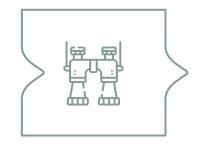
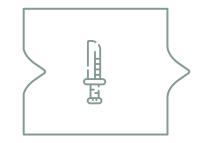
Essential Elements of a Process







Evocation



Autonomy

What is behavior change?

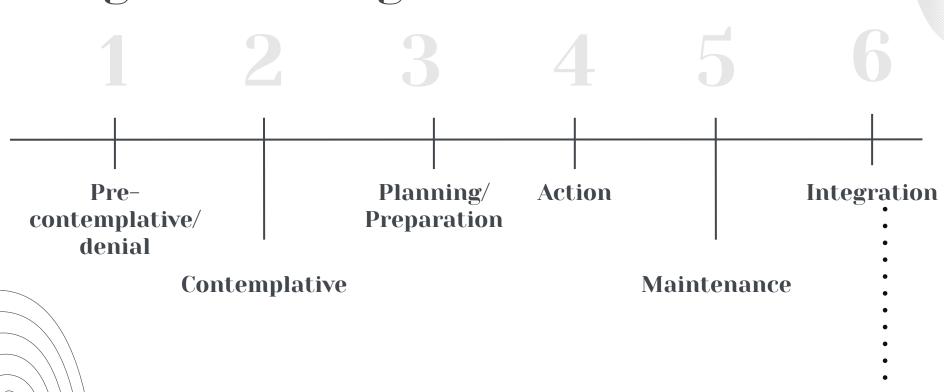
Behavior Change

- o Modifying our actions, beliefs, attitudes, and habits
 - Often done in order to improve overall well-being or avoid negative potential outcomes
- We can only measure actions and habits

Can be difficult to start, achieve, and sustain

- Most maladaptive behaviors were adaptive at some point
- Most behaviors harmful to others got or get a person what they want at some point
 - Even small harms/accidents can interact with need for behavioral changes

Stages of Change - Review



Theory of planned behavior

► Attitudes

The degree to which the person has a favorable or unfavorable evaluation of their behavior and its outcomes

▶ Social

norms

Customary codes of behavior in a group of people in a larger cultural context

▶ Behavioral intention

Motivational factors that influence a given behavior, the stronger the intention to perform the behavior the more likely they will

Perceived Power

Perceived presence of factors that may make it easier or harder to do something. The extent to which a person believes they have power to change

Subjective norms

The belief about whether most people approve or disapprove of the behavior. Do peers and important people think they should change or not.

Perceived control

Perception of the ease or difficulty of performing the behavior of interest, varies across situations and actions