

## Chinese Listening Test - Level 3

### Part 1

一. 根据对话选择正确的图片。Choose the right pictures based on the dialogues.



- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

## Part 2

### 二. 判断对错。 True or False.

6. ★ 所有人每天晚上至少睡 7 个小时。 A. √ B. ×
7. ★ 他受到了京剧的影响。 A. √ B. ×
8. ★ 成熟的人年龄大。 A. √ B. ×
9. ★ 他的职业是演员。 A. √ B. ×
10. ★ 现在她也做妈妈了。 A. √ B. ×

## Part 3

### 三. 听对话选择正确的选项。Choose the right answer based on the dialogues.

11. A 吃饺子 B 看春节晚会 C 划船
12. A 感冒了 B 离婚了 C 受伤了
13. A 下个星期 B 星期三 C 下个月
14. A 7 号楼 201 B 17 号楼 210 C 1 号楼 210
15. A 银行 B 酒店 C 火车站
16. A 牛肉 B 苹果 C 毛巾

## Part 4

### 四. 听段落填空。Fill in the blanks after listening to the paragraph.

17. 提高汉语水平主要有两点：一是课上要\_\_\_\_\_；二是课后\_\_\_\_\_。

## Chinese Listening Test - Level 3

### Answers

#### Part 1:

1. B      2. E      3. F      4. A      5. D

#### Part 2:

6. ×      7. √      8. ×      9. ×      10. √

#### Part 3:

11. C      12. A      13. A      14. B      15. A      16. C

#### Part 4:

17. 多说多写      多练习

## Chinese Listening Test - Level 3

### Audio Transcript

#### Part 1

一. 根据对话选择正确的图片。 Choose the right pictures based on the dialogues.

1. 男: 你不是带弟弟去游泳了吗? 怎么回来了?

*Nǐ bú shì dài dìdi qù yóu yǒng le ma? Zěnme huílai le?*

Didn't you take your younger brother to swim? Why are you back here?

女: 我忘拿游泳卡了, 走到半路才想起来。

*Wǒ wàng ná yóuyǒng kǎ le, zǒudào bàn lù cái xiǎng qǐlai.*

I forgot to take my swimming card and only thought of it half way.

2. 男: 这个城市的街道两旁比以前漂亮了很多。

*Zhège chéngshì de jiēdào liǎng páng bǐ yǐqián piàoliang le hěn duō.*

The two sides of the streets in this city are much prettier than before.

女: 是啊。去年春天来的时候还没有那么多花花草草呢。

*Shì a. Qùnián chūntiān lái de shíhou hái méiyǒu nàme duō huāhuā cǎocǎo ne.*

Yeah. There weren't so many flowers and grass when I came here last spring.

3. 男: 李明最近上班为什么总是来得比较晚?

*Lǐ Míng zuìjìn shàng bān wèishénme zǒngshì lái de bǐjiào wǎn?*

Why has Liming been late to work recently?

女: 他搬家了。从家到公司坐地铁要一个多小时。

*Tā bān jiā le. Cóng jiā dào gōngsī zuò dìtiě yào yí ge duō xiǎoshí.*

He moved. It takes him an hour now to come to the office by subway.

4. 女: 这个蛋糕看起来很好吃, 但我担心吃了会长胖。

*Zhège dànghāo kàn qǐlai hěn hǎochī, dàn wǒ dānxīn chīle huì zhǎng pàng.*

This cake looks delicious but I am worried that I might gain weight if I eat it.

男: 没关系, 你尝一下, 少吃一点儿。

*Méi guānxi, nǐ cháng yíxià, shǎo chī yìdiǎnr.*

Don't worry. Just try a little bit and don't eat a lot.

5. 男：记得拿护照，别像上次那样忘在家里了。

*Jìde ná hùzhào, bié xiàng shàngcì nàyàng wàng zài jiālǐ le.*

Remember to bring your passport. Don't leave it at home like what you did last time.

女：放心吧，我已经放到包里了。

*Fàng xīn ba, wǒ yǐjīng fàngdào bāoli le.*

Rest assured. I have it in my purse already.

