

Unit 8 Globalization

Globalization

Create competition(n): Trade between nations creates competition. Exams create competition among high school students.

Competitive advantage, compete (v): compete against , candidate, // unfair competition.

Damage the natural environment: Reckless (inept, brainless, careless) people have damaged the natural environment.

Exhaust gas is one of the factors (culprit) which damages the natural environment badly.

Destroy local culture(s): Uncontrolled immigration can destroy local cultures.

A contributing factor: Non-inspected YouTube programs can be one of the contributing factors in destroying the local culture. / Soft skills are also one of the contributing factors for people to find decent jobs.

Encourage (implement, execute) better standards: it is difficult to encourage better standards in developing countries because a great amount of funds (money) is required to do so.

Pre-school education: we have to execute more individualized education in order to encourage better standards in preschool education.

Exploit workers: take advantage of workers: Some companies exploit their employees in order to make more money.

Increase wealth: investment is the perfect option to increase the wealth of the company.

Improves the quality of manufacturing: investing in design and raw materials can improve the quality of manufacturing.

Promote global understanding: intercultural communicative competence.

Establishing diplomatic relations can promote global understanding.

Reduce poverty: Creating opportunities for people to become skilled can be the first step to reduce poverty.

Escape poverty:

Widen the gap: Globalization has been widening the gap between the rich and the poor.

Collocations (Globalization)

Alan English Upper-Intermediate English Training

Child labor (workers): Governments should implement stricter rules to reduce child labor.

Climate change(n): It is absolutely essential for us to stop climate change. (n)

Consumer choices(n): Companies should respect customer choices.

Corporate greed(n): greedy (adj.), a country's economic policy supports only big corporations,

Fair trade(n) : There is no fair trade in developing countries.

Free markets(n): A free market is an economic system in which transactions of goods, services, and resources are conducted voluntarily and without significant government intervention, allowing for competition, private property rights, and individual economic decision-making.

Global warming (n): climate change, greenhouse effect, environmental degradation.

The consequences of global warming, such as rising temperatures and extreme weather events, are becoming increasingly evident."

Human rights(n): Civil rights, fundamental rights, individual liberties.

Respecting and protecting human rights is essential for fostering a just and inclusive society.

Animal rights(n) : Animal welfare, animal protection, ethical treatment of animals.

Advocates for animal rights strive to promote the fair and compassionate treatment of animals in various industries and contexts.

Multinational companies(n): Global corporations, transnational corporations, international enterprises.

Multinational companies play a significant role in the global economy, operating across multiple countries and continents.

Natural resources(n): Raw materials, environmental assets, renewable/non-renewable commodities. Effective management and sustainable utilization of natural resources are crucial for ensuring long-term environmental and economic well-being.

Single economy(n): Monoculture economy, homogeneous economic system, one-market economy. A single economy heavily dependent on a specific industry or sector can be vulnerable to economic shocks and fluctuations.

Working conditions(n): Employment conditions, labor environment, job circumstances.

Improving working conditions is a vital aspect of ensuring the well-being and productivity of workers in any organization or industry.

Abstract Nouns

Adaptability(n): adaptto: adaptable (adj.). I can't adapt myself to a new environment easily.

Curiosity(n): curious (adj), be curious about: I am curious about my future.

Consensus (n) an agreement: I couldn't get the job offer because there was no consensus among the interviewers.

Intuition (n): deeper understanding, six senses.

Sensitivity(n): sense (v), sensitive (adj.) : I am sensitive to environment.

Global Cooperation

Collaborate (v): cooperate, join forces, collaboration,

Cutting edge(adj.): Cutting edge technology: advanced technology , sophisticated technology

Dynamic (n): vigorous.

Phenomenon (n): a situation or fact that exists or happens.

Gender reassignment surgery is a new phenomenon. // A brain drain is a new phenomenon.

Profound (adj): deep, wholehearted, complete: After I found a job, I had a profound feeling of relief.

Push the boundaries(v): push the limits:

Synergy(n): collective power.