

# The Distributive Property 1.4



## Overview of problems



### Example Set: A

**Use the Distributive property to fill in the blanks:**

1.  $4(6 + 1) = 4(\underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + 4(\underline{\hspace{1cm}})$

2.  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}(\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = 2(5) + 2(7)$

**Use the Distributive property to simplify:**

1.  $3(6 + 2)$

5.  $2(y + 6)$

2.  $-4(1 - 5)$

6.  $(x - 10)x$

3.  $(7 + 3)2$

4.  $-(x - 1)$

# The Distributive Property 1.4



## Overview of problems



### Example Set: B

**Use the distributive property to simplify:**

$$1. \ 8y(2y + 3)$$

$$2. \ 3t(2 - t)$$

$$3. \ -2a(a - 10)$$

$$4. \ x(y + z)$$

$$5. \ 4xy(3 - x)$$



### Example Set: C

**Use the distributive property to simplify:**

$$1. \ -3(x^2 - 2x + 1)$$

$$2. \ 2y^2(4y + 10)$$

$$3. \ -9t(10 - t + 2t^3)$$

$$4. \ -(-6z^2 - z + 5)$$

# The Distributive Property 1.4



## Overview of problems



### Example Set: A -ANSWER KEY

**Use the Distributive property to fill in the blanks:**

3.  $4(6 + 1) = 4(\underline{6})+4(\underline{1})$

4.  $2(\underline{5} + \underline{7}) = 2(5) + 2(7)$

**Use the Distributive property to simplify:**

1.  $3(6 + 2) = \underline{18+6} = 24$

5.  $2(y + 6) = \underline{2y+12}$

2.  $-4(1 - 5) = \underline{-4+20} = 16$

6.  $(x - 10)x = \underline{x^2-10x}$

3.  $(7 + 3)2 = \underline{14+6} = 20$

4.  $-(x - 1) = \underline{-x + 1}$

# The Distributive Property 1.4



## Overview of problems

🚩 Example Set: B- **ANSWER KEY**

**Use the distributive property to simplify:**

1.  $8y(2y + 3) = 16y^2 + 24y$

2.  $3t(2 - t) = 6t + -3t^2$

3.  $-2a(a - 10) = -2a^2 + 20a$

4.  $x(y + z) = xy + xz$

5.  $4xy(3 - x) = 12xy - 4x^2y$

🚩 Example Set: C-**ANSWER KEY**

**Use the distributive property to simplify:**

1.  $-3(x^2 - 2x + 1) = -3x^2 + 6x + -3$

2.  $2y^2(4y + 10) = 8y^3 + 20y^2$

3.  $-9t(10 - t + 2t^3) = -90t + 9t^2 + -18t^4$

4.  $-(-6z^2 - z + 5) = 6z^2 + z - 5$