## Part 2:

### 二. 判断对错。 True or False.

6. 大部分人每天晚上至少应该睡 7 个小时，但是这个标准并不适合每一个人，有些人只睡 5 个小时就很有精神。

*Dàbùfen rén měi tiān wǎnshang zhìshǎo yīnggāi shuì 7 ge xiǎoshí, dànshì zhège biāozhǔn bìng bú shìhé měi yí ge rén, yǒuxiē rén zhǐ shuì 5 ge xiǎoshí jiù hěn yǒu jīngshen.*

Most people should sleep at least 7 hours every day. But this doesn't apply to everyone. Some people can restore their energy with just 5 hours' sleep.

★ 所有人每天晚上至少睡 7 个小时。

*Suǒyǒu rén měi tiān wǎnshang zhìshǎo shuì 7 ge xiǎoshí.*

All people should sleep at least 7 hours every day.

7. 在中国生活的三年使他在音乐方面有了很多新的想法。他把京剧的一些特点增加到自己的音乐中，得到了很好的效果。

*Zài Zhōngguó shēnghuó de sān nián shǐ tā zài yīnyuè fāngmiàn yǒule hěn duō xīn de xiǎngfǎ.*

*Tā bǎ jīngjù de yì xiē tèdiǎn zēngjiā dào zìjǐ de yīnyuè zhōng, dédào le hěn hǎo de xiàoguǒ.*

The three years of living in China gave him a lot of new ideas in music. He added some elements from Beijing Opera to his music and that worked really well.

★ 他受到了京剧的影响。

*Tā shòudào le jīngjù de yǐngxiǎng.*

He was influenced by Beijing Opera.

8. 一个人成熟不成熟，不是看年龄的大小，是要看他碰到问题时，能不能及时发现，并且准确地找到解决问题的方法。

*Yí ge rén chéngshú bù chéngshú, bù shì kàn niánlíng de dàxiǎo, shì yào kàn tā pèngdào wèntí shí, néng bu néng jíshí fāxiàn, bìngqìe zhǔnquè de zhǎodào jiějué wèntí de fāngfǎ.*

Maturity doesn't have much to do with age. You have to see if someone can detect problems in a timely fashion when they happen and find the right solutions to the problems.

★ 成熟的人年龄大。

*Chéngshú de rén niánlíng dà.*

Mature people are old.

9. 我父亲是医生，母亲是演员。我的性格很像我父亲，我的理想就是做一个像父亲那样的医生。

*Wǒ fùqīn shì yīshēng, mǔqīn shì yǎnyuán. Wǒ de xìnggé hěn xiàng wǒ fùqīn, wǒ de lǐxiǎng jiù shì zuò yí ge xiàng fùqīn nàiyàng de yīshēng.*

My father is a doctor and my mother is an actress. My personality takes after my father and my goal is to become a doctor like my father.

★ 他的职业是演员。

*Tā de zhíyè shì yǎnyuán.*

He is an actor.

10. 女儿出生以后，我才知道做妈妈有多么不容易。因此，我更加理解我的父母了，也感谢他们这么多年来给我的爱。

*Nǚ'ér chūshēng yǐhòu, wǒ cái zhīdào zuò māma yǒu duōme bù róngyi. Yīnci, wǒ gèngjiā lǐjiě wǒ de fùmǔ le, yě gǎnxiè tāmen zhème duō nián lái gěi wǒ de ài.*

I started to realize how difficult it is to be a mother after the birth of my daughter. Therefore, I began to understand my parents more and I am really thankful for their love for me for all these years.

★ 现在她也做妈妈了。

*Xiànzài tā yě zuò māma le.*

Now she's a mother, too.

### Part 3:

#### 三. 听对话选择正确的选项。Choose the right answer based on dialogues.

11. 男: 安娜, 这个寒假你回国吗?

*Ānnà, zhège hánjià nǐ huí guó ma?*

Anna, are you going back to your home country this winter break?

