Question		ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
			or systematic sampling / place quadrats at, set / pre-determined, intervals along the transect or random sampling using quadrats in, selected areas / strata ✓		(N.B. only allow random sampling in context of
					stratified sampling)
			pooter / sweep nets / pitfall traps / light traps / tree-beating ✓		ALLOW any suitable method of trapping insects IGNORE capture mark recapture
		iii	Woodland = (k)g m^{-2} yr ⁻¹ / (k)J m^{-2} yr ⁻¹ AND	1	ALLOW (k)g h ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹ / (k)J h ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹ / tonnes h ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹ / (k)g (k)m ⁻² yr ⁻¹ / (k)J (k)m ⁻² yr ⁻¹
			Lake = $(k)g m^{-3} yr^{-1} / (k)J m^{-3} yr^{-1}$		ALLOW (k)g (d)m ⁻³ yr ⁻¹ / (k)J (d)m ⁻³ yr ⁻¹ / (k)g (k)m ⁻³ yr ⁻¹ / (k)J km ⁻³ yr ⁻¹ ALLOW hectare ⁻¹ for h ⁻¹ ALLOW y for yr DO NOT ALLOW 'per' ALLOW '/' instead of ⁻¹
6	а		Level 3 (5-6 marks) Correctly describes similarities and differences between the processes There is a well-developed line of reasoning, which is clear and logically-structured and uses scientific terminology at an appropriate	6	Indicative scientific points may include Similarities: • Small molecules are filtered from/diffuse out of the blood.

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
- Queeden	level. All the information presented is relevant and forms a continuous narrative. Level 2 (3-4 marks) Correctly describes a similarity and a difference between the processes There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure and use of appropriate scientific language. The information presented is mostly relevant.		 Both processes occur in capillaries. Large molecules/proteins/ cells, remain in the blood. High (hydrostatic) pressure in both processes. Many molecules (e.g. water, sugars, ions) are reabsorbed back into capillaries. Blood vessels become narrower to maintain (hydrostatic) pressure Hydrostatic pressure greater than oncotic pressure in both Neutrophils / lymphocytes, can pass through
	Level 1 (1-2 marks) Correctly describes similarities or differences between the processes The information is communicated with only a little structure. Communication is hampered by the inappropriate use of technical terms. O marks		 Neutrophils / lymphocytes, can pass through in both Both involve basement membranes Differences:
	No response or no response worthy of credit.		 Filtrate enters the Bowman's capsule and then the PCT in the kidney, but tissue fluid bathes cells/enters intercellular space. Molecules that are not reabsorbed by capillaries form urine in the kidney, but molecules that are not reabsorbed from

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
					 tissue fluid will, enter cells / form lymph. Blood filtered through 3(named) layers in ultrafiltration, but only 1 (named) layer in formation of tissue fluid knot of capillaries in ultrafiltration but a network of capillaries in formation of tissue fluid
6	b	i	age ✓ (because) GFR / kidney function , declines with age ✓ gender ✓ (because) men and women have different muscle mass ✓	4 max	Mark first two characteristics given Only award mark for explanation if correctly linked to characteristic IGNORE chances of kidney failure increase with age
			exercise / muscle activity / muscle mass / fitness / pregnancy / body mass (because this will) alter, metabolism of creatine (phosphate) / production of creatinine ✓		ALLOW 'more / less, creatinine / product (in blood)' ALLOW 'more / less, creatine (in muscle) ALLOW use of creatine supplements
			(because this will) affect levels of, creatine (phosphate) / creatinine (in the blood) ✓ ethnicity / genetic make up ✓ different alleles, affect metabolism of creatine (phosphate)		ALLOW use of Greatine supplements

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
			/ production of creatinine ✓		
		ii	idea that large proteins, should remain in the blood / not enter, Bowman's capsule / nephron ✓	1	e.g. 'proteins / albumin, too large to cross the basement membrane' ' proteins are too large to be filtered and be present in the urine'
			Total	70	