

Why We Raise: To Thin the Field

- This might seem somewhat counterintuitive, but by raising pre-flop, we limit our competition, which is a good thing in many instances.
- The more players in the hand, the harder it is to win because **our equity** declines.
- Furthermore, when our equity declines, in certain instances, so does the expected value of our hand.





Understanding Diminishing Equity

• Let's assume we have AQo, and our opponents are calling our 3bb raise with a 23.53% range of hands excluding QQ+ and AK, which are typically 3-betting hands.

Using Equilab and our basic EV calculation, we'll examine how our pre-flop equity and

EV changes as more people enter the hand.

| Versus | Our Equity | Our EV |
|-------------|------------|--------|
| 1 Opponent | 61.58% | 0.69bb |
| 2 Opponents | 41.67% | 0.75bb |
| 3 Opponents | 30.13% | 0.62bb |
| 4 Opponents | 22.97% | 0.45bb |
| 5 Opponents | 17.91% | 0.22bb |

Diminishing Equity Concept: As more people enter a hand pre-flop, our probability of winning declines as each player acquires an equitable *fair share* portion of the pot.