女: 不打算回了。我想体验一下中国的春节是什么样的。

*Bù dǎsuàn huí le. Wǒ xiǎng tǐyàn yíxià Zhōngguó de Chūnjié shì shénme yàng de.*

No. I want to see what Chinese Spring Festival is like.

男: 哇。太好了。你去我们家和我们一起过年吧!

*Wā. Tàihǎo le. Nǐ qù wǒmen jiā hé wǒmen yìqǐ guò nián ba!*

Ah, this is great. Come to our house and spend the Chinese New Year with us.

女: 你们是怎么过年的?

*Nǐmen shì zěnme guò nián de?*

How do you celebrate Chinese New Year?

男: 看春节晚会, 吃饺子等等, 可有意思了。

*Kàn Chūnjié wǎnhuì, chī jiǎozǐ děngděng, kě yǒu yìsi le.*

Watch the Chinese New Year show and eat dumplings. It's a lot of fun.

问: 过年时不会做什么?

*Guò nián shí bú huì zuò shénme?*

What do they not do for Chinese New Year?

12. 女: 下一位, 李明。你哪儿不舒服?

*Xià yí wèi, LǐMíng. Nǐ nǎr bù shūfu?*

Next patient. Li Ming, how can I help you?

男: 我头疼, 全身都不舒服。

*Wǒ tóu téng, quán shēn dōu bù shūfu.*

I have a headache and I am not feeling well from head to toe.

女: 我检查一下。你这恐怕是感冒了。

*Wǒ jiǎnchá yíxià. Nǐ zhè kǒngpà shì gǎnmào le.*

Let me take a look. You might have a cold.

男: 医生, 严重吗? 要不要住院?

*Yīshēng, yánzhòng ma? Yào bu yào zhù yuàn?*

Doctor, is it serious? Do I have to be admitted to the hospital?

女: 不用, 给你开点儿药, 好好休息几天就行了。

*Bú yòng, gěi nǐ kāi diǎnr yào, hǎohǎo xiūxi jǐ tiān jiù xíng le.*

No. Let me give you a prescription. Then just rest for a few days and you will be okay.

问: 男的怎么了?

*Nándé zěnme le?*

What's wrong with the man?

13. 男：听说你下个星期要搬家？你找好新房子了吗？

*Tīngshuō nǐ xià ge xīngqī yào bān jiā? Nǐ zhǎohǎo xīn fángzi le ma?*

I heard you would be moving next week. Did you find a new place?

女：是的。前天才刚找好。

*Shì de. Qiántiān cái gāng zhǎohǎo.*

Yes, I did. I found it just the day before yesterday.

男：新房子怎么样？

*Xīn fángzi zěnmeyàng?*

How's your new place?

女：很不错，我还挺满意的。

*Hěn búcuò, wǒ hái tǐng mǎnyì de.*

It's pretty good and I am very happy with it.

男：那恭喜你了。下星期我帮你搬家。

*Nà gōngxǐ nǐ le. Xià xīngqī wǒ bāng nǐ bān jiā.*

Congratulations then! I can help you move next week.

问：女的什么时候搬家？

*Nǚde shénme shíhou bān jiā?*

When will the woman move?

14. 男：喂，你好。我家的空调坏了，可以过来帮我修一下吗？

*Wèi, nǐ hǎo. Wǒ jiā de kōngtiáo huài le, kěyǐ guòlai bāng wǒ xiū yíxià ma?*

Hello. My air conditioner stopped working. Can you come fix it for me?

女：您好。您可以说一下是哪里有问题吗？

*Nín hǎo. Nín kěyǐ shuō yíxià shì nǎli yǒu wèntí ma?*

Hello. Can you give me some details?

男：一打开空调就有水流出来，而且我调到最低温度也不会变冷。

*Yì dǎkāi kōngtiáo jiù yǒu shuǐ liú chūlai, érqiě wǒ tiáodào zuì dī wēndù yě bù huì biàn lěng.*

There's water dripping every time I turn it on, and it doesn't get cool even when I turn it to the lowest temperature.

女：好。问题已经记录了。您住在哪儿？

*Hǎo. Wèntí yǐjīng jìlù le. Nín zhù zài nǎr?*

Okay. I have noted the issues. Where do you live?

