Ethernet Explained



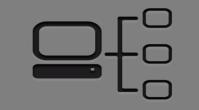
- Ethernet is a network protocol that controls how data is transmitted over a LAN.
- It's referred to as the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) 802.3 Standard.
- It supports networks built with thin and thick coaxial, twisted-pair, and fiberoptic cabling.
- The original Ethernet standard supported 10Mbps speeds, but the latest supports much faster speeds.
- Ethernet uses CSMA/CD access methodology.







Ethernet xxBaseT Naming



- Ethernet uses a "xx Base T" naming convention.
 - xx: Speed of the cable.
 - Base: Baseband communication (single frequency).
 - T: Type of cable.

Ethernet xxBaseT Naming



| xxBaseT Name | Description |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| 10BaseT | 10Mbps Twisted-Pair Standard Ethernet |
| 10BaseF | 10Mbps Fiber Optic Standard Ethernet |
| 100BaseT | 100Mbps Twisted Pair Fast Ethernet |
| 100BaseF | 100Mbps Fiber Optic Fast Ethernet |
| 1000BaseT | 1Gbps Twisted Pair Gigabit Ethernet |
| 1000BaseF | 1Gbps Fiber Optic Gigabit Ethernet |