| Question | Scheme | Marks | AOs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 (a) | $R=\sqrt{5}$ | B1 | 1.1b |
|  | $\tan \alpha=2 \Rightarrow \alpha=\ldots$ | M1 | 1.1b |
|  | $\alpha=1.107$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  |  | (3) |  |
|  | $\theta=5+\sqrt{5} \sin \left(\frac{\pi t}{12}+1.107-3\right)$ |  |  |
| (b) | $(5+\sqrt{5}){ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or awrt $7.24{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | B1ft | 2.2a |
|  |  | (1) |  |
| (c) | $\frac{\pi t}{12}+1.107-3=\frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow t=$ | M1 | 3.1b |
|  | $t=\operatorname{awrt} 13.2$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  | Either 13:14 or 1:14 pm or 13 hours 14 minutes after midnight. | A1 | 3.2a |
|  |  | (3) |  |
| (7 marks) |  |  |  |
| Notes: |  |  |  |

(a)

B1: $R=\sqrt{5}$ only.
M1: Proceeds to a value of $\alpha$ from $\tan \alpha= \pm 2, \tan \alpha= \pm \frac{1}{2}, \sin \alpha= \pm \frac{2}{\| R "}$ OR $\cos \alpha= \pm \frac{1}{{ }^{R} R "}$
It is implied by either awrt 1.11 (radians) or 63.4 (degrees)
A1: $\alpha=$ awrt 1.107
(b)

B1ft: Deduces that the maximum temperature is $(5+\sqrt{5})^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or awrt $7.24^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Remember to isw Condone a lack of units. Follow through on their value of $R$ so allow $(5+" R "){ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(c)

M1: An complete strategy to find $t$ from $\frac{\pi t}{12} \pm 1.107-3=\frac{\pi}{2}$.
Follow through on their 1.107 but the angle must be in radians.
It is possible via degrees but only using $15 t \pm 63.4-171.9=90$
A1: awrt $t=13.2$
A1: The question asks for the time of day so accept either $13: 14,1: 14 \mathrm{pm}, 13$ hours 14 minutes after midnight, 13 h 14 , or 1 hour 14 minutes after midday. If in doubt use review

It is possible to attempt parts (b) and (c) via differentiation but it is unlikely to yield correct results. $\frac{\mathrm{d} \theta}{\mathrm{d} t}=\frac{\pi}{12} \cos \left(\frac{\pi t}{12}-3\right)-\frac{2 \pi}{12} \sin \left(\frac{\pi t}{12}-3\right)=0 \Rightarrow \tan \left(\frac{\pi t}{12}-3\right)=\frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow t=13.23=13: 14$ scores M1 A1 A1 $\frac{\mathrm{d} \theta}{\mathrm{d} t}=\cos \left(\frac{\pi t}{12}-3\right)-2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi t}{12}-3\right)=0 \Rightarrow \tan \left(\frac{\pi t}{12}-3\right)=\frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow t=13.23=13: 14$ they can score M1 A0 A1 (SC)
A value of $t=1.23$ implies the minimum value has been found and therefore incorrect method M0.

