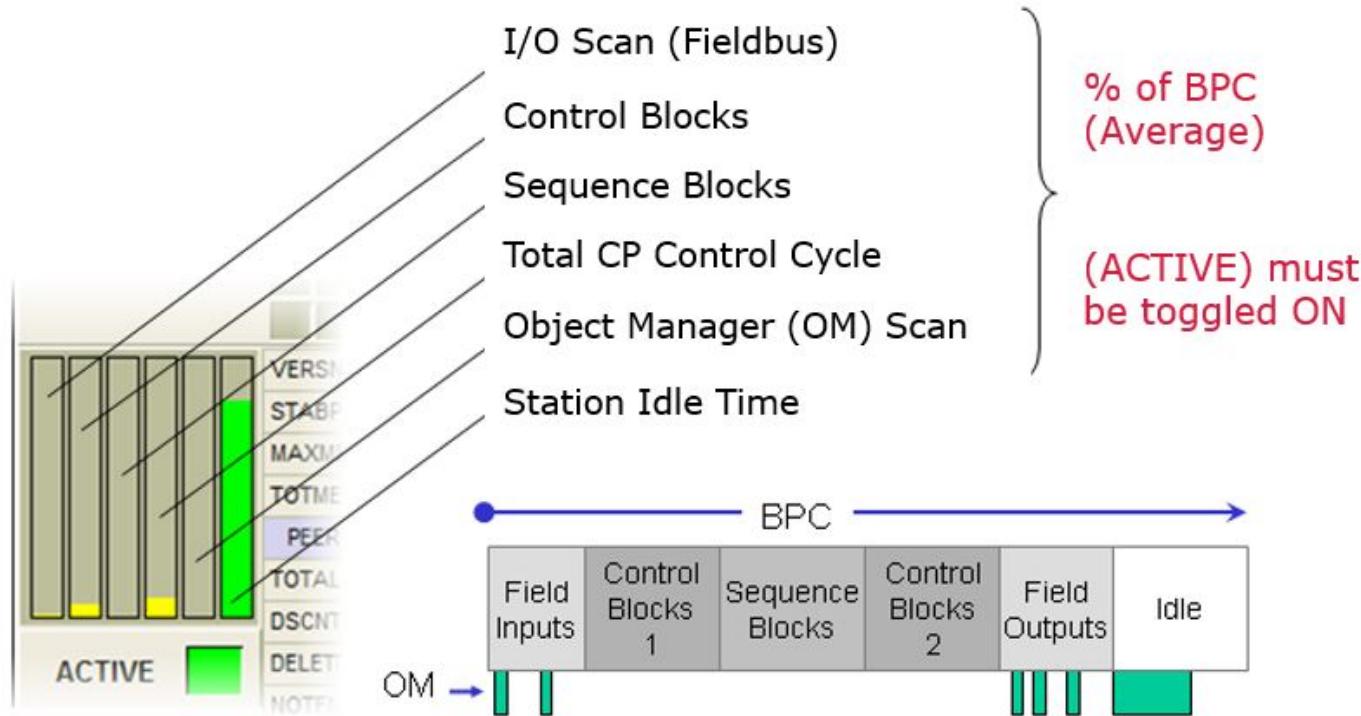
# Station Block



# Station Block

Parameter	Description
VERSNO	CP Software version
STABPC	Basic Processing Cycle (sec)
MAXMEM	Max contiguous free memory available (n/a for CP270)
TOTMEM	Total free memory available (max for CP270 = 4.5 MB)
TOTAL	Total peer-to-peer sink connections in this station
DSCNTD	Source disconnected from sink
DELETED	Source has been deleted
NOTFND	Source never found
AUTCKP	Auto checkpoint option