男：17号楼210.

*17 hào lóu 210.*

Unit 210 of building 17.

女：好的。我们今天下午就会安排人去修。

*Hǎo de. Wǒmen jīntiān xiàwǔ jiù huì ānpái rén qù xiū.*

Okay, we will send someone over this afternoon.

问：男的住在哪儿？

*Nánde zhù zài nǎr?*

Where does the man live?

15. 女：先生。有什么可以帮您的吗？

*Xiānsheng. Yǒu shénme kěyǐ bāng nín de ma?*

Sir, how can I help you?

男：我想办一张银行卡。

*Wǒ xiǎng bàn yì zhāng yínháng kǎ.*

I want to get a bank card.

女：好的，先生。您先把您的身份证件拿出来，然后填写这个申请表。

*Hǎo de, xiānsheng. Nín xiān bǎ nín de shēnfènzhèng ná chūlai, ránhòu tiánxiě zhège shēnqǐngbiǎo.*

No problem sir. Please show your ID and then fill out this application form.

男：行，给。

*Xíng, gěi.*

Okay, here you are.

女：稍等。先生，已经办好了。这是您的银行卡和身份证件，请拿好。

*Shāoděng. Xiānsheng, yǐjīng bànhǎo le. Zhè shì nín de yínháng kǎ hé shēnfènzhèng, qǐng náhǎo.*

Just a moment please. Sir, it's done. Here are your bank card and your ID. Please take them.

男：谢谢。

*Xiè xie.*

Thank you.

问：他们可能在哪儿？

*Tāmen kěnéng zài nǎr?*

Where possibly are they having this conversation?

16. 女：现在我们来想一想，下午去超市要买些什么东西。

*Xiànzài wǒmen lái xiǎng yi xiǎng, xiàwǔ qù chāoshì yào mǎi xiē shénme dōngxi?*

Now let's think about what we want to buy from the grocery store this afternoon.

男：买些牛肉，鸡蛋，再买一些水果吧，比如香蕉，苹果什么的。

*Mǎi xiē niúròu, jīdàn, zài mǎi yìxiē shuǐguǒ ba, bǐrú xiāngjiāo, píngguǒ shénme de.*

Let's get beef, eggs, and some fruits such as bananas and apples.

女：我们今天不需要买吃的了，家里还有很多。

*Wǒmen jīntiān bù xūyào mǎi chīde le, jiāli háiyǒu hěn duō.*

We don't need more food. There are still plenty at home.

男：好吧。那我们买几条毛巾，几个杯子，再给小孩买个玩具吧。

*Hǎo ba. Nà wǒmen mǎi jǐ tiáo máojīn, jǐ ge bēizi, zài gěi xiǎohái mǎi ge wánjù ba.*

Okay. Let's buy a few towels, a few cups and a toy for the kid.

女：嗯，好的。

*Èng, hǎo de.*

Hm, Okay.

问：他们打算买什么？

*Tāmen dǎsuàn mǎi shénme?*

What are they planning to buy?

## Part 4:

### 四. 听段落填空。Fill in the blanks after listening to the paragraph.

17. 要想提高汉语水平，其实不难。我认为主要有两点：一是课上要多说多写，不要害怕说错、写错；二是课后多练习，可以多看中文电影、多和中国朋友聊天，慢慢地就会越说越好了。

*Yào xiǎng tígāo Hánnyǔ shuǐpíng, qíshí bù nán. Wǒ rènwéi zhǐyào yǒu liǎng diǎn: yī shì kèshàng yào duō shuō duō xiě, bù yào hàipà shuōcuò、xiěcuò; èr shì kèhòu duō liànxí, kěyě duō kàn Zhòngwén diànyǐng, duō hé Zhōngguó péngyou liáotiān, mànmàn de jiù huì yuè shuō yuè hǎo le.*

It is actually not that difficult to improve your Chinese. I think there are two things: Firstly, speak and write more in class. Don't be afraid to make mistakes. Secondly, practice more after class. You can watch Chinese movies, chat with Chinese friends and you will speak better and better.