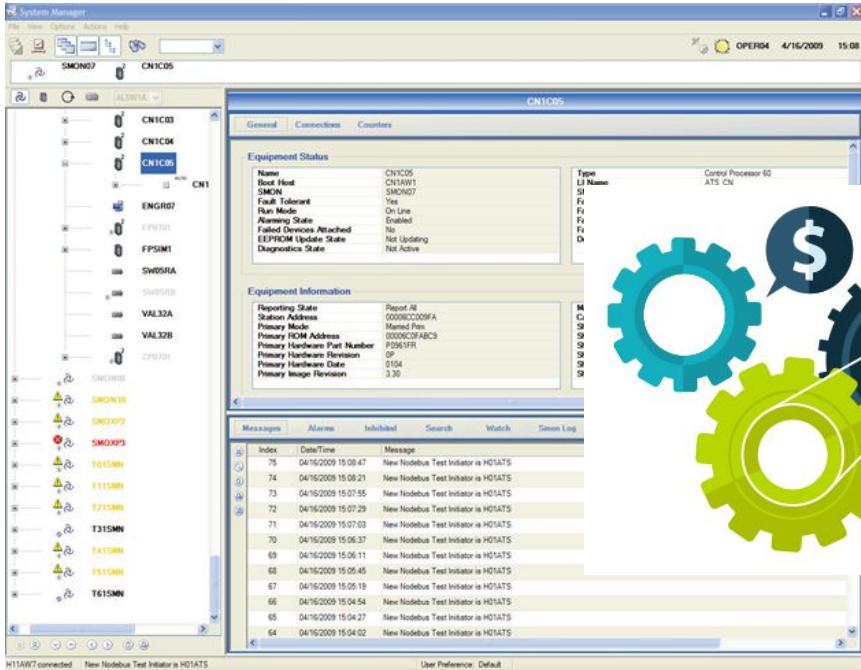
# Station Block



# System Management Console

SMC - [ArchestrA System Management Console (AW7001)\Log Viewer\LLC_Galaxy\AW7001_Plat(AW7001)]							
		Start Time: 12/31/1900 11:59:59 PM			End Time: 12/31/2100 11:59:59 PM		
No:	Date	Time	Process ID	Thread ID	Log Flag	Component	Message
45867	3/5/2015	6:37:49 AM	8720	8464	Info	VIEW	Loading Script DLL: WWMOVEV\IEWWINDOW.DLL
45868	3/5/2015	6:37:49 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWSCRIPT	Could not delete file 'C:\Users\Fox\AppData\Local\Temp\InFusion\view\AW7001\done.txt'
45869	3/5/2015	6:37:51 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWSCRIPT	Message: Initializing OM connections - Attempt 1
45870	3/5/2015	6:37:51 AM	8720	8464	Info	VIEW	No such window name: "
45871	3/5/2015	6:37:51 AM	8720	8464	Info	VIEW	No such window name: "
45872	3/5/2015	6:37:51 AM	8720	8464	Info	VIEW	No such window name: "
45873	3/5/2015	6:37:51 AM	8720	8464	Info	VIEW	No such window name: "
45874	3/5/2015	6:37:51 AM	8720	8464	Info	VIEW	No such window name: "
45875	3/5/2015	6:37:51 AM	8720	8464	Info	VIEW	No such window name: "
45876	3/5/2015	6:37:51 AM	8720	8464	Info	VIEW	No such window name: "
45877	3/5/2015	6:37:51 AM	8720	8464	Info	VIEW	No such window name: "
45878	3/5/2015	6:37:51 AM	8720	8464	Info	VIEW	No such window name: "
45879	3/5/2015	6:37:51 AM	8720	8464	Info	VIEW	No such window name: "
45880	3/5/2015	6:37:51 AM	8720	8464	Info	VIEW	No such window name: "
45881	3/5/2015	6:37:51 AM	8720	8464	Info	VIEW	No such window name: "
45882	3/5/2015	6:37:51 AM	8720	8464	Info	view	Reading bitmap with length of 0.
45883	3/5/2015	6:37:51 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWTechSp71	Entered MoveWindow
45884	3/5/2015	6:37:51 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWTechSp71	Leaving MoveWindow
45885	3/5/2015	6:37:51 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWTechSp71	Loading Script DLL: NMGR.DLL
45886	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8720	8464	Info	UNKNOWN	WWAL - Loaded AlertList.DLL
45887	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8720	8464	Info	UNKNOWN	WWAL - Loaded AlertList.DLL "AlarmLst.dll" version "10.5"
45888	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWTechSp71	Entered MoveWindow
45889	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWTechSp71	Leaving MoveWindow
45890	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWTechSp71	Entered MoveWindow
45891	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWTechSp71	Leaving MoveWindow
45892	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWTechSp71	Entered MoveWindow
45893	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWTechSp71	Leaving MoveWindow
45894	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWTechSp71	Entered MoveWindow
45895	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWTechSp71	Leaving MoveWindow
45896	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWTechSp71	Entered MoveWindow
45897	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWTechSp71	Leaving MoveWindow
45898	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8720	8464	Info	INTSP7	Node "NAT" connected
45899	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8616	7944	Info	AlarmMgr	Connected to Provider '\\$AW7001:\\$ASeries'
45900	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8616	7944	Info	AlarmMgr	Connected to Provider '\\$AW7001:\\$Galaxy'
45901	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8720	8464	Info	VIEW	Loading Script DLL: TSESCRIPT.DLL
45902	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8720	8464	Info	TSESCRIPT	10.5
45903	3/5/2015	6:37:52 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWSCRIPT	Message: Connected to OM. Creating required OM VARS
45904	3/5/2015	6:37:53 AM	8720	8464	Info	VIEW	Loading Script DLL: INTSP7.DLL
45905	3/5/2015	6:37:53 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWSCRIPT	Message: Creating connections to required OM VARS
45906	3/5/2015	6:38:05 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWSCRIPT	Message: Creating connections to required OM VARS successful
45907	3/5/2015	6:38:07 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWSCRIPT	Message: Starting Alarm Server ...
45908	3/5/2015	6:38:08 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWTechSp71	Entered MoveWindow
45909	3/5/2015	6:38:08 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWTechSp71	Leaving MoveWindow
45910	3/5/2015	6:38:08 AM	5108	1628	Info	InAlarmServer	AlarmServer start up 6.0.946.0
45911	3/5/2015	6:38:08 AM	5108	1628	Info	InAlarmServer	IntrIMAccess
45912	3/5/2015	6:38:08 AM	5108	5960	Info	AlarmServer	License feature 'MXAccess_Runtime' of version 3.5 has been acquired, expiration date = 15-jan-20
45913	3/5/2015	6:38:08 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWTechSp71	Entered MoveWindow
45914	3/5/2015	6:38:08 AM	8720	8464	Info	WWTechSp71	Leaving MoveWindow
45915	3/5/2015	6:38:09 AM	5108	1628	Info	Lmx	(40) Starting LMX #1 at [03353408], Version 3148.0076.0000.0000, Signature @@@LMX_033534
45916	3/5/2015	6:38:09 AM	7592	9120	Info	BlockSelect	License feature 'MXAccess_Runtime' of version 3.5 has been acquired, expiration date = 15-jan-20
45917	3/5/2015	6:38:09 AM	7592	6984	Info	Lmx	(40) Starting LMX #1@ [0313E048], Version 3148.0076.0000.0000, Signature @@@LMX_0313E0
45918	3/5/2015	6:38:10 AM	5108	1628	Info	AlarmBuf	AlarmBuf - 10.5 Using Win32leap
45919	3/5/2015	6:38:10 AM	5108	1628	Info	AlarmLst	AlarmLst - 10.5

# Laboratorio 14 - Trabajando System Manager



# Preguntas?